



v2023-01-05 Property Manager Deprecated Rule Formats

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Notice

Notice

Welcome

Welcome to Property Manager

Akamai often modifies Property Manager API (PAPI) features, each time deploying a new internal version of the feature. By default, the Property Manager interface in [Control Center](#)[↗] uses the latest available feature versions and you may be prompted to upgrade your configuration. In the interest of stability, PAPI does not support this system of selective updates for each feature. Instead, PAPI's rule objects are simply versioned as a whole. These versions, which update infrequently, are known as rule formats.

PAPI supports different dated versions for the set of features available within a property's rule tree. Akamai releases a new stable version of a rule format twice a year on average. As best practice, you should upgrade to the most recent dated rule format available. See [API versioning](#) for details.

This guide provides details for all behaviors and criteria the Property Manager API supports in the v2023-01-05 **deprecated** rule format version. The version available to you is determined by the product and modules assigned to the property. You can get it by running the [List available behaviors for a property](#) operation.

API versioning

The API exposes several different versioning systems:

- The version of the API is specified as part of the URL path. The current API version is `v1`.
- The API supports different dated versions for the set of features available within a property's rule tree. You can [freeze](#) and smoothly [update](#) the set of features that a property's rules apply to your content. Each behavior and criteria you invoke within your rules may independently increment versions from time to time, but you can only specify the most recent dated rule format to freeze the set of features. Otherwise, if you assign the `latest` rule format, features update automatically to their most recent version. This may abruptly result in errors if JSON in your rules no longer comply with the most recent feature's set of requirements.



Once you've frozen a rule format in PAPI, that state persists even if you use the Property Manager interface in [Control Center](#)^{*}. You no longer get any feature upgrade prompts.

- The most recent set of features is detailed in the [behavior](#) and [criteria](#) reference. For information on features specified by older rule formats, see [Deprecated rule formats](#).
- PAPI lets you access your own set of [property versions](#). Versions are available as URL resources that you can modify and activate independently, or perform roll-back if needed. This set is the only versioned object under your direct control.
- The API's [Build interface](#) also provides details on the current software release and its accompanying *catalog* of behaviors and criteria. These include version numbers and extraneous commit and build dates, which bear no relation to dated rule format versions. Don't rely on any of the internal version numbers this interface makes available.

Expect internal catalog release versions to update the most frequently, followed by less frequent rule format versions, followed by infrequent new API versions.

Advanced and locked features

In addition to its `name` and component `options`, special types of behavior and criteria objects may feature these additional members:

- A `uuid` string signifies an *advanced* feature. Advanced behaviors and criteria are read-only, and can only be modified by Akamai representatives. When distributed to the edge network, all property settings convert to the executable format known as XML metadata. Advanced features deploy a portion of that XML metadata customized specifically for you, whose functionality falls outside the predefined guidelines of what other read/write behaviors can do. Such metadata might also cause problems if executed outside of its intended context within the rule tree. See also Custom behaviors and overrides to learn how to reuse advanced features.

PAPI Conventions

- If a `locked` boolean member is `true`, it indicates a behavior or criteria that your Akamai representative has *locked* so that you can't modify it. You typically arrange with your representative to lock certain behaviors to protect sensitive data from erroneous changes. Any kind of behavior or criteria may be locked, including writable ones.

When modifying rule trees, you need to preserve the state of any `uuid` or `locked` members. You receive an error if you try to modify or delete either of these special types of feature. You can reposition regular features relative to these special ones, for example by inserting them within the same rule, but each rule's sequence of special features needs to remain unchanged.

Higher-level rule trees may also indicate the presence of these special features:

- A `uuid` member present on a rule object indicates that at least one of its component behaviors or criteria is advanced and read-only. You need to preserve this `uuid` as well when modifying the rule tree.
- A `criteriaLocked` member enabled on a criteria rule by your Akamai representative means that you may *not* insert additional criteria objects within the sequence. This typically keeps complex logical tests from breaking. Preserve the state of `criteriaLocked` when modifying the rule tree.

v2023-01-05 behaviors

v2023-01-05 behaviors

This section provides details for all behaviors the Property Manager API supports for the `v2023-01-05` rule format version. The set available to you is determined by the product and modules assigned to the property. You can get it by running the [List available behaviors](#) operation.

This `v2023-01-05` rule format provides an older deprecated set of PAPI features. You should use the most recent dated rule format available. See [API versioning](#) for details.

Option requirements

PAPI's behaviors and match criteria often include cross-dependent options, for which this reference documentation provides details in a *Requires* table column. For example, suppose documentation for a `cloudletSharedPolicy` option specifies this as *Requires*:

```
isSharedPolicy is true
```

That means for the `cloudletSharedPolicy` to appear in the object, you need to also have `isSharedPolicy` set to `true` :

```
{
  "isSharedPolicy": true,
  "cloudletSharedPolicy": 1000
}
```

Often you include options in behavior or criteria objects based on the match of a string value. Documentation also indicates any set of high-level logical *AND* and *OR* validation requirements.

adScalerCircuitBreaker

- **Property Manager name:** [Ad Scaler Circuit Breaker](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `adScalerCircuitBreaker` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

This behavior works with [manifestRerouting](#) to provide the scale and reliability of Akamai network while simultaneously allowing third party partners to modify the requested media content with value-added features. The

`adScalerCircuitBreaker` behavior specifies the fallback action in case the technology partner encounters errors and can't modify the requested media object.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|--------------------|---|--|
| <code>responseDelayBased</code> | boolean | Triggers a fallback action based on the delayed response from the technology partner's server. | |
| <code>responseDelayThreshold</code> | enum | Specifies the maximum response delay that, if exceeded, triggers the fallback action. | <code>responseDelayBased</code> is true |
| | | Supported values: 500ms | |
| <code>responseCodeBased</code> | boolean | Triggers a fallback action based on the response code from the technology partner's server. | |
| <code>responseCodes</code> | string | Specifies the codes in the partner's response that trigger the fallback action, either 408 , 500 , 502 , 504 , SAME_AS_RECEIEVED , or SPECIFY_YOUR_OWN for a custom code. | <code>responseCodeBased</code> is true |
| <code>fallbackActionResponseCodeBased</code> | enum | Specifies the fallback action. | <code>responseDelayBased</code> is true OR <code>responseCodeBased</code> is true |
| | RETURN_AKAMAI_COPY | Return an unmodified Akamai copy of the manifest file to the requesting client. | |
| | RETURN_ERROR | Return an error as the server response. | |
| <code>returnErrorResponseCodeBased</code> | enum | Specifies the error to include in the response to the client. | <code>fallbackActionResponseCodeBased</code> is RETURN_ERROR |
| | SAME_AS_RECEIVED | Return the same error received from the partner platform. | |
| | 408 | Return a 408 error. | |
| | 500 | Return a 500 error. | |
| | 502 | Return a 502 error. | |
| | 504 | Return a 504 error. | |
| | SPECIFY_YOUR_OWN | Customize the error. | |
| <code>specifyYourOwnResponseCodeBased</code> | string | Defines a custom error response. | <code>returnErrorResponseCodeBased</code> is SPECIFY_YOUR_OWN |

adaptiveAcceleration

- **Property Manager name:** [Adaptive Acceleration](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `adaptiveAcceleration` behavior v2.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Adaptive Acceleration uses HTTP/2 server push functionality with Ion properties to pre-position content and improve the performance of HTML page loading based on real user monitoring (RUM) timing data. It also helps browsers to preconnect to content that's likely needed for upcoming requests. To use this behavior, make sure you enable the `http2` behavior. Use the [Adaptive Acceleration API](#) to report on the set of assets this feature optimizes.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| <code>source</code> | string | The source Adaptive Acceleration uses to gather the real user monitoring timing data, either <code>mPulse</code> or <code>realUserMonitoring</code> . The recommended <code>mPulse</code> option supports all optimizations and requires the <code>mPulse</code> behavior added by default to new Ion properties. The classic <code>realUserMonitoring</code> method has been deprecated. If you set it as the data source, make sure you use it with the <code>realUserMonitoring</code> behavior. | |
| <code>enablePush</code> | boolean | Recognizes resources like JavaScript, CSS, and images based on gathered timing data and sends these resources to a browser as it's waiting for a response to the initial request for your website or app. See Automatic Server Push for more information. | |
| <code>enablePreconnect</code> | boolean | Allows browsers to anticipate what connections your site needs, and establishes those connections ahead of time. See Automatic Preconnect for more information. | |
| <code>preloadEnable</code> | boolean | Allows browsers to preload necessary fonts before they fetch and process other resources. See Automatic Font Preload for more information. | |
| <code>abLogic</code> | enum | Specifies whether to use Adaptive Acceleration in an A/B testing environment. To include Adaptive Acceleration data in your A/B testing, specify the mode you want to apply. Otherwise, <code>DISABLED</code> by default. See Add A/B testing to A2 for details. | |
| | <code>DISABLED</code> | Disables the use of Adaptive Acceleration in the A/B testing environment. This is the default value. | |
| | <code>CLOUDLETS</code> | Applies A/B testing using Cloudlets. | |
| | <code>MANUAL</code> | Applies A/B testing by redirecting a request to one of two origin servers, based on the cookie included with the request. | |
| <code>cookieName</code> | string | This specifies the name of the cookie file used for redirecting the requests in the A/B testing environment. | <code>abLogic</code> is <code>MANUAL</code> |
| <code>enableRo</code> | boolean | Enables the Resource Optimizer, which automates the compression and delivery of your <code>.css</code> , <code>.js</code> , and <code>.svg</code> content using a combination of Brotli and Zopfli compressions. The compression is performed offline, during a time to live that the feature automatically sets. See the resourceOptimizer and resourceOptimizerExtendedCompatibility behaviors for more details. | |
| <code>enableBrotliCompression</code> | boolean | Applies Brotli compression, converting your origin content to cache on edge servers. | |
| <code>enableForNoncacheable</code> | boolean | Applies Brotli compression to non-cacheable content. | <code>enableBrotliCompression</code> is <code>true</code> |

adaptiveImageCompression

- **Property Manager name:** [Adaptive Image Compression](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `adaptiveImageCompression` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The Adaptive Image Compression feature compresses JPEG images depending on the requesting network's performance, thus improving response time. The behavior specifies three performance tiers based on round-trip tests: 1 for excellent, 2 for good, and 3 for poor. It assigns separate performance criteria for mobile (cellular) and non-mobile networks, which the `compressMobile` and `compressStandard` options enable independently.

There are six `method` options, one for each tier and type of network. If the `method` is `COMPRESS`, choose from among the six corresponding `slider` options to specify a percentage. As an alternative to compression, setting the `method` to `STRIP` removes unnecessary application-generated metadata from the image. Setting the `method` to `BYPASS` serves clients the original image.

The behavior serves `Etags` headers as a data signature for each adapted variation. In case of error or if the file size increases, the behavior serves the original image file. Flushing the original image from the edge cache also flushes adapted variants. The behavior applies to the following image file extensions: `jpg`, `jpeg`, `jpe`, `jif`, `jfif`, and `jfi`.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|----------------|---|--|
| <code>compressMobile</code> | boolean | Adapts images served over cellular mobile networks. | |
| <code>tier1MobileCompressionMethod</code> | enum | Specifies tier-1 behavior. | <code>compressMobile</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | | Supported values: <code>BYPASS</code> | |
| <code>tier1MobileCompressionValue</code> | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | <code>tier1MobileCompressionMethod</code> is <code>COMPRESS</code> |
| <code>tier2MobileCompressionMethod</code> | enum | Specifies tier-2 cellular-network behavior. | <code>compressMobile</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | | Supported values: <code>BYPASS</code> | |
| <code>tier2MobileCompressionValue</code> | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | <code>tier2MobileCompressionMethod</code> is <code>COMPRESS</code> |
| <code>tier3MobileCompressionMethod</code> | enum | Specifies tier-3 cellular-network behavior. | <code>compressMobile</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | | Supported values: <code>BYPASS</code> | |
| <code>tier3MobileCompressionValue</code> | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | <code>tier3MobileCompressionMethod</code> is <code>COMPRESS</code> |
| <code>compressStandard</code> | boolean | Adapts images served over non-cellular networks. | |
| <code>tier1StandardCompressionMethod</code> | enum | Specifies tier-1 non-cellular network behavior. | <code>compressStandard</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | | Supported values: <code>BYPASS</code> | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| tier1StandardCompressionValue | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | tier1StandardCompressionMethod is COMPRESS |
| tier2StandardCompressionMethod | enum | Specifies tier-2 non-cellular network behavior. | compressStandard is true |
| | | Supported values: BYPASS | |
| tier2StandardCompressionValue | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | tier2StandardCompressionMethod is COMPRESS |
| tier3StandardCompressionMethod | enum | Specifies tier-3 non-cellular network behavior. | compressStandard is true |
| | | Supported values: BYPASS | |
| tier3StandardCompressionValue | number (0-100) | Specifies the compression percentage. | tier3StandardCompressionMethod is COMPRESS |

advanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Advanced](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the advanced behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This specifies Akamai XML metadata. It can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------|--------|--|
| description | string | Human-readable description of what the XML block does. |
| xml | string | Akamai XML metadata. |

aggregatedReporting

- **Property Manager name:** [Aggregated Reporting](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `aggregatedReporting` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Configure a custom report that collects traffic data. The data is based on one to four variables, such as `sum` , `average` , `min` , and `max` . These aggregation attributes help compile traffic data summaries.

This behavior is part of [Internet of Things OTA Update](#), which allows users to securely download firmware to vehicle head units over cellular networks. Use this system to create statistical reports by defining [PAPI variables](#), such as sum of requests sent by a specific car model. For example, you can send the sum of data in bytes, number of requests, and number of completed downloads based on the selected car model, campaign, and year.

To configure the behavior, see [Configure the aggregated reporting behavior](#) in the IoT OTA Updates documentation. For more information including accessing the report, see [Aggregated Reporting](#). Also, you can configure variables with the `setVariable` , `requestTypeMarker` , and `downloadCompleteMarker` behaviors. To learn more about the combinations of OTA Updates behaviors, see [Behaviors in reports](#).

Akamai also offers the `report` behavior to specify the HTTP request headers or cookies to include in your [Log Delivery Service](#) [↗] reports.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables aggregated reporting. | |
| <code>report Name</code> | string | The unique name of the aggregated report within the property. If you reconfigure any attributes or variables in the aggregated reporting behavior, update this field to a unique value to enable logging data in a new instance of the report. | |
| <code>attributes Count</code> | number (1-4) | The number of attributes to include in the report, ranging from 1 to 4. | |
| <code>attribute1</code> | string (allows variables) | Specify a previously user-defined variable name as a report attribute. The values extracted for all attributes range from 0 to 20 characters. | |
| <code>attribute2</code> | string (allows variables) | Specify a previously user-defined variable name as a report attribute. The values extracted for all attributes range from 0 to 20 characters. | <code>attributes Count</code> \geq 2 |
| <code>attribute3</code> | string (allows variables) | Specify a previously user-defined variable name as a report attribute. The values extracted for all attributes range from 0 to 20 characters. | <code>attributes Count</code> \geq 3 |
| <code>attribute4</code> | string (allows variables) | Specify a previously user-defined variable name as a report attribute. The values extracted for all attributes range from 0 to 20 characters. | <code>attributes Count</code> is 4 |

akamaizer

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamaizer](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `akamaizer` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)

- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This allows you to run regular expression substitutions over web pages. To apply this behavior, you need to match on a [contentType](#). Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring the Akamaizer. See also the [akamaizer Tag](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Akamaizer behavior. |

akamaizerTag

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamaize Tag](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the akamaizerTag behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This specifies HTML tags and replacement rules for hostnames used in conjunction with the [akamaizer](#) behavior. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring the Akamaizer.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|------|--------|------|------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|------|-----|--------|--------|-------------|---------|------------|--|
| match Hostname | string | Specifies the hostname to match on as a Perl-compatible regular expression. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| replacement Hostname | string | Specifies the replacement hostname for the tag to use. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| scope | enum | Specifies the part of HTML content the tagsAttribute refers to. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | ATTRIBUTE | When tagsAttribute refers to a tag/attribute pair, the match only applies to the attribute. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | URL_ ATTRIBUTE | The same as an attribute but applies when the attribute value is a URL. In that case, it converts to an absolute URL prior to substitution. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BLOCK | Substitutes within the tag's contents, but not within any nested tags. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | PAGE | Ignores the tagsAttribute field and performs the substitution on the entire page. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| tagsAttribute | enum | Specifies the tag or tag/attribute combination to operate on. | scope is not PAGE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Supported values: <table> <tr> <td>A</td><td>BASE</td><td>IFRAME</td><td>LINK</td></tr> <tr> <td>AREA</td><td>BASE_HREF</td><td>IFRAME_SRC</td><td>LINK_HREF</td></tr> <tr> <td>AREA_HREF</td><td>FORM</td><td>IMG</td><td>SCRIPT</td></tr> <tr> <td>A_HREF</td><td>FORM_ACTION</td><td>IMG_SRC</td><td>SCRIPT_SRC</td></tr> </table> | A | BASE | IFRAME | LINK | AREA | BASE_HREF | IFRAME_SRC | LINK_HREF | AREA_HREF | FORM | IMG | SCRIPT | A_HREF | FORM_ACTION | IMG_SRC | SCRIPT_SRC | |
| A | BASE | IFRAME | LINK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AREA | BASE_HREF | IFRAME_SRC | LINK_HREF | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AREA_HREF | FORM | IMG | SCRIPT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| A_HREF | FORM_ACTION | IMG_SRC | SCRIPT_SRC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| replaceAll | boolean | Replaces all matches when enabled, otherwise replaces only the first match. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|---------|---|----------|
| includeTagsAttribute | boolean | Whether to include the tagsAttribute value. | |

allHttpInCacheHierarchy

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow All Methods on Parent Servers](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the allHttpInCacheHierarchy behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow all HTTP request methods to be used for the edge's parent servers, useful to implement features such as [Site Shield](#), [SureRoute](#), and Tiered Distribution. (See the [siteShield](#), [sureRoute](#), and [tieredDistribution](#) behaviors.)

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables all HTTP requests for parent servers in the cache hierarchy. |

allowCloudletsOrigins

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow Conditional Origins](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the allowCloudletsOrigins behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Allows Cloudlets Origins to determine the criteria, separately from the Property Manager, under which alternate [origin](#) definitions are assigned.

This behavior needs to appear alone within its own rule. When enabled, it allows any [cloudletsOrigin](#) criteria within sub-rules to override the prevailing origin.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|--|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows you to assign custom origin definitions referenced in sub-rules by cloudletsOrigin labels. If disabled, all sub-rules are ignored. |
| <code>honorBaseDirectory</code> | boolean | Prefixes any Cloudlet-generated origin path with a path defined by an Origin Base Path behavior. If no path is defined, it has no effect. If another Cloudlet policy already prepends the same Origin Base Path, the path is not duplicated. |
| <code>purgeOriginQueryParameter</code> | string | When purging content from a Cloudlets Origin, this specifies a query parameter name whose value is the specific named origin to purge. Note that this only applies to content purge requests, for example when using the Content Control Utility API . |

allowDelete

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow DELETE](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowDelete` behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow HTTP requests using the DELETE method. By default, GET, HEAD, and OPTIONS requests are allowed, and all other methods result in a 501 error. Such content does not cache, and any DELETE requests pass to the origin. See also the [allowOptions](#) , [allowPatch](#) , [allowPost](#) , and [allowPut](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows DELETE requests. Content does <i>not</i> cache. |
| <code>allowBody</code> | boolean | Allows data in the body of the DELETE request. |

allowHTTPSCacheKeySharing

- **Property Manager name:** [HTTPS Cache Key Sharing](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowHTTPSCacheKeySharing` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

HTTPS cache key sharing allows HTTP requests to be served from an HTTPS cache.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|----------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables HTTPS cache key sharing. |

allowHTTPSDowngrade

- **Property Manager name:** [Protocol Downgrade \(HTTPS Downgrade to Origin\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the allowHTTPSDowngrade behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Passes HTTPS requests to origin as HTTP. This is useful when incorporating Standard TLS or Akamai's shared certificate delivery security with an origin that serves HTTP traffic.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Downgrades to HTTP protocol for the origin server. |

allowOptions

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow OPTIONS](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the allowOptions behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

GET, HEAD, and OPTIONS requests are allowed by default. All other HTTP methods result in a 501 error. For full support of Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS), you need to allow requests that use the OPTIONS method. If you're using the [corsSupport](#) behavior, do not disable OPTIONS requests. The response to an OPTIONS request is not cached, so the request always goes through the Akamai network to your origin, unless you use the [construct Response](#) behavior to send responses directly from the Akamai network. See also the [allowDelete](#), [allowPatch](#), [allowPost](#), and [allowPut](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Set this to <code>true</code> to reflect the default policy where edge servers allow the OPTIONS method, without caching the response. Set this to <code>false</code> to deny OPTIONS requests and respond with a 501 error. |

allowPatch

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow PATCH](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowPatch` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow HTTP requests using the PATCH method. By default, GET, HEAD, and OPTIONS requests are allowed, and all other methods result in a 501 error. Such content does not cache, and any PATCH requests pass to the origin. See also the [allowDelete](#) , [allowOptions](#) , [allowPost](#) , and [allowPut](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Allows PATCH requests. Content does <i>not</i> cache. |

allowPost

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow POST](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowPost` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow HTTP requests using the POST method. By default, GET, HEAD, and OPTIONS requests are allowed, and POST requests are denied with 403 error. All other methods result in a 501 error. See also the [allowDelete](#) , [allowOptions](#) , [allowPatch](#) , and [allowPut](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Allows POST requests. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--|
| allow Without Content Length | boolean | By default, POST requests also require a <code>Content-Length</code> header, or they result in a 411 error. With this option enabled with no specified <code>Content-Length</code> , the edge server relies on a <code>Transfer-Encoding</code> header to chunk the data. If neither header is present, it assumes the request has no body, and it adds a header with a <code>0</code> value to the forward request. |

allowPut

- **Property Manager name:** [Allow PUT](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowPut` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow HTTP requests using the PUT method. By default, GET, HEAD, and OPTIONS requests are allowed, and all other methods result in a 501 error. Such content does not cache, and any PUT requests pass to the origin. See also the [allowDelete](#), [allowOptions](#), [allowPatch](#), and [allowPost](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Allows PUT requests. Content does <i>not</i> cache. |

allowTransferEncoding

- **Property Manager name:** [Chunked Transfer Encoding](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `allowTransferEncoding` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Controls whether to allow or deny Chunked Transfer Encoding (CTE) requests to pass to your origin. If your origin supports CTE, you should enable this behavior. This behavior also protects against a known issue when pairing [http2](#) and [webdav](#) behaviors within the same rule tree, in which case it's required.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Allows Chunked Transfer Encoding requests. |

altSvcHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Alt-Svc Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the altSvcHeader behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Sets the maximum age value for the Alternative Services (Alt-Svc) header.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|--------|---|
| max Age | number | Specifies the max-age value in seconds for the Alt-Svc header. The default max-age for an Alt-Svc header is 93600 seconds (26 hours). |

apiPrioritization

- **Property Manager name:** [API Prioritization Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the apiPrioritization behavior v2.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Enables the API Prioritization Cloudlet, which maintains continuity in user experience by serving an alternate static response when load is too high. You can configure rules using either the Cloudlets Policy Manager application or the [Cloudlets API](#). Use this feature serve static API content, such as fallback JSON data. To serve non-API HTML content, use the [visitorPrioritization](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------|---------|---|----------|
| enabled | boolean | Activates the API Prioritization feature. | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---|--------------------------------|
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| label | string | A label to distinguish this API Prioritization policy from any others in the same property. | |
| useThrottledCpCode | boolean | Specifies whether to apply an alternative CP code for requests served the alternate response. | |
| throttledCpCode | object | Specifies the CP code as an object. | useThrottledCpCode is true |
| throttledCpCode.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| throttledCpCode.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |
| throttledCpCode.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| throttledCpCode.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| useThrottledStatusCode | boolean | Allows you to assign a specific HTTP response code to a throttled request. | |
| throttledStatusCode | number | Specifies the HTTP response code for requests that receive the alternate response. | useThrottledStatusCode is true |
| netStorage | object | Specify the NetStorage domain that contains the alternate response. | |
| netStorage.cpCodeList | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| netStorage.downloadDomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| netStorage.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| netStorage.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| netStorage.uploadDomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| netStoragePath | string | Specify the full NetStorage path for the alternate response, including trailing file name. | |
| alternateResponseCacheTtl | number (5-30) | Specifies the alternate response's time to live in the cache, 5 minutes by default. | |

applicationLoadBalancer

- **Property Manager name:** [Application Load Balancer Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the applicationLoadBalancer behavior v1.10.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Enables the Application Load Balancer Cloudlet, which automates load balancing based on configurable criteria. To configure this behavior, use either the Cloudlets Policy Manager or the [Cloudlets API](#) to set up a policy.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | Activates the Application Load Balancer Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | |
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| label | string | A label to distinguish this Application Load Balancer policy from any others within the same property. | |
| stickinessCookieType | enum | Determines how a cookie persistently associates the client with a load-balanced origin. | |
| | NONE | Dynamically reassigns different load-balanced origins for each request. | |
| | NEVER | Preserves the cookie indefinitely. | |
| | ON_BROWSER_CLOSE | Limit the cookie duration to browser sessions. | |
| | FIXED_DATE | Specify a specific time for when the cookie expires. | |
| | DURATION | Specify a delay for when the cookie expires. | |
| | ORIGIN_SESSION | Limit the cookie duration to when the ORIGIN_SESSION terminates. (After the cookie expires, the cookie type re-evaluates.) | |
| stickinessExpirationDate | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies when the cookie expires. | stickinessCookieType is FIXED_DATE |
| stickinessDuration | string (duration) | Sets how long it is before the cookie expires. | stickinessCookieType is DURATION |
| stickinessRefresh | boolean | Extends the duration of the cookie with each new request. When enabled, the DURATION thus specifies the latency between requests that would cause the cookie to expire. | stickinessCookieType is DURATION |
| originCookieName | string | Specifies the name for your session cookie. | stickinessCookieType is ORIGIN_SESSION |
| specifyStickinessCookieDomain | boolean | Specifies whether to use a cookie domain with the stickiness cookie, to tell the browser to which domain to send the cookie. | stickinessCookieType is either: ON_BROWSER_CLOSE , FIXED_DATE , DURATION , NEVER , ORIGIN_SESSION |
| stickinessCookieDomain | string | Specifies the domain to track the stickiness cookie. | specifyStickinessCookieDomain is true |
| stickinessCookieAutomaticSalt | boolean | Sets whether to assign a salt value automatically to the cookie to prevent manipulation by the user. You should not enable this if sharing the population cookie across more than one property. | stickinessCookieType is either: ON_BROWSER_CLOSE , FIXED_DATE , DURATION , NEVER , ORIGIN_SESSION |
| stickinessCookieSalt | string | Specifies the stickiness cookie's salt value. Use this option to share the cookie across many properties. | stickinessCookieAutomaticSalt is false |
| stickinessCookieSetHttpOnlyFlag | boolean | Ensures the cookie is transmitted only over HTTP. | stickinessCookieType is either: ON_BROWSER_CLOSE , FIXED_DATE , DURATION , NEVER , ORIGIN_SESSION |
| allDownNetStorage | object | Specifies a NetStorage account for a static maintenance page as a fallback when no origins are available. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| allDownNetStorage.cpCodeList | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| allDownNetStorage.downloadDomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| allDownNetStorage.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| allDownNetStorage.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| allDownNetStorage.uploadDomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| allDownNetStorageFile | string | Specifies the fallback maintenance page's filename, expressed as a full path from the root of the NetStorage server. | |
| allDownStatusCode | string | Specifies the HTTP response code when all load-balancing origins are unavailable. | |
| failoverStatusCodes | string array | Specifies a set of HTTP status codes that signal a failure on the origin, in which case the cookie that binds the client to that origin is invalidated and the client is rerouted to another available origin. | |
| failoverMode | enum | Determines what to do if an origin fails. | |
| | AUTOMATIC | Automatically determines which origin in the policy to try next. | |
| | MANUAL | You define a sequence of failover origins. (If failover runs out of origins, requests are sent to NetStorage.) | |
| | DISABLED | Turns off failover, but maintains origin stickiness even when the origin goes down. | |
| failoverOriginMap | object array | Specifies a fixed set of failover mapping rules. | failoverMode is MANUAL |
| failoverOriginMap[].fromOriginId | string | Specifies the origin whose failure triggers the mapping rule. | |
| failoverOriginMap[].toOriginIds | string array | Requests stuck to the fromOriginId origin retry for each alternate origin toOriginIds , until one succeeds. | |
| failoverAttemptsThreshold | number | Sets the number of failed requests that would trigger the failover process. | failoverMode is either: MANUAL , AUTOMATIC |
| allowCachePrefresh | boolean | Allows the cache to prefetch. Only appropriate if all origins serve the same content for the same URL. | |

audienceSegmentation

- **Property Manager name:** [Audience Segmentation Cloudlet](#)

- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the audienceSegmentation behavior v3.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

Allows you to divide your users into different segments based on a persistent cookie. You can configure rules using either the Cloudlets Policy Manager application or the [Cloudlets API](#).

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Audience Segmentation cloudlet feature. | |
| isSharedPolicy | boolean | Whether you want to use a shared policy for a Cloudlet. Learn more about shared policies and how to create them in Cloudlets Policy Manager . | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | isSharedPolicy is false |
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| cloudletSharedPolicy | string | This identifies the Cloudlet shared policy to use with this behavior. You can list available shared policies with the Cloudlets API . | isSharedPolicy is true |
| label | string | Specifies a suffix to append to the cookie name. This helps distinguish this audience segmentation policy from any others within the same property. | |
| segmentTrackingMethod | enum | Specifies the method to pass segment information to the origin. The Cloudlet passes the rule applied to a given request location. | |
| | | Supported values: <div>IN_COOKIE_HEADER</div> | |
| segmentTrackingQueryParam | string | This query parameter specifies the name of the segmentation rule. | segmentTrackingMethod is IN_QUERY_PARAM |
| segmentTrackingCookieName | string | This cookie name specifies the name of the segmentation rule. | segmentTrackingMethod is IN_COOKIE_HEADER |
| segmentTrackingCustomHeader | string | This custom HTTP header specifies the name of the segmentation rule. | segmentTrackingMethod is IN_CUSTOM_HEADER |
| populationCookieType | enum | Specifies when the segmentation cookie expires. | |
| | NEVER | Never expire. | |
| | ON_BROWSER_CLOSE | Expire at end of browser session. | |
| | DURATION | Specify a delay. | |
| populationDuration | string (duration) | Specifies the lifetime of the segmentation cookie. | populationCookieType is DURATION |
| populationRefresh | boolean | If disabled, sets the expiration time only if the cookie is not yet present in the request. | populationCookieType is DURATION |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---------|--|---|
| specify Population Cookie Domain | boolean | Whether to specify a cookie domain with the population cookie. It tells the browser to which domain to send the cookie. | |
| population Cookie Domain | string | Specifies the domain to track the population cookie. | specifyPopulation CookieDomain is true |
| population Cookie AutomaticSalt | boolean | Whether to assign a <i>salt</i> value automatically to the cookie to prevent manipulation by the user. You should not enable if sharing the population cookie across more than one property. | |
| population CookieSalt | string | Specifies the cookie's salt value. Use this option to share the cookie across many properties. | populationCookie AutomaticSalt is false |
| population CookieInclude RuleName | boolean | When enabled, includes in the session cookie the name of the rule in which this behavior appears. | |

autoDomainValidation

- **Property Manager name:** [Auto Domain Validation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the autoDomainValidation behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior allows standard TLS domain validated certificates to renew automatically. Apply it after using the [Certificate Provisioning System](#) to request a certificate for a hostname. To provision certificates programmatically, see the [Certificate Provisioning System API](#).

This behavior does not affect hostnames that use enhanced TLS certificates.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

baseDirectory

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Base Path](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `baseDirectory` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Prefix URLs sent to the origin with a base path.

For example, with an origin of `example.com`, setting the `value` to `/images` sets the origin's base path to `example.com/images`. Any request for a `my_pics/home.jpg` file resolves on the origin server to `example.com/images/my_pics/home.jpg`.

Note:

- Changing the origin's base path also changes the cache key, which makes any existing cached data inaccessible. This causes a spike in traffic to your origin until the cache repopulates with fresh content.
- You can't override the base path with other behaviors. For example, if in the [rewriteUrl](#) behavior you specify `targetPath` to `/gifs/hello.gif`, this gets appended to the base path: `example.com/images/gifs/hello.gif`.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------|---|--|
| <code>value</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies the base path of content on your origin server. The value needs to begin and end with a slash (/) character, for example <code>/parent/child/</code> . |

bossBeaconing

- **Property Manager name:** [Diagnostic data beacons \(Ex. BOSS\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `bossBeaconing` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Triggers diagnostic data beacons for use with BOSS, Akamai's monitoring and diagnostics system.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enable diagnostic data beacons. |
| <code>cpcodes</code> | string | The space-separated list of CP codes that trigger the beacons. You need to specify the same set of CP codes within BOSS. |
| <code>request Type</code> | enum | Specify when to trigger a beacon. |
| | <code>EDGE</code> | For edge requests only. |
| | <code>EDGE_MIDGRESS</code> | Both end and midgress requests. |
| <code>forward Type</code> | enum | Specify when to trigger a beacon. |

| Option | Type | Description | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | MIDGRESS | For internal midgress forwards only. | | | | | | | | | |
| | ORIGIN | For origin forwards only. | | | | | | | | | |
| | MIDGRESS_ ORIGIN | Both. | | | | | | | | | |
| sampling Frequency | enum | Specifies a sampling frequency or disables beacons. | | | | | | | | | |
| | SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_0 | Disables beacons altogether. | | | | | | | | | |
| | SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_1 | Specifies a sampling frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| conditional Sampling Frequency | enum | Specifies a conditional sampling frequency or disables beacons. | | | | | | | | | |
| | CONDITIONAL_ SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_0 | Disables beacons altogether. | | | | | | | | | |
| | CONDITIONAL_ SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_1 | Specifies a sampling frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| | CONDITIONAL_ SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_2 | Specifies a sampling frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| | CONDITIONAL_ SAMPLING_ FREQ_0_3 | Specifies a sampling frequency. | | | | | | | | | |
| conditional HTTPStatus | string array | Specifies the set of response status codes or ranges that trigger the beacon. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Supported values: <table><tr><td>0xx</td><td>302</td><td>304</td><td>3xx</td><td>401</td><td>403</td><td>404</td><td>408</td><td>4xx</td></tr></table> | 0xx | 302 | 304 | 3xx | 401 | 403 | 404 | 408 | 4xx |
| 0xx | 302 | 304 | 3xx | 401 | 403 | 404 | 408 | 4xx | | | |
| conditional Error Pattern | string | A space-separated set of error patterns that trigger beacons to conditional feeds. Each pattern can include wildcards, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. For example, <code>*CONNECT* *DENIED*</code> matches two different words as substrings. | | | | | | | | | |

breadcrumbs

- **Property Manager name:** [Breadcrumbs](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the breadcrumbs behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Provides per-HTTP transaction visibility into a request for content, regardless of how deep the request goes into the Akamai platform. The `Akamai-Request-BC` response header includes various data, such as network health and the location in the Akamai network used to serve content, which simplifies log review for troubleshooting.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Breadcrumbs feature. |
| <code>opt Mode</code> | boolean | Specifies whether to include Breadcrumbs data in the response header. To bypass the current <code>optMode</code> , append the opposite <code>ak-bc</code> query string to each request from your player. |
| <code>logging Enabled</code> | boolean | Whether to collect all Breadcrumbs data in logs, including the response headers sent a requesting client. This can also be helpful if you're using DataStream 2 to retrieve log data. This way, all Breadcrumbs data is carried in the logs it uses. |

breakConnection

- **Property Manager name:** [Break Forward Connection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `breakConnection` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior simulates an origin connection problem, typically to test an accompanying [failAction](#) policy.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the break connection behavior. |

brrotli

- **Property Manager name:** [Brotli Support](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `brrotli` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Accesses Brotli-compressed assets from your origin and caches them on edge servers. This doesn't compress resources within the content delivery network in real time. You need to set up Brotli compression separately on your origin. If a requesting client doesn't support Brotli, edge servers deliver non-Brotli resources.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Fetches Brotli-compressed assets from your origin and caches them on edge servers. |

cacheError

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache HTTP Error Responses](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the cacheError behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Caches the origin's error responses to decrease server load. Applies for 10 seconds by default to the following HTTP codes: 204 , 305 , 404 , 405 , 501 , 502 , 503 , 504 , and 505 .

This behavior no longer caches 400 error responses from the origin server. If you need to cache such errors, you can set up a custom variable. See [Caching 400 responses](#) for more information.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------|-------------------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Activates the error-caching behavior. |
| ttl | string (duration) | Overrides the default caching duration of 10s . Note that if set to 0 , it is equivalent to no-cache , which forces revalidation and may cause a traffic spike. This can be counterproductive when, for example, the origin is producing an error code of 500 . |
| preserve Stale | boolean | When enabled, the edge server preserves stale cached objects when the origin returns 500 , 502 , 503 , and 504 error codes. This avoids re-fetching and re-caching content after transient errors. |

cacheld

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache ID Modification](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the cacheld behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)

- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Controls which query parameters, headers, and cookies are included in or excluded from the cache key identifier.

Note that this behavior executes differently than usual within rule trees. Applying a set of `cacheid` behaviors within the same rule results in a system of forming cache keys that applies independently to the rule's content. If any `cacheid` behaviors are present in a rule, any others specified in parent rules or prior executing sibling rules no longer apply. Otherwise for any rule that lacks a `cacheid` behavior, the set of behaviors specified in an ancestor or prior sibling rule determines how to form cache keys for that content.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------|--|---|---|
| rule | enum | Specifies how to modify the cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> | Includes the specified set of query parameters when forming a cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_COOKIES</code> | Includes specified cookies in the cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_HEADERS</code> | Includes specified HTTP headers in the cache ID. | |
| | <code>EXCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> | Excludes the specified set of query parameters when forming a cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_ALL_QUERY_PARAMS</code> | Includes all query parameters when forming a cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_VARIABLE</code> | Includes a specific user variable in the cache ID. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_URL</code> | Includes the full URL, the same as the default without the <code>cacheid</code> behavior. | |
| include Value | boolean | Includes the value of the specified elements in the cache ID. Otherwise only their names are included. | rule is either: <code>INCLUDE_COOKIES</code> , <code>INCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> , <code>INCLUDE_HEADERS</code> |
| optional | boolean | Requires the behavior's specified elements to be present for content to cache. When disabled, requests that lack the specified elements are still cached. | rule is either: <code>INCLUDE_COOKIES</code> , <code>INCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> , <code>INCLUDE_HEADERS</code> , <code>EXCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> |
| elements | string array | Specifies the names of the query parameters, cookies, or headers to include or exclude from the cache ID. | rule is either: <code>INCLUDE_COOKIES</code> , <code>INCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> , <code>INCLUDE_HEADERS</code> , <code>EXCLUDE_QUERY_PARAMS</code> |
| variable Name | string (variable name) | Specifies the name of the variable you want to include in the cache key. | rule is <code>INCLUDE_VARIABLE</code> |

cacheKeyIgnoreCase

- **Property Manager name:** [Ignore Case In Cache Key](#)

- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `cacheKeyIgnoreCase` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

By default, cache keys are generated under the assumption that path and filename components are case-sensitive, so that `File.html` and `file.html` use separate cache keys. Enabling this behavior forces URL components whose case varies to resolve to the same cache key. Enable this behavior if your origin server is already case-insensitive, such as those based on Microsoft IIS.

With this behavior enabled, make sure any child rules do not match case-sensitive path components, or you may apply different settings to the same cached object.

Note that if already enabled, disabling this behavior potentially results in new sets of cache keys. Until these new caches are built, your origin server may experience traffic spikes as requests pass through. It may also result in *cache pollution*, excess cache space taken up with redundant content.

If you're using [NetStorage](#) in conjunction with this behavior, enable its **Force Case** option to match it, and make sure you name the original files consistently as either upper- or lowercase.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Ignores case when forming cache keys. |

cacheKeyQueryParams

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache Key Query Parameters](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `cacheKeyQueryParams` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

By default, cache keys are formed as URLs with full query strings. This behavior allows you to consolidate cached objects based on specified sets of query parameters.

Note also that whenever you apply behavior that generates new cache keys, your origin server may experience traffic spikes before the new cache starts to serve out.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|--|--|----------|
| <code>behavior</code> | enum | Configures how sets of query string parameters translate to cache keys. Be careful not to ignore any parameters that result in substantially different content, as it is <i>not</i> reflected in the cached object. | |
| | <code>INCLUDE_</code> <code>ALL_</code> <code>PRESERVE_</code> <code>ORDER</code> | Forms a separate key for the entire set of query parameters, but sensitive to the order in which they appear. (For example, <code>?q=akamai&state=ma</code> and <code>?state=ma&q=akamai</code> cache separately.) | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| | INCLUDE_ ALL_ ALPHABETIZE_ ORDER | Forms keys for the entire set of parameters, but the order doesn't matter. The examples above both use the same cache key. | |
| | IGNORE_ALL | Causes query string parameters to be ignored when forming cache keys. | |
| | INCLUDE | Include the sequence of values in the <code>parameters</code> field. | |
| | IGNORE | Include all but the sequence of values in the <code>parameters</code> field. | |
| <code>parameters</code> | string array | Specifies the set of parameter field names to include in or exclude from the cache key. By default, these match the field names as string prefixes. | behavior is either: INCLUDE , IGNORE |
| <code>exactMatch</code> | boolean | When enabled, <code>parameters</code> needs to match exactly. Keep disabled to match string prefixes. | behavior is either: INCLUDE , IGNORE |

cacheKeyRewrite

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache Key Path Rewrite \(Beta\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `cacheKeyRewrite` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior rewrites a default cache key's path. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|--------|--|
| <code>purgeKey</code> | string | Specifies the new cache key path as an alphanumeric value. |

cachePost

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache POST Responses](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `cachePost` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)

- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

By default, POST requests are passed to the origin. This behavior overrides the default, and allows you to cache POST responses.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables caching of POST responses. |
| use Body | enum | Define how and whether to use the POST message body as a cache key. |
| | IGNORE | Uses only the URL to cache the response. |
| | MD5 | Adds a string digest of the data as a query parameter to the cache URL. |
| | QUERY | Adds the raw request body as a query parameter to the cache key, but only if the POST request's Content-Type is application/x-www-form-urlencoded . (Use this in conjunction with cacheld to define relevant query parameters.) |

cacheRedirect

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache HTTP Temporary Redirects](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `cacheRedirect` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Controls the caching of HTTP 302 and 307 temporary redirects. By default, Akamai edge servers don't cache them. Enabling this behavior instructs edge servers to allow these redirects to be cached the same as HTTP 200 responses.

Use the `caching` behavior to separately control TTL for these redirects, either with a specific TTL value or based on Cache-Control or Expires response headers.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the redirect caching behavior. |

cacheTag

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache Tag](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `cacheTag` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This adds a cache tag to the requested object. With cache tags, you can flexibly fast purge tagged segments of your cached content. You can either define these tags with an `Edge-Cache-Tag` header at the origin server level, or use this behavior to directly add a cache tag to the object as the edge server caches it. The `cacheTag` behavior can only take a single value, including a variable. If you want to specify more tags for an object, add a few instances of this behavior to your configuration.

See [Fast Purge](#) for guidance on best practices to deploy cache tags. Use the [Fast Purge API](#) to purge by cache tag programmatically.

Note that this behavior is not compatible with the [dynamicThroughputOptimization](#) behavior. Don't include both behaviors in a rule for the same request.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|---|--|
| tag | string (allows variables) | Specifies the cache tag you want to add to your cached content. A cache tag is only added when the object is first added to cache. A single cache tag can't exceed 128 characters and can only include alphanumeric characters, plus this class of characters: <code>[!#\$%'+./^_` -]</code> |

cacheTagVisible

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache Tag Visibility](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `cacheTagVisible` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Cache tags are comma-separated string values you define within an `Edge-Cache-Tag` header. You can use them to flexibly fast purge tagged segments of your cached content. You can either define these headers at the origin server level, or use the [modifyOutgoingResponseHeader](#) behavior to configure them at the edge. Apply this behavior to confirm you're deploying the intended set of cache tags to your content.

See [Fast Purge](#) for guidance on best practices to deploy cache tags. Use the [Fast Purge API](#) to purge by cache tag programmatically.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|---------------|--|
| behavior | enum | Specifies when to include the <code>Edge-Cache-Tag</code> in responses. |
| | NEVER | Strip out the <code>Edge-Cache-Tag</code> header, edge servers' default response. |
| | PRAGMA_HEADER | Edge servers respond with the <code>Edge-Cache-Tag</code> header only when you pass in a <code>Pragma: akamai-x-get-cache-tags</code> header as part of the request. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| | ALWAYS | Include the <code>Edge-Cache-Tag</code> header in all responses. |

caching

- **Property Manager name:** [Caching](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `caching` behavior v1.12.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Control content caching on edge servers: whether or not to cache, whether to honor the origin's caching headers, and for how long to cache. Note that any `NO_STORE` or `BYPASS_CACHE` HTTP headers set on the origin's content override this behavior. For more details on how caching works in Property Manager, see the [Learn about caching](#) section in the guide.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------|--|---|---|
| behavior | enum | Specify the caching option. | |
| | <code>MAX_AGE</code> | Honor the origin's <code>MAX_AGE</code> header. | |
| | <code>NO_STORE</code> | Clears the cache and serves from the origin. | |
| | <code>BYPASS_CACHE</code> | Retains the cache but serves from the origin. | |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES</code> | Honor the origin's <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> or <code>EXPIRES</code> header, whichever comes last. This adds support for the <code>s-maxage</code> response directive specified in RFC 7234 . Use this alternative value to instruct a downstream CDN how long to cache content. | |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> | Honor the origin's <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> header. This adds support for the <code>s-maxage</code> response directive specified in RFC 7234 . Use this alternative value to instruct a downstream CDN how long to cache content. | |
| | <code>EXPIRES</code> | Honor the origin's <code>EXPIRES</code> header. | |
| must Revalidate | boolean | Determines what to do once the cached content has expired, by which time the Akamai platform should have re-fetched and validated content from the origin. If enabled, only allows the re-fetched content to be served. If disabled, may serve stale content if the origin is unavailable. | behavior is either: <code>CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES</code> , <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> , <code>EXPIRES</code> , <code>MAX_AGE</code> |
| ttl | string (duration) | The maximum time content may remain cached. Setting the value to <code>0</code> is the same as setting a <code>no-cache</code> header, which forces content to revalidate. | behavior is <code>MAX_AGE</code> |
| defaultTtl | string (duration) | Set the <code>MAX_AGE</code> header for the cached content. | behavior is either: <code>CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES</code> , <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> , <code>EXPIRES</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|---------|--|---|
| enhancedRfcSupport | boolean | This enables honoring particular Cache-Control header directives from the origin. Supports all official RFC 7234 directives except for no-transform . | behavior is either: CACHE_CONTROL , CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES |
| honorNoStore | boolean | Instructs edge servers not to cache the response when the origin response includes the no-store directive. | enhancedRfcSupport is true |
| honorPrivate | boolean | Instructs edge servers not to cache the response when the origin response includes the private directive. | behavior is either: CACHE_CONTROL , CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES |
| honorNoCache | boolean | With the no-cache directive present in the response, this instructs edge servers to validate or refetch the response for each request. Effectively, set the time to live ttl to zero seconds. | enhancedRfcSupport is true |
| honorMaxAge | boolean | This instructs edge servers to cache the object for a length of time set by the max-age directive in the response. When present in the origin response, this directive takes precedence over the max-age directive and the defaultTtl setting. | enhancedRfcSupport is true |
| honorSMaxage | boolean | Instructs edge servers to cache the object for a length of time set by the s-maxage directive in the response. When present in the origin response, this directive takes precedence over the max-age directive and the defaultTtl setting. | enhancedRfcSupport is true |
| honorMustRevalidate | boolean | This instructs edge servers to successfully revalidate with the origin server before using stale objects in the cache to satisfy new requests. | behavior is either: CACHE_CONTROL , CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES |
| honorProxyRevalidate | boolean | With the proxy-revalidate directive present in the response, this instructs edge servers to successfully revalidate with the origin server before using stale objects in the cache to satisfy new requests. | enhancedRfcSupport is true |

centralAuthorization

- **Property Manager name:** [Centralized Authorization](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the centralAuthorization behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Forward client requests to the origin server for authorization, along with optional Set-Cookie headers, useful when you need to maintain tight access control. The edge server forwards an If-Modified-Since header, to which the origin needs to respond with a 304 (Not-Modified) HTTP status when authorization succeeds. If so, the edge server responds to the client with the cached object, since it does not need to be re-acquired from the origin.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the centralized authorization behavior. |

chaseRedirects

- **Property Manager name:** [Chase Redirects](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `chaseRedirects` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Controls whether the edge server chases any redirects served from the origin.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows edge servers to chase redirects. |
| <code>limit</code> | string | Specifies, as a string, the maximum number of redirects to follow. |
| <code>serve404</code> | boolean | Once the redirect <code>limit</code> is reached, enabling this option serves an HTTP 404 (Not Found) error instead of the last redirect. |

clientCharacteristics

- **Property Manager name:** [Client Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `clientCharacteristics` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the client ecosystem. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better end-user performance.

See also [originCharacteristics](#) and various product-specific behaviors whose names are prefixed *content Characteristics*.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------|---|
| <code>country</code> | enum | Specifies the client request's geographic region. |
| | GLOBAL | Global. |
| | GLOBAL_US_CENTRIC | Regional. |
| | GLOBAL_EU_CENTRIC | Regional. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | GLOBAL_ASIA_CENTRIC | Regional. |
| | EUROPE | Europe. |
| | NORTH_AMERICA | North America. |
| | SOUTH_AMERICA | South America. |
| | NORDICS | Northern Europe. |
| | ASIA_PACIFIC | Asia and Pacific Islands. |
| | AUSTRALIA | Australia. |
| | GERMANY | Germany. |
| | INDIA | India. |
| | ITALY | Italy. |
| | JAPAN | Japan. |
| | TAIWAN | Taiwan. |
| | UNITED_KINGDOM | United Kingdom. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer any optimizations. |

cloudInterconnects

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Interconnects for Google Cloud \(GCP\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the cloudInterconnects behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Cloud Interconnects forwards traffic from edge servers to your cloud origin through Private Network Interconnects (PNIs), helping to reduce the egress costs at the origin. Supports origins hosted by Google Cloud Provider (GCP).

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------|--------------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Channels the traffic to maximize the egress discount at the origin. |
| cloud Locations | string array | Specifies the geographical locations of your cloud origin. You should enable Cloud Interconnects only if your origin is in one of these locations, since GCP doesn't provide a discount for egress traffic for any other regions. |
| | AS | Asia. |
| | EU | Europe. |
| | NA | North America. |

cloudWrapper

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Wrapper](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `cloudWrapper` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

[Cloud Wrapper](#) maximizes origin offload for large libraries of video, game, and software downloads by optimizing data caches in regions nearest to your origin. You can't use this behavior in conjunction with [sureRoute](#) or [tiered Distribution](#) .

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables Cloud Wrapper behavior. |
| location | string | The location you want to distribute your Cloud Wrapper cache space to. This behavior allows all locations configured in your Cloud Wrapper configuration. |

cloudWrapperAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Wrapper Advanced](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `cloudWrapperAdvanced` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Your account representative uses this behavior to implement a customized failover configuration on your behalf. Use Cloud Wrapper Advanced with an enabled [cloudWrapper](#) behavior in the same rule.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables failover for Cloud Wrapper. | |
| failover Map | string | Specifies the failover map to handle Cloud Wrapper failures. Contact your account representative for more information. | |
| custom FailoverMap | string (allows variables) | Specifies the custom failover map to handle Cloud Wrapper failures. Contact your account representative for more information. | <code>failoverMap</code> is Custom |

constructResponse

- **Property Manager name:** [Construct Response](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `constructResponse` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior constructs an HTTP response, complete with HTTP status code and body, to serve from the edge independently of your origin. It supports all request methods except for `POST`.

Don't use this behavior with Bot Manager when you [set up alternate hostnames](#) to send bot traffic to an alternate page or site. Make sure the `constructResponse` behavior is disabled in that case.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Serves the custom response. |
| <code>body</code> | string (allows variables) | HTML response of up to 2000 characters to send to the end-user client. |
| <code>responseCode</code> | enum | The HTTP response code to send to the end-user client. |
| | | Supported values: 200 401 403 404 405 417 500 |
| <code>forceEviction</code> | boolean | Removes the underlying object from the cache, since it is not being served. |
| <code>ignorePurge</code> | boolean | Whether to ignore the custom response when purging. |

contentCharacteristics

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `contentCharacteristics` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the

related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------|------------------|---|
| objectSize | enum | Optimize based on the size of the object retrieved from the origin. |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10 Mb. |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100 Mb. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. |
| | SMALL | Under 100GB. |
| | MEDIUM | 100GB-1TB. |
| | LARGE | 1TB-100TB. |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100TB. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the type of content. |
| | USER_GENERATED | Generally, user-generated media. |
| | WEB_OBJECTS | Generally, media delivered for websites. |
| | SOFTWARE | Software. |
| | IMAGES | Images. |
| | OTHER_OBJECTS | Content that doesn't fall under any of these categories. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |

contentCharacteristicsAMD

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the contentCharacteristicsAMD behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. | |
| | SMALL | Less than 100Gb. | |
| | MEDIUM | 100Gb-1Tb. | |
| | LARGE | 1-100Tb. | |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100Tb. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the quality of media content. | |
| | SD | Standard definition. | |
| | HD | High definition. | |
| | ULTRA_HD | Ultra high definition. | |
| | OTHER | More than one level of quality. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. | |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. | |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| hls | boolean | Enable delivery of HLS media. | |
| segmentDurationHLS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | hls is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| segmentDurationHLSCustom | number | Customizes the number of seconds for the segment. | segmentDurationHLS is OTHER |
| segmentSizeHLS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hls is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|------------------------------|
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| hds | boolean | Enable delivery of HDS media. | |
| segmentDurationHDS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | hds is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| segmentDurationHDSCustom | number | Customizes the number of seconds for the fragment. | segmentDurationHDS is OTHER |
| segmentSizeHDS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hds is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| dash | boolean | Enable delivery of DASH media. | |
| segmentDurationDASH | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | dash is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| segmentDurationDASHCustom | number | Customizes the number of seconds for the segment. | segmentDurationDASH is OTHER |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| segmentSizeDASH | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | dash is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes that straddle these ranges. | |
| smooth | boolean | Enable delivery of Smooth media. | |
| segmentDurationSmooth | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | smooth is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| | OTHER | Customize the value. | |
| segmentDurationSmooth Custom | number | Customizes the number of seconds for the fragment. | segmentDurationSmooth is OTHER |
| segmentSizeSmooth | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | smooth is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |

contentCharacteristicsDD

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the contentCharacteristicsDD behavior v1.0.

- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------|--------------------|---|
| objectSize | enum | Optimize based on the size of the object retrieved from the origin. |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. |
| | SMALL | Less than 100Gb. |
| | MEDIUM | 100Gb-1Tb. |
| | LARGE | 1-100Tb. |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100Tb. |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the type of content. |
| | VIDEO | Video. |
| | SOFTWARE | Software. |
| | SOFTWARE_PATCH | Software patch. |
| | GAME | Game. |
| | GAME_PATCH | Game patch. |
| | OTHER_DOWNLOADS | Other downloads that don't fall into these categories. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| optimizeOption | boolean | Optimizes the delivery throughput and download times for large files. |

contentCharacteristicsWsdLargeFile

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics - Large File](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the contentCharacteristicsWsdLargeFile behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content, specifically targeted to delivering large files. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------|--------------------|---|
| objectSize | enum | Optimize based on the size of the object retrieved from the origin. |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. |
| | SMALL | Less than 100Gb. |
| | MEDIUM | 100Gb-1Tb. |
| | LARGE | 1-100Tb. |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100Tb. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the type of content. |
| | VIDEO | Video. |
| | SOFTWARE | Software. |
| | SOFTWARE_PATCH | Software patch. |
| | GAME | Game. |
| | GAME_PATCH | Game patch. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|-----------------|--|
| | OTHER_DOWNLOADS | Other downloads that don't fall into these categories. |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. |

contentCharacteristicsWsdLive

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics - Streaming Video Live](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the contentCharacteristicsWsdLive behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content, specifically targeted to delivering live video. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|-------------|--|--------------------------|
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. | |
| | SMALL | Less than 100Gb. | |
| | MEDIUM | 100Gb-1Tb. | |
| | LARGE | 1-100Tb. | |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100Tb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the quality of media content. | |
| | SD | Standard definition. | |
| | HD | High definition. | |
| | ULTRA_HD | Ultra high definition. | |
| | OTHER | More than one level of quality. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. | |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. | |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| hls | boolean | Enable delivery of HLS media. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|--------------|
| segmentDurationHLS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | hls is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeHLS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hls is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| hds | boolean | Enable delivery of HDS media. | |
| segmentDurationHDS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | hds is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeHDS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hds is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| dash | boolean | Enable delivery of DASH media. | |
| segmentDurationDASH | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | dash is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeDASH | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | dash is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------|
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| smooth | boolean | Enable delivery of Smooth media. | |
| segmentDurationSmooth | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | smooth is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeSmooth | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | smooth is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes that straddle these ranges. | |

contentCharacteristicsWsdVod

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics - Streaming Video On-demand](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the contentCharacteristicsWsdVod behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the delivered content, specifically targeted to delivering on-demand video. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

Along with other behaviors whose names are prefixed *contentCharacteristics*, this behavior is customized for a specific product set. Use PAPI's [List available behaviors](#) operation to determine the set available to you. See also the related [clientCharacteristics](#) and [originCharacteristics](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------|-------|--|----------|
| catalogSize | enum | Optimize based on the total size of the content library delivered. | |
| | SMALL | Less than 100Gb. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------|
| | MEDIUM | 100Gb-1Tb. | |
| | LARGE | 1-100Tb. | |
| | EXTRA_LARGE | More than 100Tb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| contentType | enum | Optimize based on the quality of media content. | |
| | SD | Standard definition. | |
| | HD | High definition. | |
| | ULTRA_HD | Ultra high definition. | |
| | OTHER | More than one level of quality. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| popularityDistribution | enum | Optimize based on the content's expected popularity. | |
| | LONG_TAIL | A low volume of requests over a long period. | |
| | ALL_POPULAR | A high volume of requests over a short period. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| hls | boolean | Enable delivery of HLS media. | |
| segmentDurationHLS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | hls is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeHLS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hls is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| hds | boolean | Enable delivery of HDS media. | |
| segmentDurationHDS | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | hds is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeHDS | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | hds is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---|----------------|
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |
| dash | boolean | Enable delivery of DASH media. | |
| segmentDurationDASH | enum | Specifies the duration of individual segments. | dash is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeDASH | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | dash is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Values straddle these ranges. | |
| smooth | boolean | Enable delivery of Smooth media. | |
| segmentDurationSmooth | enum | Specifies the duration of individual fragments. | smooth is true |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_2S | 2 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_4S | 4 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_6S | 6 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_8S | 8 seconds. | |
| | SEGMENT_DURATION_10S | 10 seconds. | |
| segmentSizeSmooth | enum | Specifies the size of the media object retrieved from the origin. | smooth is true |
| | LESS_THAN_1MB | Less than 1Mb. | |
| | ONE_MB_TO_TEN_MB | 1-10Mb. | |
| | TEN_MB_TO_100_MB | 10-100Mb. | |
| | GREATER_THAN_100MB | More than 100Mb. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | OTHER | Sizes straddle these ranges. | |

contentTargetingProtection

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Targeting - Protection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `contentTargetingProtection` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Content Targeting is based on [EdgeScape™](#), Akamai's location-based access control system. You can use it to allow or deny access to a set of geographic regions or IP addresses.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Content Targeting feature. | |
| <code>enableGeoProtection</code> | boolean | When enabled, verifies IP addresses are unique to specific geographic regions. | |
| <code>geoProtectionMode</code> | enum | Specifies how to handle requests. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow requests. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny requests. | |
| <code>countries</code> | string array | Specifies a set of two-character ISO 3166 country codes from which to allow or deny traffic. See EdgeScape Data Codes™ for a list. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| <code>regions</code> | string array | Specifies a set of ISO 3166-2 regional codes from which to allow or deny traffic. See EdgeScape Data Codes™ for a list. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| <code>dmcs</code> | string array | Specifies the set of Designated Market Area codes from which to allow or deny traffic. See EdgeScape Data Codes™ for a list. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| <code>overrideIPAddresses</code> | string array | Specify a set of IP addresses or CIDR blocks that exceptions to the set of included or excluded areas. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| <code>enableGeoRedirectOnDeny</code> | boolean | When enabled, redirects denied requests rather than responding with an error code. | <code>enableGeoProtection</code> is true |
| <code>geoRedirectUrl</code> | string | This specifies the full URL to the redirect page for denied requests. | <code>enableGeoRedirectOnDeny</code> is true |
| <code>enableIPProtection</code> | boolean | Allows you to control access to your content from specific sets of IP addresses and CIDR blocks. | |
| <code>ipProtectionMode</code> | enum | Specifies how to handle requests. | <code>enableIPProtection</code> is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow requests. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny requests. | |
| <code>ipAddresses</code> | string array | Specify a set of IP addresses or CIDR blocks to allow or deny. | <code>enableIPProtection</code> is true |
| <code>enableIPRedirectOnDeny</code> | boolean | When enabled, redirects denied requests rather than responding with an error code. | <code>enableIPProtection</code> is true |
| <code>ipRedirectUrl</code> | string | This specifies the full URL to the redirect page for denied requests. | <code>enableIPRedirectOnDeny</code> is true |
| <code>enableReferrerProtection</code> | boolean | Allows you allow traffic from certain referring websites, and disallow traffic from unauthorized sites that hijack those links. | |
| <code>referrerProtectionMode</code> | enum | Specify the action to take. | <code>enableReferrerProtection</code> is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow requests. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | DENY | Deny requests. | |
| referrerDomains | string array | Specifies the set of domains from which to allow or deny traffic. | enableReferrerProtection is true |
| enableReferrerRedirectOnDeny | boolean | When enabled, redirects denied requests rather than responding with an error code. | enableReferrerProtection is true |
| referrerRedirectUrl | string | This specifies the full URL to the redirect page for denied requests. | enableReferrerRedirectOnDeny is true |

corsSupport

- **Property Manager name:** [CORS Protocol Support](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the corsSupport behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Cross-origin resource sharing (CORS) allows web pages in one domain to access restricted resources from your domain. Specify external origin hostnames, methods, and headers that you want to accept via HTTP response headers. Full support of CORS requires allowing requests that use the OPTIONS method. See [allowOptions](#) .

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------|--------------|--|---------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables CORS feature. | |
| allowOrigins | enum | In responses to preflight requests, sets which origin hostnames to accept requests from. | |
| | ANY | Accept from any origin hostname. | |
| | SPECIFIED | Accept from a set of origin hostnames. | |
| origins | string array | Defines the origin hostnames to accept requests from. The hostnames that you enter need to start with http or https . For detailed hostname syntax requirements, refer to RFC-952 and RFC-1123 specifications. | allowOrigins is SPECIFIED |
| allowCredentials | boolean | Accepts requests made using credentials, like cookies or TLS client certificates. | |
| allowHeaders | enum | In responses to preflight requests, defines which headers to allow when making the actual request. | |
| | ANY | Allow any headers. | |
| | SPECIFIED | Allow a specific set of headers. | |
| headers | string array | Defines the supported request headers. | allowHeaders is SPECIFIED |
| methods | string array | Specifies any combination of the following methods: DELETE , GET , PATCH , POST , and PUT that are allowed when accessing the resource from an external domain. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|---|---|----------|
| expose Headers | string array (allows variables) | In responses to preflight requests, lists names of headers that clients can access. By default, clients can access the following simple response headers: <code>Cache-Control</code> , <code>Content-Language</code> , <code>Content-Type</code> , <code>Expires</code> , <code>Last-Modified</code> , and <code>Pragma</code> . You can add other header names to make them accessible to clients. | |
| preflight MaxAge | string (duration) | Defines the number of seconds that the browser should cache the response to a preflight request. | |

cpCode

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Provider Code](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `cpCode` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Content Provider Codes (CP codes) allow you to distinguish various reporting and billing segments. You receive a CP code when purchasing Akamai service, and you need it to access properties. This behavior allows you to apply any valid CP code, including additional ones you may request from Akamai Professional Services. For a CP code to be valid, it needs to belong to the same contract and be associated with the same product as the property, and the group needs access to it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|---------|--|
| value | object | Specifies a <code>value</code> object, which includes an <code>id</code> key and a descriptive <code>name</code> . |
| value.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. |
| value.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. |
| value.name | string | The name of the CP code. |
| value.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. |

customBehavior

- **Property Manager name:** [Custom Behavior](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `customBehavior` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)

- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows you to insert a customized XML metadata behavior into any property's rule tree. Talk to your Akamai representative to implement the customized behavior. Once it's ready, run PAPI's [List custom behaviors](#) operation, then apply the relevant `behaviorId` value from the response within the current `customBehavior`. See [Custom behaviors and overrides](#) for guidance on custom metadata behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>behaviorId</code> | string | The unique identifier for the predefined custom behavior you want to insert into the current rule. |

datastream

- **Property Manager name:** [DataStream](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `datastream` behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [DataStream](#) reporting service provides real-time logs on application activity, including aggregated metrics on complete request and response cycles and origin response times. Apply this behavior to report on this set of traffic. Use the [DataStream API](#) to aggregate the data.

In the latest rule format, `logStreamName` is an array of string values, such as `["1234", "5678"]` instead of a single `1234` integer value. Make sure your property accepts the single integer for the previous rule format, otherwise use an array to prevent errors.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| <code>stream Type</code> | enum | Specify the DataStream type. | |
| | <code>BEACON</code> | Low latency streaming of raw or aggregated data for push delivery or through the pull API. | |
| | <code>LOG</code> | Scalable, low latency streaming of raw data for push delivery. | |
| | <code>BEACON_AND_LOG</code> | Specify both. | |
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables DataStream reporting. | |
| <code>datastream Ids</code> | string | A set of dash-separated DataStream ID values to limit the scope of reported data. By default, all active streams report. Use the DataStream application to gather stream ID values that apply to this property configuration. Specifying IDs for any streams that don't apply to this property has no effect, and results in no data reported. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|---------|---|--|
| log Enabled | boolean | Enables log collection for the property by associating it with DataStream configurations. | stream Type is either: LOG , BEACON_ AND_LOG |
| logStream Name | string | Specifies the unique IDs of streams configured for the property. For properties created with the previous version of the rule format, this option contains a string instead of an array of strings. You can use the List streams operation to get stream IDs. | log Enabled is true |
| sampling Percentage | number | Specifies the percentage of log data you want to collect for this property. | log Enabled is true |
| collect Midgress Traffic | boolean | If enabled, gathers midgress traffic data within the Akamai platform, such as between two edge servers, for all streams configured. | log Enabled is true |

dcp

- **Property Manager name:** [IoT Edge Connect](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dcp behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. (The [IoT Edge Connect API](#) allows programmatic access.) This behavior allows you to select previously reserved namespaces and set the protocols for users to publish and receive messages within these namespaces. Use the [verifyJsonWebTokenForDcp](#) behavior to control access.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables IoT Edge Connect. |
| namespace Id | string | Specifies the globally reserved name for a specific configuration. It includes authorization rules over publishing and subscribing to logical categories known as <i>topics</i> . This provides a root path for all topics defined within a namespace configuration. You can use the IoT Edge Connect API to configure access control lists for your namespace configuration. |
| tlsenabled | boolean | When enabled, you can publish and receive messages over a secured MQTT connection on port 8883. |
| wsenabled | boolean | When enabled, you can publish and receive messages through a secured MQTT connection over WebSockets on port 443. |
| gwenabled | boolean | When enabled, you can publish and receive messages over a secured HTTP connection on port 443. |
| anonymous | boolean | When enabled, you don't need to pass the JWT token with the mqtt request, and JWT validation is skipped. |

dcpAuthHMACTransformation

- **Property Manager name:** [Variable Hash Transformation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dcpAuthHMACTransformation behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. In conjunction with [dcpAuthVariableExtractor](#), this behavior affects how clients can authenticate themselves to edge servers, and which groups within namespaces are authorized to access topics. It transforms a source string value extracted from the client certificate and stored as a variable, then generates a hash value based on the selected algorithm, for use in authenticating the client request.

Note that you can apply this hash transformation, or either of the [dcpAuthRegexTransformation](#) or [dcpAuthSubstringTransformation](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|--------|---|
| hashConversionAlgorithm | enum | Specifies the hash algorithm. |
| | SHA256 | Use SHA-256. |
| | MD5 | Use MD5. |
| | SHA384 | Use SHA-384. |
| hashConversionKey | string | Specifies the key to generate the hash, ideally a long random string to ensure adequate security. |

dcpAuthRegexTransformation

- **Property Manager name:** [Variable Regex Transformation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dcpAuthRegexTransformation behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. In conjunction with [dcpAuthVariableExtractor](#), this behavior affects how clients can authenticate themselves to edge servers, and which groups within namespaces are authorized to access

topics. It transforms a source string value extracted from the client certificate and stored as a variable, then transforms the string based on a regular expression search pattern, for use in authenticating the client request.

Note that you can apply this regular expression transformation, or either of the [dcpAuthHMACTransformation](#) or [dcpAuthSubstringTransformation](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>regex</code> Pattern | string | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression with a single grouping to capture the text. For example, a value of <code>^(.{0,10})</code> omits the first character, but then captures up to 10 characters after that. If the regular expression does not capture a substring, authentication may fail. |

dcpAuthSubstringTransformation

- **Property Manager name:** [Variable Substring Transformation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `dcpAuthSubstringTransformation` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. In conjunction with [dcpAuthVariableExtractor](#), this behavior affects how clients can authenticate themselves to edge servers, and which groups within namespaces are authorized to access topics. It transforms a source string value extracted from the client certificate and stored as a variable, then extracts a substring, for use in authenticating the client request.

Note that you can apply this substring transformation, or either of the [dcpAuthHMACTransformation](#) or [dcpAuthRegexTransformation](#) behaviors.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>substring</code> Start | string | The zero-based index offset of the first character to extract. If the index is out of bound from the string's length, authentication may fail. |
| <code>substring</code> End | string | The zero-based index offset of the last character to extract, where <code>-1</code> selects the remainder of the string. If the index is out of bound from the string's length, authentication may fail. |

dcpAuthVariableExtractor

- **Property Manager name:** [Mutual Authentication](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `dcpAuthVariableExtractor` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. This behavior affects how clients can authenticate themselves to edge servers, and which groups within namespaces are authorized to access topics. When enabled, this behavior allows end users to authenticate their requests with valid x509 client certificates. Either a client identifier or access authorization groups are required to make the request valid.

The behavior extracts the value from the specified field in the client certificate and stores it as a variable for a client identifier or access authorization groups. You can then apply any of these behaviors to transform the value: [dcpAuthHMACTransformation](#) , [dcpAuthRegexTransformation](#) , OR [dcpAuthSubstringTransformation](#) .

| Option | Type | Description |
|--|----------------------------------|---|
| <code>certificateField</code> | enum | Specifies the field in the client certificate to extract the variable from. |
| | <code>SUBJECT_DN</code> | Subject distinguished name. |
| | <code>V3_SUBJECT_ALT_NAME</code> | Subject alternative name. |
| | <code>SERIAL</code> | Serial number. |
| | <code>FINGERPRINT_DYN</code> | The fingerprint hashed based on the algorithm that was used to generate the signature in the certificate. |
| | <code>FINGERPRINT_MD5</code> | Fingerprint MD5. |
| | <code>FINGERPRINT_SHA1</code> | Fingerprint SHA1. |
| | <code>V3_NETSCAPE_COMMENT</code> | An X.509 v3 certificate extension used to include comments inside certificates. |
| <code>dcpMutualAuthProcessingVariableId</code> | enum | Where to store the value. |
| | <code>VAR_DCP_CLIENT_ID</code> | Variable for the client ID. |
| | <code>VAR_DCP_AUTH_GROUP</code> | Variable for the access authorization groups. |

dcpDefaultAuthzGroups

- **Property Manager name:** [Default Authorization Groups](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `dcpDefaultAuthzGroups` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. This behavior defines a set of default authorization groups to add to each request the property configuration controls. These groups have access regardless of the authentication method you use, either JWT using the [verifyJsonWebTokenForDcp](#) behavior, or mutual authentication using the [dcpAuthVariableExtractor](#) behavior to control where authorization groups are extracted from within certificates.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------|--------------|--|
| groupNames | string array | Specifies the set of authorization groups to assign to all connecting devices. |

dcpDevRelations

- **Property Manager name:** [IoT Edge Connect Dev Relations](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dcpDevRelations behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) product allows connected users and devices to communicate on a publish-subscribe basis within reserved namespaces. This behavior allows Akamai-external clients to use developer test accounts in a shared environment. In conjunction with [verifyJsonWebTokenForDcp](#), this behavior allows you to use your own JWTs in your requests, or those generated by Akamai. It lets you either enable the default JWT server for your test configuration by setting the authentication endpoint to a default path, or specify custom settings for your JWT server and the authentication endpoint.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------|---------|---|----------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the default JWT server and sets the authentication endpoint to a default path. | |
| customValues | boolean | Allows you to specify custom JWT server connection values. | |
| hostname | string | Specifies the JWT server's hostname. | customValues is true |
| path | string | Specifies the path to your JWT server's authentication endpoint. This lets you generate JWTs to sign your requests. | customValues is true |

deliveryReceipt

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Monitor Data Delivery](#).
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `deliveryReceipt` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

A static behavior that's required when specifying the Cloud Monitor module's (`edgeConnect`) behavior. You can only apply this behavior if the property is marked as secure. See [Secure property requirements](#) for guidance.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

denyAccess

- **Property Manager name:** [Control Access](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `denyAccess` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Assuming a condition in the rule matches, this denies access to the requested content. For example, a `userLocation` match paired with this behavior would deny requests from a specified part of the world.

By keying on the value of the `reason` option, `denyAccess` behaviors may override each other when called from nested rules. For example, a parent rule might deny access to a certain geographic area, citing `location` as the `reason` , but another nested rule can then allow access for a set of IPs within that area, so long as the `reason` matches.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>reason</code> | string | Text message that keys why access is denied. Any subsequent <code>denyAccess</code> behaviors within the rule tree may refer to the same <code>reason</code> key to override the current behavior. |
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Denies access when enabled. |

denyDirectFailoverAccess

- **Property Manager name:** [Security Failover Protection](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `denyDirectFailoverAccess` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

A static behavior required for all properties that implement a failover under the Cloud Security Failover product.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

deviceCharacteristicCached

- **Property Manager name:** [Device Characterization - Define Cached Content](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `deviceCharacteristicCached` behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

By default, source URLs serve as cache IDs on edge servers. Electronic Data Capture allows you to specify an additional set of device characteristics to generate separate cache keys. Use this in conjunction with the [deviceCharacteristicHeader](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|-------------|----------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------|-----|------------------|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----------------------|----------------|---------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| elements | string array | Specifies a set of information about the device with which to generate a separate cache key. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | <div>Supported values:<table><tr><td>ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE</td><td>MOBILE_BROWSER</td></tr><tr><td>AJAX_PREFERRED_GEOLOC_API</td><td>MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION</td></tr><tr><td>AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT</td><td>MODEL_NAME</td></tr><tr><td>BRAND_NAME</td><td>PDF_SUPPORT</td></tr><tr><td>COOKIE_SUPPORT</td><td>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT</td></tr><tr><td>DEVICE_OS</td><td>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH</td></tr><tr><td>DEVICE_OS_VERSION</td><td>PNG</td></tr><tr><td>DUAL_ORIENTATION</td><td>PREFERRED_MARKUP</td></tr><tr><td>FLASH_LITE_VERSION</td><td>RESOLUTION_HEIGHT</td></tr><tr><td>FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT</td><td>RESOLUTION_WIDTH</td></tr><tr><td>GIF_ANIMATED</td><td>VIEWPORT_INITIAL_SCALE</td></tr><tr><td>HTML_PREFERRED_DTD</td><td>VIEWPORT_WIDTH</td></tr><tr><td>IS_MOBILE</td><td>XHTMMP_PREFERRED_MIME_TYPE</td></tr><tr><td>IS_TABLET</td><td>XHTML_FILE_UPLOAD</td></tr><tr><td>IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE</td><td>XHTML_PREFERRED_CHARSET</td></tr><tr><td>JPG</td><td>XHTML_SUPPORTS_IFRAME</td></tr><tr><td>MARKETING_NAME</td><td>XHTML_SUPPORTS_TABLE_FOR_LAYOUT</td></tr><tr><td>MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT</td><td>XHTML_SUPPORT_LEVEL</td></tr><tr><td>MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH</td><td>XHTML_TABLE_SUPPORT</td></tr></table></div> | ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE | MOBILE_BROWSER | AJAX_PREFERRED_GEOLOC_API | MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION | AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT | MODEL_NAME | BRAND_NAME | PDF_SUPPORT | COOKIE_SUPPORT | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT | DEVICE_OS | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH | DEVICE_OS_VERSION | PNG | DUAL_ORIENTATION | PREFERRED_MARKUP | FLASH_LITE_VERSION | RESOLUTION_HEIGHT | FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT | RESOLUTION_WIDTH | GIF_ANIMATED | VIEWPORT_INITIAL_SCALE | HTML_PREFERRED_DTD | VIEWPORT_WIDTH | IS_MOBILE | XHTMMP_PREFERRED_MIME_TYPE | IS_TABLET | XHTML_FILE_UPLOAD | IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE | XHTML_PREFERRED_CHARSET | JPG | XHTML_SUPPORTS_IFRAME | MARKETING_NAME | XHTML_SUPPORTS_TABLE_FOR_LAYOUT | MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT | XHTML_SUPPORT_LEVEL | MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH | XHTML_TABLE_SUPPORT |
| ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE | MOBILE_BROWSER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AJAX_PREFERRED_GEOLOC_API | MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT | MODEL_NAME | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BRAND_NAME | PDF_SUPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COOKIE_SUPPORT | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEVICE_OS | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DEVICE_OS_VERSION | PNG | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DUAL_ORIENTATION | PREFERRED_MARKUP | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FLASH_LITE_VERSION | RESOLUTION_HEIGHT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT | RESOLUTION_WIDTH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| GIF_ANIMATED | VIEWPORT_INITIAL_SCALE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HTML_PREFERRED_DTD | VIEWPORT_WIDTH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IS_MOBILE | XHTMMP_PREFERRED_MIME_TYPE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IS_TABLET | XHTML_FILE_UPLOAD | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE | XHTML_PREFERRED_CHARSET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| JPG | XHTML_SUPPORTS_IFRAME | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MARKETING_NAME | XHTML_SUPPORTS_TABLE_FOR_LAYOUT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT | XHTML_SUPPORT_LEVEL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH | XHTML_TABLE_SUPPORT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

deviceCharacteristicHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Device Characterization - Forward in Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the deviceCharacteristicHeader behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Sends selected information about requesting devices to the origin server, in the form of an X-Akamai-Device-Characteristics HTTP header. Use in conjunction with the [deviceCharacteristicCacheId](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|--------------|--|
| elements | string array | Specifies the set of information about the requesting device to send to the origin server. |
| | | <div>Supported values:<div><div>ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE</div><div>MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT</div><div>AJAX_PREFERRED_GEOLOC_API</div><div>MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH</div><div>AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT</div><div>MOBILE_BROWSER</div><div>BRAND_NAME</div><div>MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION</div><div>COOKIE_SUPPORT</div><div>MODEL_NAME</div><div>DEVICE_OS</div><div>PDF_SUPPORT</div><div>DEVICE_OS_VERSION</div><div>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT</div><div>DUAL_ORIENTATION</div><div>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH</div><div>FLASH_LITE_VERSION</div><div>PNG</div><div>FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT</div><div>PREFERRED_MARKUP</div><div>GIF_ANIMATED</div><div>RESOLUTION_HEIGHT</div><div>HTML_PREFERRED_DTD</div><div>RESOLUTION_WIDTH</div><div>IS_MOBILE</div><div>VIEWPORT_INITIAL_SCALE</div><div>IS_TABLET</div><div>VIEWPORT_WIDTH</div><div>IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE</div><div>XHTMLMP_PREFERRED_MIME_TYPE</div><div>JPG</div><div>XHTML_FILE_UPLOAD</div><div>MARKETING_NAME</div><div>XHTML_PREFERRED_CHARSET</div></div></div> |

dnsAsyncRefresh

- **Property Manager name:** [DNS Asynchronous Refresh](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dnsAsyncRefresh behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow an edge server to use an expired DNS record when forwarding a request to your origin. The *type A* DNS record refreshes *after* content is served to the end user, so there is no wait for the DNS resolution. Avoid this behavior if

you want to be able to disable a server immediately after its DNS record expires.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Allows edge servers to refresh an expired DNS record after serving content. |
| timeout | string (duration) | Set the maximum allowed time an expired DNS record may be active. |

dnsPrefresh

- **Property Manager name:** [DNS Prefresh](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `dnsPrefresh` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows edge servers to refresh your origin's DNS record independently from end-user requests. The *type A* DNS record refreshes before the origin's DNS record expires.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|-------------------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Allows edge servers to refresh DNS records before they expire. |
| delay | string (duration) | Specifies the amount of time following a DNS record's expiration to asynchronously prefresh it. |
| timeout | string (duration) | Specifies the amount of time to prefresh a DNS entry if there have been no requests to the domain name. |

downgradeProtocol

- **Property Manager name:** [Protocol Downgrade](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `downgradeProtocol` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Serve static objects to the end-user client over HTTPS, but fetch them from the origin via HTTP.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the protocol downgrading behavior. |

downloadCompleteMarker

- **Property Manager name:** [Download Complete Marker](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the downloadCompleteMarker behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The [Internet of Things: OTA Updates](#) product allows customers to securely distribute firmware to devices over cellular networks. Based on match criteria that executes a rule, this behavior logs requests to the OTA servers as completed in aggregated and individual reports.

See also the [downloadNotification](#) and [requestTypeMarker](#) behaviors.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

downloadNotification

- **Property Manager name:** [Download Notification](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the downloadNotification behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Internet of Things: OTA Updates](#) product allows customers to securely distribute firmware to devices over cellular networks. Based on match criteria that executes a rule, this behavior allows requests to the [OTA Updates API](#) for a list of completed downloads to individual vehicles.

See also the [downloadCompleteMarker](#) behavior.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

downstreamCache

- **Property Manager name:** [Downstream Cacheability](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the downstreamCache behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specify the caching instructions the edge server sends to the end user's client or client proxies. By default, the cache's duration is whichever is less: the remaining lifetime of the edge cache, or what the origin's header specifies. If the origin is set to no-store or bypass-cache, edge servers send *cache-busting* headers downstream to prevent downstream caching.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| behavior | enum | Specify the caching instructions the edge server sends to the end user's client. | |
| | ALLOW | The value of allowBehavior chooses the caching method and headers to send to the client. | |
| | MUST_REVALIDATE | This equates to a Cache-Control: no-cache header, which allows caching but forces the client browser to send an if-modified-since request each time it requests the object. | |
| | BUST | Sends cache-busting headers downstream. | |
| | TUNNEL_ORIGIN | This passes Cache-Control and Expires headers from the origin to the downstream client. | |
| | NONE | Don't send any caching headers. Allow client browsers to cache content according to their own default settings. | |
| allow Behavior | enum | Specify how the edge server calculates the downstream cache by setting the value of the Expires header. | behavior is ALLOW |
| | LESSER | Sends the lesser value of what the origin specifies and the edge cache's remaining duration. This is the default behavior. | |
| | GREATER | Sends the greater value of what the origin specifies and the edge cache's remaining duration. | |
| | REMAINING_LIFETIME | Sends the value of the edge cache's remaining duration, without comparing it to the origin's headers. | |
| | FROM_MAX_AGE | Sends the cache:max-age value applied to the object, without evaluating the cache's duration. | |
| | FROM_VALUE | Sends the value of the edge cache's duration. | |
| | PASS_ORIGIN | Sends the value of the origin's header, without evaluating the edge cache's duration. | |
| ttl | string (duration) | Sets the duration of the cache. Setting the value to 0 equates to a no-cache header that forces revalidation. | allowBehavior is FROM_VALUE |
| send Headers | enum | Specifies the HTTP headers to include in the response to the client. | behavior is ALLOW |
| | CACHE_CONTROL_AND_EXPIRES | Sends both Cache-Control and Expires header. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------|---------------|--|---|
| | CACHE_CONTROL | Sends only the origin's Cache-Control header. | |
| | EXPIRES | Sends only the origin's Expires header. | |
| | PASS_ORIGIN | Sends the same set of Cache-Control and Expires headers received from the origin. | |
| send Private | boolean | Adds a Cache-Control: private header to prevent objects from being cached in a shared caching proxy. | behavior is either: ALLOW, MUST_REVALIDATE AND sendHeaders is not EXPIRES |

dynamicThroughputOptimization

- **Property Manager name:** [Quick Retry](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dynamicThroughputOptimization behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Enables *quick retry*, which detects slow forward throughput while fetching an object, and attempts a different forward connection path to avoid congestion. By default, connections under 5 mbps trigger this behavior. When the transfer rate drops below this rate during a connection attempt, quick retry is enabled and a different forward connection path is used. Contact Akamai Professional Services to override this threshold.

Note that there are certain limitations to how you can use this behavior. See the [Object Delivery documentation](#) for more information.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|----------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the quick retry feature. |

dynamicThroughputOptimizationOverride

- **Property Manager name:** [Quick Retry Override](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the dynamicThroughputOptimizationOverride behavior v1.1.

- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This overrides the default threshold of 5 Mbps that triggers the [dynamicThroughputOptimization](#) behavior, which enables the quick retry feature. Quick retry detects slow forward throughput while fetching an object, and attempts a different forward connection path to avoid congestion. This behavior can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------|--------|---|
| throughput | string | Specifies the default target forward throughput in Mbps, ranging from 2 to 50 Mbps. If this time is exceeded during a connection attempt, quick retry is enabled and a different forward connection path is used. |

dynamicWebContent

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Characteristics - Dynamic Web Content](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `dynamicWebContent` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

In conjunction with the [subCustomer](#) behavior, this optional behavior allows you to control how dynamic web content behaves for your subcustomers using [Akamai Cloud Embed](#).

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------|---|
| sureRoute | boolean | Optimizes how subcustomer traffic routes from origin to edge servers. See the sureRoute behavior for more information. |
| prefetch | boolean | Allows subcustomer content to prefetch over HTTP/2. |
| realUser Monitoring | boolean | Allows Real User Monitoring (RUM) to collect performance data for subcustomer content. See the realUser Monitoring behavior for more information. |
| image Compression | boolean | Enables image compression for subcustomer content. |

ecmsBulkUpload

- **Property Manager name:** [Message Store bulk upload](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `ecmsBulkUpload` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

Uploads a ZIP archive with objects to an existing data set. The target data set stores objects as key-value pairs. The path to an object in the ZIP archive is a key, and the content of an object is a value. For an overview, see [ecms Database](#).

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables sending a compressed archive file with objects. Sends the archive file to the default path of the target data set: <code><hostname>/bulk/<database_name>/<dataset_name></code> . |

ecmsDatabase

- **Property Manager name:** [Message Store database selection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `ecmsDatabase` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

Edge Connect Message Store is available for [Internet of Things: Edge Connect](#) users. It lets you create databases and data sets within these databases. You can use this object store to save files smaller than 2 GB. `ecmsDatabase` specifies a default database for requests to this property, unless indicated otherwise in the URL. To access objects in the default database, you can skip its name in the URLs. To access objects in a different database, pass its name in the header, query parameter, or a regular expression matching a URL segment. You can also configure the [ecms Dataset](#) behavior to specify a default data set for requests.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|--------|--|--------------------------|
| <code>database</code> | string | Specifies a default database for this property. If you don't configure a default data set in the ecmsDataset behavior, requests to objects in this database follow the pattern: <code><hostname>/datastore/<data_set_name>/<object_key></code> . | |
| <code>extractLocation</code> | enum | Specifies where to pass a database name in requests. If the specified location doesn't include the database name or the name doesn't match the regular expression, the default database is used. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|-----------------------|---|--|
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | Name is a request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | Name is a query parameter. | |
| | REGEX | Name matches the URL. | |
| headerName | string | Specifies the request header that passed the database name. By default, it points to X-KV-Database . | extractLocation is CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER |
| queryParameterName | string | Specifies the query string parameter that passed the database name. By default, it points to database . | extractLocation is QUERY_STRING |
| regexPattern | string | Specifies the regular expression that matches the database name in the URL. | extractLocation is REGEX |

ecmsDataset

- **Property Manager name:** [Message Store data set selection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `ecmsDataset` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Specifies a default data set for requests to this property unless indicated otherwise in the URL. To access objects in this data set, you can skip the data set name in the URLs. To access objects in a different data set within a database, pass the data set name in the header, query parameter, or a regular expression pattern matching a URL segment. You can also configure the [ecmsDatabase](#) behavior to specify a default database for requests.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------|--------|---|----------|
| dataset | string | Specifies a default data set for this property. If you don't configure a default database in the ecmsDatabase behavior, requests to objects in this data set follow the pattern: <hostname>/datastore/<database_name>/<object_key> . | |
| extractLocation | enum | Specifies where to pass a data set name in requests. If the specified location doesn't include the data set name or the name doesn't match the regular expression pattern, the default data set is used. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | Name is a request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | Name is a query parameter. | |
| | REGEX | Name matches the URL. | |
| headerName | string | Specifies the request header that passed the data set name. By default, it points to X-KV-Dataset . | extractLocation is CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER |
| queryParameterName | string | Specifies the query string parameter that passed the data set name. By default, it points to dataset . | extractLocation is QUERY_STRING |
| regexPattern | string | Specifies the regular expression that matches the data set name in the URL. | extractLocation is REGEX |

ecmsObjectKey

- **Property Manager name:** [Message Store object key selection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the ecmsObjectKey behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Defines a regular expression to match object keys in custom URLs and to access objects in a data set. You can point custom URLs to access proper values in the target data set. For an overview, see [ecmsDatabase](#) .

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| regex | string | Enables sending a compressed archive file with objects to the default path of the target data set: <hostname>/bulk/<database_name>/<dataset_name> . |

edgeConnect

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Monitor Instrumentation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the edgeConnect behavior v1.2.

- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Configures traffic logs for the Cloud Monitor push API.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables Cloud Monitor's log-publishing behavior. | |
| apiConnector | enum | Describes the API connector type. | |
| | | Supported values: BMC_APM DEFAULT | |
| apiDataElements | string array | Specifies the data set to log. | |
| | | Supported values: APM GEO HTTP NETWORK_PERFORMANCE NETWORK_V1 REQUEST_HEADER | |
| destinationHostname | string | Specifies the target hostname accepting push API requests. | |
| destinationPath | string | Specifies the push API's endpoint. | |
| overrideAggregateSettings | boolean | When enabled, overrides default log settings. | |
| aggregateTime | string (duration) | Specifies how often logs are generated. | overrideAggregateSettings is true |
| aggregateLines | string | Specifies the maximum number of lines to include in each log. | overrideAggregateSettings is true |
| aggregateSize | string | Specifies the log's maximum size. | overrideAggregateSettings is true |

edgeLoadBalancingAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Edge Load Balancing: Advanced Metadata](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `edgeLoadBalancingAdvanced` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior implements customized Edge Load Balancing features. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------|--------|--|
| description | string | A description of what the <code>xml</code> block does. |
| xml | string | A block of Akamai XML metadata. |

edgeLoadBalancingDataCenter

- **Property Manager name:** [Edge Load Balancing: Data Center](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `edgeLoadBalancingDataCenter` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The Edge Load Balancing module allows you to specify groups of data centers that implement load balancing, session persistence, and real-time dynamic failover. Enabling ELB routes requests contextually based on location, device, or network, along with optional rules you specify.

This behavior specifies details about a data center, and needs to be paired in the same rule with an [edgeLoadBalancingOrigin](#) behavior, which specifies its origin. An *origin* is an abstraction that helps group a logical set of a website or application. It potentially includes information about many data centers and cloud providers, as well as many end points or IP addresses for each data center. More than one data center can thus refer to the same origin.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| originId | string | Corresponds to the <code>id</code> specified by the edgeLoadBalancingOrigin behavior associated with this data center. | |
| description | string | Provides a description for the ELB data center, for your own reference. | |
| hostname | string | Specifies the data center's hostname. | |
| cookieName | string | If using session persistence, this specifies the value of the cookie named in the corresponding edgeLoadBalancingOrigin behavior's <code>cookie_name</code> option. | |
| enableFailover | boolean | Allows you to specify failover rules. | |
| ip | string | Specifies this data center's IP address. | <code>enableFailover</code> is <code>true</code> |
| failoverRules | object array | Provides up to four failover rules to apply in the specified order. | <code>enableFailover</code> is <code>true</code> |
| failoverRules[].failoverHostname | string | The hostname of the data center to fail over to. | |
| failoverRules[].modifyRequest | boolean | Allows you to modify the request's hostname or path. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|---------|--|------------------------------|
| failover Rules[].override Hostname | boolean | Overrides the request's hostname with the <code>failover_hostname</code> . | modify Request is true |
| failover Rules[].context Root | string | Specifies the path to use in the forwarding request, typically the root (/) when failing over to a different data center, or a full path such as <code>/static/error.html</code> when failing over to an error page. | modify Request is true |
| failover Rules[].absolute Path | boolean | When enabled, interprets the path specified by <code>context_root</code> as an absolute server path, for example to reference a site-down page. Otherwise when disabled, the path is appended to the request. | modify Request is true |

edgeLoadBalancingOrigin

- **Property Manager name:** [Edge Load Balancing: Origin Definition](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `edgeLoadBalancingOrigin` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The Edge Load Balancing module allows you to implement groups of data centers featuring load balancing, session persistence, and real-time dynamic failover. Enabling ELB routes requests contextually based on location, device, or network, along with optional rules you specify.

This behavior specifies the data center's origin, and needs to be paired in the same rule with at least one [edgeLoadBalancingDataCenter](#) behavior, which provides details about a particular data center. An *origin* is an abstraction that helps group a logical set of a website or application. It potentially includes information about many data centers and cloud providers, as well as many end points or IP addresses for each data center. To specify an ELB origin, you need to have configured an [origin](#) behavior whose `type` is set to `elb_origin_group` .

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------------|---------|--|---|
| id | string | Specifies a unique descriptive string for this ELB origin. The value needs to match the <code>origin_id</code> specified by the edgeLoadBalancingDataCenter behavior associated with this origin. | |
| description | string | Provides a description for the ELB origin, for your own reference. | |
| hostname | string | Specifies the hostname associated with the ELB rule. | |
| enable Session Persistence | boolean | Allows you to specify a cookie to pin the user's browser session to one data center. When disabled, ELB's default load balancing may send users to various data centers within the same session. | |
| cookie Name | string | This specifies the name of the cookie that marks users' persistent sessions. The accompanying edgeLoadBalancingDataCenter behavior's <code>description</code> option specifies the cookie's value. | enableSession Persistence is true |

edgeOriginAuthorization

- **Property Manager name:** [Edge Server Identification](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `edgeOriginAuthorization` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows the origin server to use a cookie to ensure requests from Akamai servers are genuine.

This behavior requires that you specify the cookie's domain name, so it is best to deploy within a match of the hostname. It does not work properly when the origin server accepts more than one hostname (for example, using virtual servers) that do not share the same top-level domain.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the cookie-authorization behavior. |
| <code>cookie Name</code> | string | Specifies the name of the cookie to use for authorization. |
| <code>value</code> | string | Specifies the value of the authorization cookie. |
| <code>domain</code> | string | Specify the cookie's domain, which needs to match the top-level domain of the <code>Host</code> header the origin server receives. |

edgeRedirector

- **Property Manager name:** [Edge Redirector Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `edgeRedirector` behavior v4.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior enables the [Edge Redirector Cloudlet](#) application, which helps you manage large numbers of redirects. With Cloudlets available on your contract, choose **Your services > Edge logic Cloudlets** to control the Edge Redirector within [Control Center](#)^{*}. Otherwise use the [Cloudlets API](#) to configure it programmatically.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|----------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Edge Redirector Cloudlet. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|---------|--|--------------------------|
| isShared Policy | boolean | Whether you want to apply the Cloudlet shared policy to an unlimited number of properties within your account. Learn more about shared policies and how to create them in Cloudlets Policy Manager . | |
| cloudlet Policy | object | Specifies the Cloudlet policy as an object. | isShared Policy is false |
| cloudlet Policy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudlet Policy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| cloudlet Shared Policy | string | Identifies the Cloudlet shared policy to use with this behavior. Use the Cloudlets API to list available shared policies. | isShared Policy is true |

edgeScape

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Targeting \(EdgeScape\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the edgeScape behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

[EdgeScape](#) [↗] allows you to customize content based on the end user's geographic location or connection speed. When enabled, the edge server sends a special X-Akamai-Edgescap header to the origin server encoding relevant details about the end-user client as key-value pairs.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | When enabled, sends the X-Akamai-Edgescap request header to the origin. |

edgeSideIncludes

- **Property Manager name:** [ESI \(Edge Side Includes\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the edgeSideIncludes behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)

- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows edge servers to process edge side include (ESI) code to generate dynamic content. To apply this behavior, you need to match on a `contentType`, `path`, or `filename`. Since this behavior requires more parsing time, you should not apply it to pages that lack ESI code, or to any non-HTML content.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|------------------------------------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables ESI processing. | |
| <code>enableViaHttp</code> | boolean | Enable ESI only for content featuring the <code>Edge-control: dca=esi</code> HTTP response header. | |
| <code>passSetCookie</code> | boolean | Allows edge servers to pass your origin server's cookies to the ESI processor. | <code>enableViaHttp</code> is true |
| <code>passClientIp</code> | boolean | Allows edge servers to pass the client IP header to the ESI processor. | <code>enableViaHttp</code> is true |
| <code>i18nStatus</code> | boolean | Provides internationalization support for ESI. | <code>enableViaHttp</code> is true |
| <code>i18nCharset</code> | string array | Specifies the character sets to use when transcoding the ESI language, <code>UTF-8</code> and <code>ISO-8859-1</code> for example. | <code>i18nStatus</code> is true |
| <code>detectInjection</code> | boolean | Denies attempts to inject ESI code. | |

enhancedAkamaiProtocol

- **Property Manager name:** [Enhanced Akamai Protocol](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `enhancedAkamaiProtocol` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Enables the Enhanced Akamai Protocol, a suite of advanced routing and transport optimizations that increase your website's performance and reliability. It is only available to specific applications, and requires a special routing from edge to origin.

Warning. Disabling this behavior may significantly reduce a property's performance.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

enhancedProxyDetection

- **Property Manager name:** [Enhanced Proxy Detection with GeoGuard](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `enhancedProxyDetection` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Enhanced Proxy Detection (EPD) leverages the GeoGuard service provided by GeoComply to add proxy detection and location spoofing protection. It identifies requests for your content that have been redirected from an unwanted source through a proxy. You can then allow, deny, or redirect these requests.

Include this behavior in the same rule as [epdForwardHeaderEnrichment](#). The `epdForwardHeaderEnrichment` behavior sends the Enhanced Proxy Detection (Akamai-EPD) header in the forward request to determine whether the connecting IP address is an anonymous proxy.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Applies GeoGuard proxy detection. | |
| <code>forwardHeaderEnrichment</code> | boolean | Whether the Enhanced Proxy Detection (Akamai-EPD) header is included in the forward request to mark a connecting IP address as an anonymous proxy, with a two-letter designation. See the epdForwardHeaderEnrichment behavior for details. | |
| <code>enableConfigurationMode</code> | enum | Specifies how to field the proxy request. | |
| | <code>BEST_PRACTICE</code> | GeoComply maintains a fixed list of categories for their GeoGuard service. Select this mode to automatically apply their primary, "must-have" categories for proxy detection. | |
| | <code>ADVANCED</code> | Use this mode to selectively apply GeoGuard categories and customize the applied action. Make sure you include at least the categories GeoGuard considers "must-have." Akamai can't guarantee optimal proxy protection if you leave them out. | |
| <code>bestPracticeAction</code> | enum | Specifies how to field the proxy request. | <code>enableConfigurationMode</code> is <code>BEST_PRACTICE</code> |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow the request. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny the request. | |
| | <code>REDIRECT</code> | Respond with a redirect. | |
| <code>bestPracticeRedirecturl</code> | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect requests. | <code>bestPracticeAction</code> is <code>REDIRECT</code> |
| <code>detectAnonymousVpn</code> | boolean | This enables detection of requests from anonymous VPNs. | <code>enableConfigurationMode</code> is <code>ADVANCED</code> |
| <code>detectAnonymousVpnAction</code> | enum | Specifies how to field anonymous VPN requests. | <code>detectAnonymousVpn</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow the request. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny the request. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---|--|--|
| | REDIRECT | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detect Anonymous Vpn Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect anonymous VPN requests. | detect Anonymous VpnAction is REDIRECT |
| detectPublic Proxy | boolean | This enables detection of requests from public proxies. | enable Configuration Mode is ADVANCED |
| detectPublic ProxyAction | enum | Specifies how to field public proxy requests. | detectPublic Proxy is true |
| | ALLOW | Allow the request. | |
| | DENY | Deny the request. | |
| | REDIRECT | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detectPublic Proxy Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect public proxy requests. | detectPublic ProxyAction is REDIRECT |
| detectTor ExitNode | boolean | This enables detection of requests from Tor exit nodes. | enable Configuration Mode is ADVANCED |
| detectTor ExitNode Action | enum | This specifies whether to DENY , ALLOW , or REDIRECT requests from Tor exit nodes. | detectTorExit Node is true |
| | ALLOW | Allow the request. | |
| | DENY | Deny the request. | |
| | REDIRECT | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detectTor ExitNode Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect requests from Tor exit nodes. | detectTorExit NodeAction is REDIRECT |
| detectSmart DNSProxy | boolean | This enables detection of requests from smart DNS proxies. | enable Configuration Mode is ADVANCED |
| detectSmart DNSProxy Action | enum | Specifies whether to DENY , ALLOW , or REDIRECT smart DNS proxy requests. | detectSmart DNSProxy is true |
| | ALLOW | Allow the request. | |
| | DENY | Deny the request. | |
| | REDIRECT | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detectSmart DNSProxy Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect DNS proxy requests. | detectSmart DNSProxy Action is REDIRECT |
| detect Hosting Provider | boolean | This detects requests from a hosting provider. | enable Configuration Mode is ADVANCED |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---|---|--|
| detect Hosting Provider Action | enum | This specifies whether to <code>DENY</code> , <code>ALLOW</code> , or <code>REDIRECT</code> requests from hosting providers. | detect Hosting Provider is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow the request. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny the request. | |
| | <code>REDIRECT</code> | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detect Hosting Provider Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the absolute URL to which to redirect requests from hosting providers. | detect Hosting Provider Action is <code>REDIRECT</code> |
| detectVpn DataCenter | boolean | This enables detection of requests from VPN data centers. | enable Configuration Mode is <code>ADVANCED</code> |
| detectVpn DataCenter Action | enum | This specifies whether to <code>DENY</code> , <code>ALLOW</code> , or <code>REDIRECT</code> requests from VPN data centers. | detectVpn DataCenter is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow the request. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny the request. | |
| | <code>REDIRECT</code> | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detectVpn DataCenter Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect requests from VPN data centers. | detectVpn DataCenter Action is <code>REDIRECT</code> |
| detect Residential Proxy | boolean | This enables detection of requests from a residential proxy. See Enhanced Proxy Detection with GeoGuard and learn more about this GeoGuard category before enabling it. | enable Configuration Mode is <code>ADVANCED</code> |
| detect Residential ProxyAction | enum | This specifies whether to <code>DENY</code> , <code>ALLOW</code> , or <code>REDIRECT</code> requests from residential proxies. | detect Residential Proxy is true |
| | <code>ALLOW</code> | Allow the request. | |
| | <code>DENY</code> | Deny the request. | |
| | <code>REDIRECT</code> | Respond with a redirect. | |
| detect Residential Proxy Redirecturl | string (allows variables) | This specifies the URL to which to redirect requests. | detect Residential ProxyAction is <code>REDIRECT</code> |

epdForwardHeaderEnrichment

- **Property Manager name:** [Enhanced Proxy Detection with GeoGuard - Forward Header Enrichment](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `epdForwardHeaderEnrichment` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior identifies unwanted requests from an anonymous proxy. This and the [enhancedProxyDetection](#) behavior work together and need to be included either in the same rule, or in the default one.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | <p>Sends the Enhanced Proxy Detection (Akamai-EPD) header in the forward request to determine whether the connecting IP address is an anonymous proxy. The header can contain one or more two-letter codes that indicate the IP address type detected by edge servers:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>av</code> for <code>is_anonymous_vpn</code> • <code>hp</code> for <code>is_hosting_provider</code> • <code>pp</code> for <code>is_public_proxy</code> • <code>dp</code> for <code>is_smart_dns_proxy</code> • <code>tn</code> for <code>is_tor_exit_node</code> • <code>vc</code> for <code>is_vpn_datacentre</code> • <code>rp</code> for <code>is_residential_proxy</code> |

edgeWorker

- **Property Manager name:** [EdgeWorkers](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `edgeWorker` behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

[EdgeWorkers](#) are JavaScript applications that allow you to manipulate your web traffic on edge servers outside of Property Manager behaviors, and deployed independently from your configuration's logic. This behavior applies an EdgeWorker to a set of edge requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------------|---------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, applies specified EdgeWorker functionality to this rule's web traffic. |
| <code>edgeWorkerId</code> | string | Identifies the EdgeWorker application to apply to this rule's web traffic. You can use the EdgeWorkers API to get this value. |

failAction

- **Property Manager name:** [Site Failover](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the failAction behavior v1.7.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies how to respond when the origin is not available: by serving stale content, by serving an error page, or by redirecting. To apply this behavior, you should match on an [originTimeout](#) or [matchResponseCode](#) .

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------|---|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | When enabled in case of a failure to contact the origin, the current behavior applies. | |
| actionType | enum | Specifies the basic action to take when there is a failure to contact the origin. | |
| | SERVE_STALE | Serves content that is already in the cache. | |
| | REDIRECT | Specifies a redirect action. (Use with these options: redirectHostnameType , redirectHostname , redirectCustomPath , redirectPath , redirectMethod , modify Protocol , and protocol .) | |
| | RECREATED_CO | Serves alternate content from your network. (Use with these options: contentHostname , contentCustomPath , and contentPath .) | |
| | RECREATED_CEX | Serves alternate content from an external network. (Use with these options: cexHostname , cexCustomPath , and cexPath .) | |
| | RECREATED_NS | Serves NetStorage content. (Use with these options: netStorageHostname , netStoragePath , and cpCode .) | |
| | DYNAMIC | Allows you to serve dynamic SaaS content if SaaS acceleration is available on your contract. (Use with these options: dynamicMethod , dynamicCustom Path , saasType , saasSuffix , saasRegex , and saasReplace .) | |
| saasType | enum | Identifies the component of the request that identifies the SaaS dynamic fail action. | actionType is DYNAMIC |
| | | Supported values: <div>COOKIEHOSTNAME</div> | |
| saasCnameEnabled | boolean | Specifies whether to use a CNAME chain to determine the hostname for the SaaS dynamic failaction. | saasType is HOSTNAME |
| saasCnameLevel | number | Specifies the number of elements in the CNAME chain backwards from the edge hostname that determines the hostname for the SaaS dynamic failaction. | saasCname Enabled is true |
| saasCookie | string (allows variables) | Specifies the name of the cookie that identifies this SaaS dynamic failaction. | saasType is COOKIE |
| saasQueryString | string (allows variables) | Specifies the name of the query parameter that identifies this SaaS dynamic failaction. | saasType is QUERY_STRING |
| saasRegex | string | Specifies the substitution pattern (a Perl-compatible regular expression) that defines the SaaS dynamic failaction. | actionType is DYNAMIC |
| saasReplace | string (allows variables) | Specifies the replacement pattern that defines the SaaS dynamic failaction. | actionType is DYNAMIC |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---|--|------------------------------------|
| saasSuffix | string (allows variables) | Specifies the static portion of the SaaS dynamic failaction. | actionType is DYNAMIC |
| dynamicMethod | enum | Specifies the redirect method. | actionType is DYNAMIC |
| | SERVE_301 | A 301 redirect response. | |
| | SERVE_302 | A 302 redirect response. | |
| | SERVE_ALTERNATE | Serve an alternate response. | |
| dynamicCustom Path | boolean | Allows you to modify the original requested path. | actionType is DYNAMIC |
| dynamicPath | string (allows variables) | Specifies the new path. | dynamicCustom Path is true |
| redirectHostname Type | enum | Whether to preserve or customize the hostname. | actionType is REDIRECT |
| | ORIGINAL | Preserve the original hostname in the redirect. | |
| | ALTERNATE | Specify a redirectHostname . | |
| redirectHostname | string (allows variables) | When the actionType is REDIRECT and the redirectHostnameType is ALTERNATE , this specifies the hostname for the redirect. | redirectHostname Type is ALTERNATE |
| redirectCustom Path | boolean | Uses the redirectPath to customize a new path. | actionType is REDIRECT |
| redirectPath | string (allows variables) | Specifies a new path. | redirectCustom Path is true |
| redirectMethod | enum | Specifies the HTTP response code. | actionType is REDIRECT |
| | | Supported values: 301 302 | |
| contentHostname | string (allows variables) | Specifies the static hostname for the alternate redirect. | actionType is RECREATED_CO |
| contentCustom Path | boolean | Specifies a custom redirect path. | actionType is RECREATED_CO |
| contentPath | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom redirect path. | contentCustom Path is true |
| netStorage Hostname | object | When the actionType is RECREATED_NS , specifies the NetStorage origin to serve the alternate content. Contact Akamai Professional Services for your NetStorage origin's id . | actionType is RECREATED_NS |
| netStorage Hostname.cpCode List | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| netStorage Hostname.download DomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| netStorage Hostname.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| netStorage Hostname.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| netStorage Hostname.upload DomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| netStoragePath | string (allows variables) | When the <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_NS</code> , specifies the path for the Net Storage request. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_NS</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cexHostname | string (allows variables) | Specifies a hostname. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_CEX</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cexCustomPath | boolean | Specifies a custom path. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_CEX</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cexPath | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom path. | <code>cexCustomPath</code> is <code>true</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cpCode | object | Specifies a CP code for which to log errors for the NetStorage location. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_NS</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cp Code.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cpCode.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cpCode.name | string | The name of the CP code. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cpCode.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| statusCode | enum | Assigns a new HTTP status code to the failure response. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>RECREATED_NS</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Supported values: <div><table><tr><td>100</td><td>102</td><td>122</td><td>201</td><td>203</td><td>205</td><td>207</td><td>400</td><td>402</td><td>404</td><td>406</td><td>408</td><td>410</td></tr><tr><td>101</td><td>103</td><td>200</td><td>202</td><td>204</td><td>206</td><td>226</td><td>401</td><td>403</td><td>405</td><td>407</td><td>409</td><td>411</td></tr></table></div> | 100 | 102 | 122 | 201 | 203 | 205 | 207 | 400 | 402 | 404 | 406 | 408 | 410 | 101 | 103 | 200 | 202 | 204 | 206 | 226 | 401 | 403 | 405 | 407 | 409 | 411 | |
| 100 | 102 | 122 | 201 | 203 | 205 | 207 | 400 | 402 | 404 | 406 | 408 | 410 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 101 | 103 | 200 | 202 | 204 | 206 | 226 | 401 | 403 | 405 | 407 | 409 | 411 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| preserveQuery String | boolean | When using either <code>contentCustomPath</code> , <code>cexCustomPath</code> , <code>dynamicCustomPath</code> , or <code>redirectCustomPath</code> to specify a custom path, enabling this passes in the original request's query string as part of the path. | <code>contentCustomPath</code> is <code>true</code> OR <code>cexCustomPath</code> is <code>true</code> OR <code>redirectCustomPath</code> is <code>true</code> OR <code>dynamicCustomPath</code> is <code>true</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| modifyProtocol | boolean | Modifies the redirect's protocol using the value of the <code>protocol</code> field. | <code>actionType</code> is <code>REDIRECT</code> OR <code>dynamicMethod</code> is either: <code>SERVE_301</code> , <code>SERVE_302</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| protocol | enum | When the <code>actionType</code> is <code>REDIRECT</code> and <code>modifyProtocol</code> is enabled, this specifies the redirect's protocol. | <code>modifyProtocol</code> is <code>true</code> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Supported values: <div><table><tr><td>HTTP</td><td>HTTPS</td></tr></table></div> | HTTP | HTTPS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HTTP | HTTPS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

failoverBotManagerFeatureCompatibility

- **Property Manager name:** Security Failover Feature Compatibility
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `failoverBotManagerFeatureCompatibility` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Ensures that functionality such as challenge authentication and reset protocol work with a failover product property you use to create an alternate hostname. Apply it to any properties that implement a failover under the Cloud Security Failover product.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>compatibility</code> | boolean | This behavior does not include any options. Specifying the behavior itself enables it. |

fastInvalidate

- **Property Manager name:** [Fast Invalidate \(Safe to remove\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `fastInvalidate` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Applies Akamai's *Fast Purge* feature to selected edge content, invalidating it within approximately five seconds. This behavior sends an `If-Modified-Since` request to the origin for subsequent requests, replacing it with origin content if its timestamp is more recent. Otherwise if the origin lacks a `Last-Modified` header, it sends a simple GET request. Note that this behavior does not simply delete content if more recent origin content is unavailable. See the [Fast Purge API](#) for an independent way to invalidate selected sets of content, and for more information on the feature.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, forces a validation test for all edge content to which the behavior applies. |

firstPartyMarketing

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Marketing Cloudlet \(Beta\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `firstPartyMarketing` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Enables the Cloud Marketing Cloudlet, which helps MediaMath customers collect usage data and place corresponding tags for use in online advertising. You can configure tags using either the Cloudlets Policy Manager application or the [Cloudlets API](#). See also the [firstPartyMarketingPlus](#) behavior, which integrates better with both MediaMath and its partners. Both behaviors support the same set of options.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Cloud Marketing Cloudlet. | |
| <code>javascriptInsertionRule</code> | enum | Select how to insert the MediaMath JavaScript reference script. | |
| | <code>NEVER</code> | Specify this if inserting the script at the origin. | |
| | <code>POLICY</code> | Allow the Cloudlet policy to determine when to insert it. | |
| | <code>ALWAYS</code> | Insert it for all edge requests. | |
| <code>cloudletPolicy</code> | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | <code>javascriptInsertionRule</code> is <code>POLICY</code> |
| <code>cloudletPolicy.id</code> | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| <code>cloudletPolicy.name</code> | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| <code>mediaMathPrefix</code> | string | Specify the URL path prefix that distinguishes Cloud Marketing requests from your other web traffic. Include the leading slash character, but no trailing slash. For example, if the path prefix is <code>/mmath</code> , and the request is for <code>www.example.com/dir</code> , the new URL is <code>www.example.com/mmath/dir</code> . | |

firstPartyMarketingPlus

- **Property Manager name:** [Cloud Marketing Plus Cloudlet \(Beta\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `firstPartyMarketingPlus` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Enables the Cloud Marketing Plus Cloudlet, which helps MediaMath customers collect usage data and place corresponding tags for use in online advertising. You can configure tags using either the Cloudlets Policy Manager

application or the [Cloudlets API](#). See also the [firstPartyMarketing](#) behavior, which integrates with MediaMath but not its partners. Both behaviors support the same set of options.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------|---------|--|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Cloud Marketing Plus Cloudlet. | |
| javascript Insertion Rule | enum | Select how to insert the MediaMath JavaScript reference script. | |
| | NEVER | Specify this if inserting the script at the origin. | |
| | POLICY | Allow the Cloudlet policy to determine when to insert it. | |
| | ALWAYS | Insert it for all edge requests. | |
| cloudlet Policy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | javascript Insertion Rule is POLICY |
| cloudlet Policy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudlet Policy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| mediaMath Prefix | string | Specify the URL path prefix that distinguishes Cloud Marketing requests from your other web traffic. Include the leading slash character, but no trailing slash. For example, if the path prefix is /mmath , and the request is for www.example.com/dir , the new URL is www.example.com/mmath/dir . | |

forwardRewrite

- **Property Manager name:** [Forward Rewrite Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the forwardRewrite behavior v4.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The Forward Rewrite Cloudlet allows you to conditionally modify the forward path in edge content without affecting the URL that displays in the user's address bar. If Cloudlets are available on your contract, choose **Your services > Edge logic Cloudlets** to control how this feature works within [Control Center](#)[®], or use the [Cloudlets API](#) to configure it programmatically.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|---------|---|-----------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Forward Rewrite Cloudlet behavior. | |
| isShared Policy | boolean | Whether you want to use a shared policy for a Cloudlet. Learn more about shared policies and how to create them in Cloudlets Policy Manager . | |
| cloudlet Policy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | isShared Policy is false |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------|
| cloudlet Policy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudlet Policy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| cloudlet SharedPolicy | string | This identifies the Cloudlet shared policy to use with this behavior. You can list available shared policies with the Cloudlets API . | isShared Policy is true |

g2oheader

- **Property Manager name:** [Signature Header Authentication](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the g2oheader behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The *signature header authentication* (g2o) security feature provides header-based verification of outgoing origin requests. Edge servers encrypt request data in a pre-defined header, which the origin uses to verify that the edge server processed the request. This behavior configures the request data, header names, encryption algorithm, and shared secret to use for verification.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the g2o verification behavior. | |
| data Header | string | Specifies the name of the header that contains the request data that needs to be encrypted. | |
| signed Header | string | Specifies the name of the header containing encrypted request data. | |
| encoding Version | enum | Specifies the version of the encryption algorithm as an integer from 1 through 5 . | |
| | | Supported values: 1 2 3 4 5 | |
| useCustom SignString | boolean | When disabled, the encrypted string is based on the forwarded URL. If enabled, you can use customSignString to customize the set of data to encrypt. | |
| custom SignString | string array | Specifies the set of data to be encrypted as a combination of concatenated strings. | useCustomSign String is true |
| | AK_METHOD | Incoming request method. | |
| | AK_SCHEME | Incoming request scheme (HTTP or HTTPS). | |
| | AK_ HOSTHEADER | Incoming request hostname. | |
| | AK_DOMAIN | Incoming request domain. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------|-------------------|--|----------|
| | AK_URL | Incoming request URL. | |
| | AK_PATH | Incoming request path. | |
| | AK_QUERY | Incoming request query string. | |
| | AK_FILENAME | Incoming request filename. | |
| | AK_EXTENSION | Incoming request filename extension. | |
| | AK_CLIENT_REAL_IP | Incoming client IP. | |
| secretKey | object array | Specifies the shared secret key. | |
| nonce | string | Specifies the cryptographic <i>nonce</i> string. | |

globalRequestNumber

- **Property Manager name:** [Global Request Number](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the globalRequestNumber behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Generates a unique identifier for each request on the Akamai edge network, for use in logging and debugging. GRN identifiers follow the same format as Akamai's error reference strings, for example: 0.05313217.1567801841.1457a3 . You can use the Edge Diagnostics API's [Translate error string](#) operation to get low-level details about any request.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------|-----------------|---|---|
| output Option | enum | Specifies how to report the GRN value. | |
| | RESPONSE_HEADER | Use a response header. | |
| | REQUEST_HEADER | Use a request header. | |
| | BOTH_HEADERS | Use both headers. | |
| | ASSIGN_VARIABLE | Process the value in some other way as a variable . | |
| header Name | string | With outputOption set to specify any set of headers, this specifies the name of the header to report the GRN value. | outputOption is either: RESPONSE_HEADER , REQUEST_HEADER , BOTH_HEADERS |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------|---|--|---|
| variable Name | string (variable name) | This specifies the name of the variable to assign the GRN value to. You need to pre-declare any variable you specify within the rule tree. | <code>outputOption</code> is <code>ASSIGN_VARIABLE</code> |

graphqlCaching

- **Property Manager name:** [GraphQL Caching](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `graphqlCaching` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior configures how to cache GraphQL-based API traffic. Enable `caching` for your GraphQL API traffic, along with `allowPost` to cache POST responses. To configure REST API traffic, use the `rapid` behavior.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables GraphQL caching. |
| <code>cacheResponses</code> <code>WithErrors</code> | boolean | When enabled, caches responses that include an <code>error</code> field at the top of the response body object. Disable this if your GraphQL server yields temporary errors with success codes in the 2xx range. |
| <code>postRequest</code> <code>ProcessingError</code> <code>Handling</code> | enum | Specify what happens if GraphQL query processing fails on POST requests. |
| | <code>APPLY_CACHING_BEHAVIOR</code> | If your GraphQL server does not allow mutations and subscriptions, this offloads requests. |
| | <code>NO_STORE</code> | Pass requests to the origin. |
| <code>operationsUrl</code> <code>QueryParameter</code> <code>Name</code> | string | Specifies the name of a query parameter that identifies requests as GraphQL queries. |
| <code>operationsJson</code> <code>BodyParameter</code> <code>Name</code> | string | The name of the JSON body parameter that identifies GraphQL POST requests. |

gzipResponse

- **Property Manager name:** [Last Mile Acceleration \(Gzip Compression\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the gzipResponse behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Apply *gzip* compression to speed transfer time. This behavior applies best to text-based content such as HTML, CSS, and JavaScript, especially once files exceed about 10KB. Do not apply it to already compressed image formats, or to small files that would add more time to uncompress. To apply this behavior, you should match on [contentType](#) or the content's [cacheability](#).

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|-----------------|---|
| behavior | enum | Specify when to compress responses. |
| | ORIGIN_RESPONSE | Compress for clients that send an Accept-Encoding: gzip header. |
| | ALWAYS | Always compress. |
| | NEVER | Never compress. |

hdDataAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [HD Data Override: Advanced Metadata](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the hdDataAdvanced behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior specifies Akamai XML metadata that can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services. Unlike the [advanced](#) behavior, this may apply a different set of overriding metadata that executes in a post-processing phase.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------|--------|--|
| description | string | Human-readable description of what the XML block does. |
| xml | string | A block of Akamai XML metadata. |

healthDetection

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Health Detection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the healthDetection behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Monitors the health of your origin server by tracking unsuccessful attempts to contact it. Use this behavior to keep end users from having to wait several seconds before a forwarded request times out, or to reduce requests on the origin server when it is unavailable.

When client requests are forwarded to the origin, the edge server tracks the number of attempts to connect to each IP address. It cycles through IP addresses in least-recently-tested order to avoid hitting the same one twice in a row. If the number of consecutive unsuccessful tests reaches a threshold you specify, the behavior identifies the address as faulty and stops sending requests. The edge server returns an error message to the end user or else triggers any failAction behavior you specify.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| retryCount | number | The number of consecutive connection failures that mark an IP address as faulty. |
| retryInterval | string (duration) | Specifies the amount of time the edge server will wait before trying to reconnect to an IP address it has already identified as faulty. |
| maximumReconnects | number | Specifies the maximum number of times the edge server will contact your origin server. If your origin is associated with several IP addresses, maximumReconnects effectively overrides the value of retryCount . |

hsafEipBinding

- **Property Manager name:** [HSAF for Edge IP Binding](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the hsafEipBinding behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

Edge IP Binding works with a limited set of static IP addresses to distribute your content, which can be limiting in large footprint environments. This behavior sets Hash Serial and Forward (HSAF) for Edge IP Binding to deal with larger footprints. It can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services. For more information, see the [Edge IP Binding documentation](#).

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|---------|---|----------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables HSAF for Edge IP Binding customers with a large footprint. | |
| customExtractedSerial | boolean | Whether to pull the serial number from the variable value set in the advanced behavior. Work with your Akamai Services team to add the advanced behavior earlier in your property to extract and apply the AKA_PM_EIP_HSAF_SERIAL variable. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------|--------|--|---|
| hashMin Value | number | Specifies the minimum value for the HSAF hash range, from 2 through 2045. This needs to be lower than hashMaxValue . | custom Extracted Serial is false |
| hashMax Value | number | Specifies the maximum value for the hash range, from 3 through 2046. This needs to be higher than hashMinValue . | custom Extracted Serial is false |
| tier | enum | Specifies where the behavior is applied. | |
| | EDGE | Applies Hash Serial and Forward only at edge regions. | |
| | PARENT | Applies Hash Serial and Forward using tiers. For more details, see the Edge IP Binding documentation . | |
| | BOTH | Applies Hash Serial and Forward in both environments. | |

http2

- **Property Manager name:** [HTTP/2](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the http2 behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

Enables the HTTP/2 protocol, which reduces latency and improves efficiency. You can only apply this behavior if the property is marked as secure. See [Secure property requirements](#) for guidance.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

http3

- **Property Manager name:** [HTTP/3](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the http3 behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\).](#)

This enables the HTTP/3 protocol that uses QUIC. The behavior allows for improved performance and faster connection setup. You can only apply this behavior if the property is marked as secure. See [Secure property requirements](#) and the [Property Manager documentation](#) for guidance.

If you want all requests processed by a property to support HTTP/3 for transfer, add the behavior to the default rule. If you add the behavior to a custom rule, use it with the `bucket` match so that it applies to a specific percentage of the HTTP/3 requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enable</code> | boolean | This enables HTTP/3 connections between requesting clients and Akamai edge servers. You also need to enable QUIC and TLS 1.3 in your certificate deployment settings. See the Property Manager documentation for more details. |

httpStrictTransportSecurity

- **Property Manager name:** [HTTP Strict Transport Security \(HSTS\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `httpStrictTransportSecurity` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Applies HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS), disallowing insecure HTTP traffic. Apply this to hostnames managed with Standard TLS or Enhanced TLS certificates.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| <code>enable</code> | boolean | Applies HSTS to this set of requests. | |
| <code>maxAge</code> | enum | Specifies the duration for which to apply HSTS for new browser connections. | |
| | <code>ZERO_MINS</code> | This effectively disables HSTS, without affecting any existing browser connections. | |
| | <code>TEN_MINS</code> | 10 minutes. | |
| | <code>ONE_DAY</code> | 1 day. | |
| | <code>ONE_MONTH</code> | 1 month. | |
| | <code>THREE_MONTHS</code> | 3 months. | |
| | <code>SIX_MONTHS</code> | 6 months. | |
| | <code>ONE_YEAR</code> | 1 year. | |
| <code>includeSubDomains</code> | boolean | When enabled, applies HSTS to all subdomains. | <code>maxAge</code> is not <code>ZERO_MINS</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|---------|---|---|
| preload | boolean | When enabled, adds this domain to the browser's preload list. You still need to declare the domain at hstspreload.org . | maxAge is not ZERO_MINS |
| redirect | boolean | When enabled, redirects all HTTP requests to HTTPS. | maxAge is not ZERO_MINS |
| redirect StatusCode | enum | Specifies a response code. | maxAge is not ZERO_MINS AND redirect is true |
| | | Supported values: <div>301 302</div> | |

httpToHttpsUpgrade

- **Property Manager name:** [HTTP to HTTPS Upgrade](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the httpToHttpsUpgrade behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Upgrades an HTTP edge request to HTTPS for the remainder of the request flow. Enable this behavior only if your origin supports HTTPS, and if your [origin](#) behavior is configured with [originCertsToHonor](#) to verify SSL certificates.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

imOverride

- **Property Manager name:** [Image and Video Manager: Set Parameter](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the imOverride behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This specifies common query parameters that affect how [imageManager](#) transforms images, potentially overriding policy, width, format, or density request parameters. This also allows you to assign the value of one of the property's [rule tree variables](#) to one of Image and Video Manager's own policy variables.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------|--|--|---|
| override | enum | Selects the type of query parameter you want to set. | |
| | POLICY | For the name of the Image and Video Manager policy you want to apply. | |
| | POLICY_VARIABLE | Specify that you want to set an Image and Video Manager policy variable from a rule tree variable defined in the property. | |
| | WIDTH | A predefined width to constrain the image to. | |
| | FORMAT | For browser types. | |
| | DPR | For pixel density. | |
| | EXCLUDE_QUERY | Excludes the specified query parameters from the cache key. | |
| typesel | enum | Specifies how to set a query parameter. | override is not POLICY_VARIABLE AND override is not EXCLUDE_QUERY |
| | VALUE | Assign a specific value. | |
| | VARIABLE | Assign a Property Manager rule tree VARIABLE . | |
| formatvar | string (variable name) | This selects the variable with the name of the browser you want to optimize images for. The variable specifies the same type of data as the format option below. | override is FORMAT AND typesel is VARIABLE |
| format | enum | Specifies the type of the browser, or the encodings passed in the Accept header, that you want to optimize images for. | override is FORMAT AND typesel is VALUE |
| | CHROME | Google Chrome. | |
| | IE | Internet Explorer. | |
| | SAFARI | Apple Safari. | |
| | GENERIC | Generic. | |
| | AVIF_WEBP_JPEG_PNG_GIF | Best of AVIF, WebP, JPEG, PNG, and GIF. | |
| | JP2_WEBP_JPEG_PNG_GIF | Best of JP2, WebP, JPEG, PNG, and GIF. | |
| | WEBP_JPEG_PNG_GIF | Best of WebP, JPEG, PNG, and GIF. | |
| | JPEG_PNG_GIF | Best of JPEG, PNG, GIF. | |
| dprvar | string (variable name) | This selects the variable with the desired pixel density. The variable specifies the same type of data as the dpr option below. | override is DPR AND typesel is VARIABLE |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| dpr | number | Directly specifies the pixel density. The numeric value is a scaling factor of 1, representing normal density. | override is DPR AND typeset is VALUE |
| widthvar | string (variable name) | Selects the variable with the desired width. If the Image and Video Manager policy doesn't define that width, it serves the next largest width. | override is WIDTH AND typeset is VARIABLE |
| width | number | Sets the image's desired pixel width directly. If the Image Manager policy doesn't define that width, it serves the next largest width. | override is WIDTH AND typeset is VALUE |
| policyvar | string (variable name) | This selects the variable with the desired Image and Video Manager policy name to apply to image requests. If there is no policy by that name, Image and Video Manager serves the image unmodified. | override is POLICY AND typeset is VARIABLE |
| policy | string | This selects the desired Image and Video Manager policy name directly. If there is no policy by that name, Image and Video Manager serves the image unmodified. | override is POLICY AND typeset is VALUE |
| policyvar Name | string | This selects the name of one of the variables defined in an Image and Video Manager policy that you want to replace with the property's rule tree variable. | override is POLICY_ VARIABLE |
| policyvar IMvar | string (variable name) | This selects one of the property's rule tree variables to assign to the policyvarName variable within Image and Video Manager. | override is POLICY_ VARIABLE |
| excludeAll Query Parameters | boolean | Whether to exclude all query parameters from the Image and Video Manager cache key. | override is EXCLUDE_ QUERY |
| excluded Query Parameters | string array | Specifies individual query parameters to exclude from the Image and Video Manager cache key. | override is EXCLUDE_ QUERY AND excludeAll QueryParameters is false |

imageManager

- **Property Manager name:** [Image and Video Manager \(Images\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the imageManager behavior v2.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Optimizes images' size or file type for the requesting device. You can also use this behavior to generate API tokens to apply your own policies to matching images using the [Image and Video Manager API](#). To apply this behavior, you need to match on a [fileExtension](#) . Once you apply Image and Video Manager to traffic, you can add the [advancedImMatch](#) to ensure the behavior applies to the requests from the Image and Video Manager backend.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enable image management capabilities and generate a corresponding API token. | |
| resize | boolean | Specify whether to scale down images to the maximum screen resolution, as determined by the rendering device's user agent. Note that enabling this may affect screen layout in unexpected ways. | |
| applyBestFileType | boolean | Specify whether to convert images to the best file type for the requesting device, based on its user agent and the initial image file. This produces the smallest file size possible that retains image quality. | |
| superCacheRegion | enum | Specifies a location for your site's heaviest traffic, for use in caching derivatives on edge servers. | use Existing PolicySet is not true |
| | US | United States. | |
| | ASIA | Asia. | |
| | AUSTRALIA | Australia. | |
| | EMEA | Europe, Middle East, and Africa. | |
| | JAPAN | Japan. | |
| | CHINA | China. | |
| cpCodeOriginal | object | Assigns a CP code to track traffic and billing for original images that the Image and Video Manager has not modified. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| cpCodeTransformed | object | Assigns a separate CP code to track traffic and billing for derived images. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| useExistingPolicySet | boolean | Whether to use a previously created policy set that may be referenced in other properties, or create a new policy set to use with this property. A policy set can be shared across multiple properties belonging to the same contract. The behavior populates any changes to the policy set across all properties that reference that set. | |
| policySet | object | Identifies the existing policy set configured with Image and Video Manager API . | use Existing PolicySet is true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|---------|---|---------------------------------|
| advanced | boolean | Generates a custom Image and Video Manager API token to apply a corresponding policy to this set of images. The token consists of a descriptive label (the <code>policyToken</code>) concatenated with a property-specific identifier that's generated when you save the property. The API registers the token when you activate the property. | use Existing PolicySet is false |
| policyToken | string | Assign a prefix label to help match the policy token to this set of images, limited to 32 alphanumeric or underscore characters. If you don't specify a label, <i>default</i> becomes the prefix. | advanced is true |
| policyTokenDefault | string | Specify the default policy identifier, which is registered with the Image and Video Manager API once you activate this property. The <code>advanced</code> option needs to be inactive. | advanced is false |

imageManagerVideo

- **Property Manager name:** [Image and Video Manager \(Videos\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `imageManagerVideo` behavior v2.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Optimizes videos managed by Image and Video Manager for the requesting device. You can also use this behavior to generate API tokens to apply your own policies to matching videos using the [Image and Video Manager API](#). To apply this behavior, you need to match on a [fileExtension](#).

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|-----------|---|------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Applies Image and Video Manager's video optimization to the current content. | |
| resize | boolean | When enabled, scales down video for smaller mobile screens, based on the device's <code>User-Agent</code> header. | |
| applyBestFileType | boolean | When enabled, automatically converts videos to the best file type for the requesting device. This produces the smallest file size that retains image quality, based on the user agent and the initial image file. | |
| superCacheRegion | enum | To optimize caching, assign a region close to your site's heaviest traffic. | use Existing PolicySet is not true |
| | US | United States. | |
| | ASIA | Asia. | |
| | AUSTRALIA | Australia. | |
| | EMEA | Europe, Middle East, and Africa. | |
| | JAPAN | Japan. | |
| | CHINA | China. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|---------|--|---------------------------------|
| cpCodeOriginal | object | Select the CP code for which to track Image and Video Manager video traffic. Use this along with cpCodeTransformed to track traffic to derivative video content. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| cpCodeOriginal.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| cpCodeTransformed | object | Select the CP code to identify derivative transformed video content. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| cpCodeTransformed.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| useExistingPolicySet | boolean | Whether to use a previously created policy set that may be referenced in other properties, or create a new policy set to use with this property. A policy set can be shared across multiple properties belonging to the same contract. The behavior populates any changes to the policy set across all properties that reference that set. | |
| policySet | object | Identifies the existing policy set configured with Image and Video Manager API . | use Existing PolicySet is true |
| advanced | boolean | When disabled, applies a single standard policy based on your property name. Allows you to reference a rule-specific policyToken for videos with different match criteria. | use Existing PolicySet is false |
| policyToken | string | Specifies a custom policy defined in the Image and Video Manager Policy Manager or the Image and Video Manager API . The policy name can include up to 64 alphanumeric, dash, or underscore characters. | advanced is true |
| policyTokenDefault | string | Specify the default policy identifier, which is registered with the Image and Video Manager API once you activate this property. | advanced is false |

include

- **Property Manager name:** [Include](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the include behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Includes let you reuse chunks of a property configuration that you can manage separately from the rest of the property rule tree.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|--------|--|
| id | string | Identifies the include you want to add to your rule tree. You can get the include ID using PAPI . This option only accepts digits, without the <code>inc_</code> ID prefix . |

inputValidation

- **Property Manager name:** [Input Validation Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `inputValidation` behavior v1.5.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

The Input Validation Cloudlet detects anomalous edge requests and helps mitigate repeated invalid requests. You can configure it using either the Cloudlets Policy Manager application, available within [Control Center](#)[®] under **Your services > Edge logic Cloudlets**, or the [Cloudlets API](#).

Use this behavior to specify criteria that identifies each unique end user, and optionally supplement the Input Validation policy with additional criteria your origin uses to identify invalid requests. Specify the threshold number of invalid requests that triggers a penalty, and the subsequent response. Also specify an ordinary failure response for those who have not yet met the threshold, which should not conflict with any other behavior that defines a failure response.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|---------|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | Applies the Input Validation Cloudlet behavior. | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | |
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| label | string | Distinguishes this Input Validation policy from any others within the same property. | |
| userIdentificationByCookie | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by the value of a cookie. | |
| userIdentificationKeyCookie | string | This specifies the cookie name whose value needs to remain constant across requests to identify a user. | <code>userIdentificationByCookie is true</code> |
| userIdentificationByIp | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by specific IP address. Do not enable this if you are concerned about DDoS attacks from many different IP addresses. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| user IdentificationBy Headers | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by specific HTTP headers on GET or POST requests. | |
| user IdentificationKey Headers | string array | This specifies the HTTP headers whose combined set of values identify each end user. | userIdentificationBy Headers is true |
| user IdentificationBy Params | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by specific query parameters on GET or POST requests. | |
| user IdentificationKey Params | string array | This specifies the query parameters whose combined set of values identify each end user. | userIdentificationBy Params is true |
| allowLargePost Body | boolean | Fails POST request bodies that exceed 16 KB when enabled, otherwise allows them to pass with no validation for policy compliance. | |
| resetOnValid | boolean | Upon receiving a valid request, enabling this resets the <code>penaltyThreshold</code> counter to zero. Otherwise, even those series of invalid requests that are interrupted by valid requests may trigger the <code>penaltyAction</code> . | |
| validateOnOrigin With | enum | For any validation that edge servers can't perform alone, this specifies additional validation steps based on how the origin identifies an invalid request. If a request is invalid, the origin can indicate this to the edge server. | |
| | DISABLED | Specify if no additional validation is necessary. | |
| | RESPONSE_ CODE | Use a response code. | |
| | RESPONSE_ CODE_AND_ HEADER | Use a response code and header. | |
| validateOnOrigin HeaderName | string | If <code>validateOnOriginWith</code> is set to <code>RESPONSE_CODE_AND_HEADER</code> , this specifies the header name for a request that the origin identifies as invalid. | validateOnOriginWith is RESPONSE_CODE_ AND_HEADER |
| validateOnOrigin HeaderValue | string | If <code>validateOnOriginWith</code> is set to <code>RESPONSE_CODE_AND_HEADER</code> , this specifies an invalid request's header value that corresponds to the <code>validateOnOriginHeaderName</code> . | validateOnOriginWith is RESPONSE_CODE_ AND_HEADER |
| validateOnOrigin ResponseCode | number | Unless <code>validateOnOriginWith</code> is <code>DISABLED</code> , this identifies the integer response code for requests the origin identifies as invalid. | validateOnOriginWith is either: RESPONSE_ CODE, RESPONSE_ CODE_AND_HEADER |
| failure302Uri | string | Specifies the redirect link for invalid requests that have not yet triggered a penalty. | |
| penalty Threshold | number | Specifies the number of invalid requests permitted before executing the <code>penaltyAction</code> . | |
| penaltyAction | enum | Once the <code>penaltyThreshold</code> of invalid requests is met, this specifies the response. | |
| | REDIRECT_302 | A 302 redirect response. | |
| | BLANK_403 | A 403 response with no body content. | |
| | BRANDED_403 | A custom 403 response. | |
| penalty302Uri | string | Specifies the redirect link for end users who trigger the penalty. | penaltyAction is REDIRECT_302 |
| penaltyNet Storage | object | Specifies the NetStorage account that serves out the penalty's static 403 response content. Details appear in an object featuring a <code>downloadDomainName</code> string member that identifies the NetStorage hostname, and an integer <code>cpCode</code> to track the traffic. | penaltyAction is BRANDED_403 |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|--|------------------------------|
| penaltyNetStorage.cpCodeList | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| penaltyNetStorage.downloadDomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| penaltyNetStorage.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| penaltyNetStorage.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| penaltyNetStorage.uploadDomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| penalty403NetStoragePath | string | Specifies the full path to the static 403 response content relative to the downloadDomainName in the penaltyNetStorage object. | penaltyAction is BRANDED_403 |
| penaltyBrandedDenyCacheTtl | number (5-30) | Specifies the penalty response's time to live in the cache, 5 minutes by default. | penaltyAction is BRANDED_403 |

instant

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamai Instant \(Prefetching\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the instant behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The Instant feature allows you to prefetch content to the edge cache by adding link relation attributes to markup. For example:

```
xml <a href="page2.html" rel="Akamai-prefetch">Page 2</a>
```

Default link relation values are prefetch and Akamai-prefetch . Applies only to HTML elements that may specify an external file: <a> , <base> , , <script> , <input> , <link> , <table> , <td> , or <th> . (For the latter three, some legacy browsers support a nonstandard background image attribute.)

This behavior provides an alternative to the prefetch and prefetchable behaviors, which allow you to configure more general prefetching behavior outside of markup.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|---------|--|----------|
| prefetchCacheable | boolean | When enabled, applies prefetching only to objects already set to be cacheable, for example using the caching behavior. Only applies to content with the tieredDistribution behavior enabled. | |
| prefetchNoStore | boolean | Allows otherwise non-cacheable no-store content to prefetch if the URL path ends with / to indicate a request for a default file, or if the extension matches the value of the prefetchNoStore Extensions option. Only applies to content with the sureRoute behavior enabled. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| prefetchNoStoreExtensions | string array | Specifies a set of file extensions for which the prefetchNoStore option is allowed. | prefetchNoStore is true |
| prefetchHtml | boolean | Allows edge servers to prefetch additional HTML pages while pages that link to them are being delivered. This only applies to links from <a> or <link> tags with the appropriate link relation attribute. | prefetchCacheable is true OR prefetchNoStore is true |
| customLinkRelations | string array | Specify link relation values that activate the prefetching behavior. For example, specifying fetch allows you to use shorter rel="fetch" markup. | prefetchHtml is true |

instantConfig

- **Property Manager name:** [InstantConfig](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the instantConfig behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Multi-Domain Configuration, also known as *InstantConfig*, allows you to apply property settings to all incoming hostnames based on a DNS lookup, without explicitly listing them among the property's hostnames.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the InstantConfig behavior. |

largeFileOptimization

- **Property Manager name:** [Large File Optimization](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the largeFileOptimization behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The [Large File Optimization](#) (LFO) feature improves performance and reliability when delivering large files. You need this behavior for objects larger than 1.8GB, and you should apply it to anything over 100MB. You should apply it only to the specific content to be optimized, such as a download directory's .gz files, and enable the `useVersioning` option while enforcing your own filename versioning policy. Make sure you meet all the [requirements and best practices](#) for the LFO delivery.

Note that it is best to use [NetStorage](#) for objects larger than 1.8GB.

See also the [largeFileOptimizationAdvanced](#) behavior, which provides additional options for to configure partial object caching and HTTP/2 prefetching.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---|--|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the file optimization behavior. | |
| <code>enablePartialObjectCaching</code> | enum | Specifies whether to cache partial objects. | |
| | <code>PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> | Allows <i>partial-object caching</i> , which always applies to large objects served from NetStorage . The size of the object to be cached can't be greater than 323 GB. To enable this, the origin needs to support byte range requests. | |
| | <code>NON_PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> | Caches entire objects. The size of the object to be cached can't be greater than 1800 MB. | |
| <code>minimumSize</code> | string | Optimization only applies to files larger than this, expressed as a number suffixed with a unit string such as <code>MB</code> or <code>GB</code> . | <code>enablePartialObjectCaching</code> is <code>PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> |
| <code>maximumSize</code> | string | Optimization does not apply to files larger than this, expressed as a number suffixed with a unit string such as <code>MB</code> or <code>GB</code> . The size of a file can't be greater than 323 GB. If you need to optimize a larger file, contact Akamai Professional Services for help. | <code>enablePartialObjectCaching</code> is <code>PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> |
| <code>useVersioning</code> | boolean | When <code>enablePartialObjectCaching</code> is set to <code>PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> , enabling this option signals your intention to vary filenames by version, strongly recommended to avoid serving corrupt content when chunks come from different versions of the same file. | <code>enablePartialObjectCaching</code> is <code>PARTIAL_OBJECT_CACHING</code> |

largeFileOptimizationAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Large File Optimization \(Advanced\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `largeFileOptimizationAdvanced` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The [Large File Optimization](#) feature improves performance and reliability when delivering large files. You need this behavior for objects larger than 1.8GB, and it's recommended for anything over 100MB. You should apply it only to the specific content to be optimized, such as a download directory's `.gz` files. Note that it is best to use [NetStorage](#) for objects larger than 1.8GB.

This advanced behavior provides additional HTTP/2 options not present in the [largeFileOptimization](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------------------|---------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the file optimization behavior. |
| <code>objectSize</code> | string | Specifies the size of the file at which point to apply partial object (POC) caching. Append a numeric value with a <code>MB</code> or <code>GB</code> suffix. |
| <code>fragmentSize</code> | enum | Specifies the size of each fragment used for partial object caching. |
| | | Supported values: <div>FOUR_MB HALF_MB ONE_MB TWO_MB</div> |
| <code>prefetchDuringRequest</code> | number | The number of POC fragments to prefetch during the request. |
| <code>prefetchAfterRequest</code> | number | The number of POC fragments to prefetch after the request. |

limitBitRate

- **Property Manager name:** [Bit Rate Limiting](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `limitBitRate` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Control the rate at which content serves out to end users, optionally varying the speed depending on the file size or elapsed download time. Each bit rate specified in the `bitrateTable` array corresponds to a `thresholdTable` entry that activates it. You can use this behavior to prevent media downloads from progressing faster than they are viewed, for example, or to differentiate various tiers of end-user experience. To apply this behavior, you should match on a `contentType` , `path` , or `filename` .

| Option | Type | Description |
|--|--------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, activates the bit rate limiting behavior. |
| <code>bitrateTable</code> | object array | Specifies a download rate that corresponds to a <code>thresholdTable</code> entry. The bit rate appears as a two-member object consisting of a numeric <code>bitrateValue</code> and a <code>bitrateUnit</code> string, with allowed values of <code>Kbps</code> , <code>Mbps</code> , and <code>Gbps</code> . |
| <code>bitrateTable[].bitrateValue</code> | number | The numeric indicator of the download rate. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|--|--------------|--|
| <code>bitrateTable[].bitrateUnit</code> | enum | The unit of measurement, either <code>KBPS</code> , <code>MBPS</code> , or <code>GBPS</code> . |
| | | Supported values: <div>GBPS KBPS MBPS</div> |
| <code>thresholdTable</code> | object array | Specifies the minimum size of the file or the amount of elapsed download time before applying the bit rate limit from the corresponding <code>bitrateTable</code> entry. The threshold appears as a two-member object consisting of a numeric <code>thresholdValue</code> and <code>thresholdUnit</code> string, with allowed values of <code>SECONDS</code> or <code>BYTES</code> . |
| <code>thresholdTable[].thresholdValue</code> | number | The numeric indicator of the minimum file size or elapsed download time. |
| <code>thresholdTable[].thresholdUnit</code> | enum | The unit of measurement, either <code>SECONDS</code> of the elapsed download time, or <code>BYTES</code> of the file size. |
| | | Supported values: <div>BYTES SECONDS</div> |

logCustom

- **Property Manager name:** [Log Custom Details](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `logCustom` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Logs custom details from the origin response in the [Log Delivery Service](#) report.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---|
| <code>logCustomLogField</code> | boolean | Whether to append additional custom data to each log line. | |
| <code>customLogField</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies an additional data field to append to each log line, maximum 1000 bytes, typically based on a dynamically generated built-in system variable. For example, <code>round-trip: {{builtin.AK_CLIENT_TURNAROUND_TIME}}ms</code> logs the total time to complete the response. See Support for variables for more information. Since this option can specify both a request and response, it overrides any <code>customLogField</code> settings in the report behavior. | <code>logCustomLogField</code> is <code>true</code> |

mPulse

- **Property Manager name:** [mPulse](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `mPulse` behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

[mPulse](#) provides high-level performance analytics and predictive recommendations based on real end user data. See the [mPulse Quick Start](#) to set up mPulse on your website.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Applies performance monitoring to this behavior's set of content. |
| <code>requirePci</code> | boolean | Suppresses gathering metrics for potentially sensitive end-user interactions. Enabling this omits data from some older browsers. |
| <code>loaderVersion</code> | enum | Specifies the version of the Boomerang JavaScript loader snippet. See mPulse Loader Snippets for more information. |
| | <code>V10</code> | Use version 10. |
| | <code>V12</code> | Use version 12. |
| | <code>LATEST</code> | Automatically update to the latest available production version. |
| | <code>BETA</code> | Use the latest version, including beta releases. |
| <code>apiKey</code> | string | This generated value uniquely identifies sections of your website for you to analyze independently. To access this value, see Enable mPulse in Property Manager . |
| <code>bufferSize</code> | string | Allows you to override the browser's default (150) maximum number of reported performance timeline entries. |
| <code>configOverride</code> | string | A JSON string representing a configuration object passed to the JavaScript library under which mPulse runs. It corresponds at run-time to the <code>window.BOOMR_config</code> object. For example, this turns on monitoring of Single Page App frameworks: <code>"{\\"history\\": {\\"enabled\\": true, \\"auto\\": true}}"</code> . See Configuration Overrides for more information. |

manifestPersonalization

- **Property Manager name:** [Manifest Personalization](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `manifestPersonalization` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows customers who use the Adaptive Media Delivery product to enhance content based on the capabilities of each end user's device. This behavior configures a *manifest* for both HLS Live and on-demand streaming. For more

information, see [Adaptive Media Delivery](#).

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Manifest Personalization feature. | |
| <code>hlsEnabled</code> | boolean | Allows you to customize the HLS master manifest that's sent to the requesting client. | |
| <code>hlsMode</code> | enum | Applies with <code>hlsEnabled</code> on. | <code>hlsEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | <code>BEST_PRACTICE</code> | Specify the default best practice mode. | |
| | <code>CUSTOM</code> | Specify a custom manifest. | |
| <code>hlsPreferredBitrate</code> | string | Sets the preferred bit rate in Kbps. This causes the media playlist specified in the <code>#EXT-X-STREAM-INF</code> tag that most closely matches the value to list first. All other playlists maintain their current position in the manifest. | <code>hlsMode</code> is <code>CUSTOM</code> |
| <code>hlsFilterInBitrates</code> | string | Specifies a comma-delimited set of preferred bit rates, such as <code>100,200,400</code> . Playlists specified in the <code>#EXT-X-STREAM-INF</code> tag with bit rates outside of any of those values by up to 100 Kbps are excluded from the manifest. | <code>hlsMode</code> is <code>CUSTOM</code> |
| <code>hlsFilterInBitrateRanges</code> | string | Specifies a comma-delimited set of bit rate ranges, such as <code>100-400,1000-4000</code> . Playlists specified in the <code>#EXT-X-STREAM-INF</code> tag with bit rates outside of any of those ranges are excluded from the manifest. | <code>hlsMode</code> is <code>CUSTOM</code> |
| <code>hlsQueryParamEnabled</code> | boolean | Specifies query parameters for the HLS master manifest to customize the manifest's content. Any settings specified in the query string override those already configured in Property Manager. | <code>hlsEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>hlsQueryParamSecretKey</code> | object array | Specifies a primary key as a token to accompany the request. | <code>hlsQueryParamEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>hlsQueryParamTransitionKey</code> | object array | Specifies a transition key as a token to accompany the request. | <code>hlsQueryParamEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>hlsShowAdvanced</code> | boolean | Allows you to configure advanced settings. | <code>hlsEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>hlsEnableDebugHeaders</code> | boolean | Includes additional <code>Akamai-Manifest-Personalization</code> and <code>Akamai-Manifest-Personalization-Config-Source</code> debugging headers. | <code>hlsShowAdvanced</code> is <code>true</code> |

manifestRerouting

- **Property Manager name:** [Manifest Rerouting](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `manifestRerouting` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior works with [adScalerCircuitBreaker](#) . It delegates parts of the media delivery workflow, like ad insertion, to other technology partners. Akamai reroutes manifest file requests to partner platforms for processing prior to being delivered. Rerouting simplifies the workflow and improves the media streaming experience.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|------------------------------|---|
| partner | enum | Set this value to <code>adobe_primetime</code> , which is an external technology partner that provides value added offerings, like advertisement integration, to the requested media objects. |
| | <code>adobe_primetime</code> | This is currently the only supported value. |
| username | string | The user name for your Adobe Primetime account. |

manualServerPush

- **Property Manager name:** [Manual Server Push](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `manualServerPush` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

With the [http2](#) behavior enabled, this loads a specified set of objects into the client browser's cache. To apply this behavior, you should match on a `path` or `filename` .

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|---|
| serverpushlist | string array | Specifies the set of objects to load into the client browser's cache over HTTP2. Each value in the array represents a hostname and full path to the object, such as <code>www.example.com/js/site.js</code> . |

mediaAcceleration

- **Property Manager name:** [Media Acceleration](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `mediaAcceleration` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Enables Accelerated Media Delivery for this set of requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables Media Acceleration. |

mediaAccelerationQuicOptout

- **Property Manager name:** [Media Acceleration \(QUIC Protocol\) Opt-Out](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the mediaAccelerationQuicOptout behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

When enabled, disables use of QUIC protocol for this set of accelerated media content.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

mediaClient

- **Property Manager name:** [Media Client](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the mediaClient behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Enables client-side reporting through analytics beacon requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables client-side download analytics. |
| beaconId | string | Specifies the ID of data source's beacon. |
| useHybridHttpUdp | boolean | Enables the hybrid HTTP/UDP protocol. |

mediaFileRetrievalOptimization

- **Property Manager name:** [Media File Retrieval Optimization](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `mediaFileRetrievalOptimization` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Media File Retrieval Optimization (MFRO) speeds the delivery of large media files by relying on caches of partial objects. You should use it for files larger than 100 MB. It's required for files larger than 1.8 GB, and works best with [NetStorage](#). To apply this behavior, you should match on a `fileExtension` .

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the partial-object caching behavior. |

mediaOriginFailover

- **Property Manager name:** [Media Origin Failover](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `mediaOriginFailover` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies how edge servers respond when the origin is unresponsive, or suffers from server or content errors. You can specify how many times to retry, switch to a backup origin hostname, or configure a redirect.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|---------------------------|---|--|
| <code>detectOriginUnresponsive</code> | boolean | Allows you to configure what happens when the origin is unresponsive. | |
| <code>originUnresponsiveDetectionLevel</code> | enum | Specify the level of response to slow origin connections. | <code>detectOriginUnresponsive</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | <code>AGGRESSIVE</code> | Aggressive response. | |
| | <code>CONSERVATIVE</code> | Conservative response. | |
| | <code>MODERATE</code> | Moderate response. | |
| <code>originUnresponsiveBlacklistOriginIp</code> | boolean | Enabling this blacklists the origin's IP address. | <code>detectOriginUnresponsive</code> is <code>true</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| originUnresponsiveBlacklistWindow | enum | This sets the delay before blacklisting an IP address. | originUnresponsiveBlacklistOriginIp is true |
| | TEN_S | 10 seconds. | |
| | THIRTY_S | 30 seconds. | |
| originUnresponsiveRecovery | enum | This sets the recovery option. | detectOriginUnresponsive is true |
| | RETRY_X_TIMES | Retry. | |
| | SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN | Switch to a backup origin. | |
| | REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION | Redirect to a different origin. | |
| originUnresponsiveRetryLimit | enum | Sets how many times to retry. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is RETRY_X_TIMES |
| | | Supported values: ONE THREE | |
| originUnresponsiveBackupHost | string | This specifies the origin hostname. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN |
| originUnresponsiveAlternateHost | string | This specifies the redirect's destination hostname. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnresponsiveModifyRequestPath | boolean | Modifies the request path. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR originUnresponsiveRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnresponsiveModifiedPath | string | This specifies the path to form the new URL. | originUnresponsiveModifyRequestPath is true |
| originUnresponsiveIncludeQueryString | boolean | Enabling this includes the original set of query parameters. | originUnresponsiveModifyRequestPath is true |
| originUnresponsiveRedirectMethod | enum | Specifies the redirect response code. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| | | Supported values: 301 302 | |
| originUnresponsiveChangeProtocol | boolean | This allows you to change the request protocol. | originUnresponsiveRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR originUnresponsiveRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnresponsiveProtocol | enum | Specifies which protocol to use. | originUnresponsiveChangeProtocol is true |
| | | Supported values: HTTP HTTPS | |
| detectOriginUnavailable | boolean | Allows you to configure failover settings when the origin server responds with errors. | |
| originUnavailableDetectionLevel | enum | Specify RESPONSE_CODES , the only available option. | detectOriginUnavailable is true |
| | RESPONSE_CODES | This is the only value currently available. | |
| originUnavailableResponseCodes | string array | Specifies the set of response codes identifying when the origin responds with errors. | detectOriginUnavailable is true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| originUnavailableBlacklistOriginIp | boolean | Enabling this blacklists the origin's IP address. | detectOriginUnavailable is true |
| originUnavailableBlacklistWindow | enum | This sets the delay before blacklisting an IP address. | originUnavailableBlacklistOriginIp is true |
| | TEN_S | 10 seconds. | |
| | THIRTY_S | 30 seconds. | |
| originUnavailableRecovery | enum | This sets the recovery option. | detectOriginUnavailable is true |
| | RETRY_X_TIMES | Retry. | |
| | SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN | Switch to a backup origin. | |
| | REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION | Redirect to a different origin. | |
| originUnavailableRetryLimit | enum | Sets how many times to retry. | originUnavailableRecovery is RETRY_X_TIMES |
| | | Supported values: ONE THREE | |
| originUnavailableBackupHost | string | This specifies the origin hostname. | originUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN |
| originUnavailableAlternateHost | string | This specifies the redirect's destination hostname. | originUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnavailableModifyRequestPath | boolean | Modifies the request path. | originUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR originUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnavailableModifiedPath | string | This specifies the path to form the new URL. | originUnavailableModifyRequestPath is true |
| originUnavailableIncludeQueryString | boolean | Enabling this includes the original set of query parameters. | originUnavailableModifyRequestPath is true |
| originUnavailableRedirectMethod | enum | Specifies either a redirect response code. | originUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| | | Supported values: 301 302 | |
| originUnavailableChangeProtocol | boolean | Modifies the request protocol. | originUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR originUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| originUnavailableProtocol | enum | Specifies either the HTTP or HTTPS protocol. | originUnavailableChangeProtocol is true |
| | | Supported values: HTTP HTTPS | |
| detectObjectUnavailable | boolean | Allows you to configure failover settings when the origin has content errors. | |
| objectUnavailableDetectionLevel | enum | Specify RESPONSE_CODES , the only available option. | detectObjectUnavailable is true |
| | RESPONSE_CODES | This is the only value currently available. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---|
| objectUnavailableResponseCodes | string array | Specifies the set of response codes identifying when there are content errors. | detectObjectUnavailable is true |
| objectUnavailableBlacklistOriginIp | boolean | Enabling this blacklists the origin's IP address. | detectObjectUnavailable is true |
| objectUnavailableBlacklistWindow | enum | This sets the delay before blacklisting an IP address. | objectUnavailableBlacklistOriginIp is true |
| | TEN_S | 10 seconds. | |
| | THIRTY_S | 30 seconds. | |
| objectUnavailableRecovery | enum | This sets the recovery option. | detectObjectUnavailable is true |
| | RETRY_X_TIMES | Retry. | |
| | SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN | Switch to a backup origin. | |
| | REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION | Redirect to a different origin. | |
| objectUnavailableRetryLimit | enum | Sets how many times to retry. | objectUnavailableRecovery is RETRY_X_TIMES |
| | | Supported values: ONE THREE | |
| objectUnavailableBackupHost | string | This specifies the origin hostname. | objectUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN |
| objectUnavailableAlternateHost | string | This specifies the redirect's destination hostname. | objectUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| objectUnavailableModifyRequestPath | boolean | Enabling this allows you to modify the request path. | objectUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR objectUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| objectUnavailableModifiedPath | string | This specifies the path to form the new URL. | objectUnavailableModifyRequestPath is true |
| objectUnavailableIncludeQueryString | boolean | Enabling this includes the original set of query parameters. | objectUnavailableModifyRequestPath is true |
| objectUnavailableRedirectMethod | enum | Specifies a redirect response code. | objectUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| | | Supported values: 301 302 | |
| objectUnavailableChangeProtocol | boolean | Changes the request protocol. | objectUnavailableRecovery is SWITCH_TO_BACKUP_ORIGIN OR objectUnavailableRecovery is REDIRECT_TO_DIFFERENT_ORIGIN_LOCATION |
| objectUnavailableProtocol | enum | Specifies either the HTTP or HTTPS protocol. | objectUnavailableChangeProtocol is true |
| | | Supported values: HTTP HTTPS | |
| clientResponseCode | string | Specifies the response code served to the client. | |
| cacheErrorResponse | boolean | When enabled, caches the error response. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------|----------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|
| cacheWindow | enum | This sets error response's TTL. | cacheErrorResponse is true |
| | ONE_S | 1 second. | |
| | TEN_S | 10 seconds. | |
| | THIRTY_S | 30 seconds. | |

metadataCaching

- **Property Manager name:** [Metadata Caching](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the metadataCaching behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior reduces time spent waiting for the initial response, also known as time to first byte, during peak traffic events. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables metadata caching. |

mobileSdkPerformance

- **Property Manager name:** [Mobile App Performance SDK](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the mobileSdkPerformance behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

The Mobile Application Performance software development kit allows you to optimize native iOS and Android apps, effectively extending Akamai's intelligent edge platform's advantages to mobile devices operation in poor network conditions. This behavior enables the SDK's features for this set of requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Mobile App Performance SDK. |
| secondaryMultipathToOrigin | boolean | When enabled, sends secondary multi-path requests to the origin server. |

modifyIncomingRequestHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Incoming Request Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `modifyIncomingRequestHeader` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modify, add, remove, or pass along specific request headers coming upstream from the client.

Depending on the type of `action` you want to perform, specify the corresponding *standard* header name, or a `customHeaderName` if the standard name is set to `OTHER`. The `headerValue` serves as a match condition when the action is `DELETE` or `MODIFY`, and the `newHeaderValue` applies when the action is `ADD` or `MODIFY`.

See also [modifyIncomingResponseHeader](#), [modifyOutgoingRequestHeader](#), and [modifyOutgoingResponseHeader](#).

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| action | enum | Either <code>ADD</code> , <code>DELETE</code> , <code>MODIFY</code> , or <code>PASS</code> incoming HTTP request headers. | |
| | <code>ADD</code> | Add the header. | |
| | <code>DELETE</code> | Delete the header. | |
| | <code>MODIFY</code> | Modify the header. | |
| | <code>PASS</code> | Pass through the header. | |
| standardAddHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> , this specifies the name of the field to add. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |
| | <code>ACCEPT_ENCODING</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Encoding</code> header. | |
| | <code>ACCEPT_LANGUAGE</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Language</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to add. | |
| standardDeleteHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>DELETE</code> , this specifies the name of the field to remove. | <code>action</code> is <code>DELETE</code> |
| | <code>IF_MODIFIED_SINCE</code> | The <code>If-Modified-Since</code> header. | |
| | <code>VIA</code> | The <code>Via</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to remove. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| standardModifyHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> , this specifies the name of the field to modify. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |
| | <code>ACCEPT_ENCODING</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Encoding</code> header. | |
| | <code>ACCEPT_LANGUAGE</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Language</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to add. | |
| standardPassHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>PASS</code> , this specifies the name of the field to pass through. | <code>action</code> is <code>PASS</code> |
| | <code>ACCEPT_ENCODING</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Encoding</code> header. | |
| | <code>ACCEPT_LANGUAGE</code> | Add an <code>Accept-Language</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to add. | |
| customHeaderName | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom field name that applies when the relevant <i>standard</i> header name is set to <code>OTHER</code> . | <code>standardAddHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardDeleteHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardModifyHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardPassHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| headerValue | string (allows variables) | Specifies the new header value. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |
| newHeaderValue | string (allows variables) | Supplies an HTTP header replacement value. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |
| avoidDuplicateHeaders | boolean | When enabled with the <code>action</code> set to <code>MODIFY</code> , prevents creation of more than one instance of a header. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |

modifyIncomingResponseHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Incoming Response Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `modifyIncomingResponseHeader` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modify, add, remove, or pass along specific response headers coming downstream from the origin.

Depending on the type of `action` you want to perform, specify the corresponding *standard* header name, or a `customHeaderName` if the standard name is set to `OTHER`. The `headerValue` serves as a match condition when the action is `DELETE` or `MODIFY`, and the `newHeaderValue` applies when the action is `ADD` or `MODIFY`.

See also [modifyIncomingRequestHeader](#) , [modifyOutgoingRequestHeader](#) , and [modifyOutgoingResponseHeader](#) .

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| action | enum | Either <code>ADD</code> , <code>DELETE</code> , <code>MODIFY</code> , or <code>PASS</code> incoming HTTP response headers. | |
| | <code>ADD</code> | Add the header. | |
| | <code>DELETE</code> | Delete the header. | |
| | <code>MODIFY</code> | Modify the header. | |
| | <code>PASS</code> | Pass through the header. | |
| standardAddHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> , this specifies the name of the field to add. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> | The <code>Cache-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>CONTENT_TYPE</code> | The <code>Content-Type</code> header. | |
| | <code>EDGE_CONTROL</code> | The <code>Edge-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>EXPIRES</code> | The <code>Expires</code> header. | |
| | <code>LAST_MODIFIED</code> | The <code>Last-Modified</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to add. | |
| standardDeleteHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>DELETE</code> , this specifies the name of the field to remove. | <code>action</code> is <code>DELETE</code> |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> | The <code>Cache-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>CONTENT_TYPE</code> | The <code>Content-Type</code> header. | |
| | <code>VARY</code> | The <code>Vary</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to remove. | |
| standardModifyHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> , this specifies the name of the field to modify. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> | The <code>Cache-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>CONTENT_TYPE</code> | The <code>Content-Type</code> header. | |
| | <code>EDGE_CONTROL</code> | The <code>Edge-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to modify. | |
| standardPassHeaderName | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>PASS</code> , this specifies the name of the field to pass through. | <code>action</code> is <code>PASS</code> |
| | <code>CACHE_CONTROL</code> | Pass through the <code>Cache-Control</code> header. | |
| | <code>EXPIRES</code> | Pass through the <code>Expires</code> header. | |
| | <code>PRAGMA</code> | Pass through the <code>Pragma</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to pass. | |
| customHeaderName | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom field name that applies when the relevant <i>standard</i> header name is set to <code>OTHER</code> . | <code>standardAddHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardDeleteHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardModifyHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardPassHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| headerValue | string (allows variables) | Specifies the header's new value. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|---|---|------------------|
| newHeaderValue | string (allows variables) | Specifies an HTTP header replacement value. | action is MODIFY |
| avoidDuplicateHeaders | boolean | When enabled with the action set to MODIFY , prevents creation of more than one instance of a header. | action is MODIFY |

modifyOutgoingRequestHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Outgoing Request Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the modifyOutgoingRequestHeader behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modify, add, remove, or pass along specific request headers going upstream towards the origin.

Depending on the type of action you want to perform, specify the corresponding *standard* header name, or a customHeaderName if the standard name is set to OTHER . The headerValue serves as a match condition when the action is DELETE or MODIFY , and the newHeaderValue applies when the action is ADD or MODIFY . Whole-text replacements apply when the action is MODIFY , and substitutions apply when set to REGEX .

See also [modifyIncomingRequestHeader](#) , [modifyIncomingResponseHeader](#) , and [modifyOutgoingResponseHeader](#) .

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|------------|--|------------------|
| action | enum | Either ADD or DELETE outgoing HTTP request headers, MODIFY their fixed values, or specify a REGEX pattern to transform them. | |
| | ADD | Add the header. | |
| | DELETE | Delete the header. | |
| | MODIFY | Modify the header. | |
| | REGEX | Specify another header to modify. | |
| standardAddHeaderName | enum | If the value of action is ADD , this specifies the name of the field to add. | action is ADD |
| | USER_AGENT | The User-Agent header. | |
| | OTHER | Specify another header to add. | |
| standardDeleteHeaderName | enum | If the value of action is DELETE , this specifies the name of the field to remove. | action is DELETE |
| | PRAGMA | The Pragma header. | |
| | USER_AGENT | The User-Agent header. | |
| | VIA | The Via header. | |
| | OTHER | Specify another header to remove. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| standard ModifyHeader Name | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> or <code>REGEX</code> , this specifies the name of the field to modify. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> OR <code>action</code> is <code>REGEX</code> |
| | <code>USER_AGENT</code> | The <code>User-Agent</code> header. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specify another header to modify. | |
| custom HeaderName | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom field name that applies when the relevant <i>standard</i> header name is set to <code>OTHER</code> . | <code>standardAddHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardDeleteHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardModifyHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| headerValue | string (allows variables) | Specifies the new header value. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |
| newHeader Value | string (allows variables) | Specifies an HTTP header replacement value. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |
| regexHeader Match | string (allows variables) | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression to match within the header value. | <code>action</code> is <code>REGEX</code> |
| regexHeader Replace | string (allows variables) | Specifies text that replaces the <code>regexHeaderMatch</code> pattern within the header value. | <code>action</code> is <code>REGEX</code> |
| match Multiple | boolean | When enabled with the <code>action</code> set to <code>REGEX</code> , replaces all occurrences of the matched regular expression, otherwise only the first match if disabled. | <code>action</code> is <code>REGEX</code> |
| avoid Duplicate Headers | boolean | When enabled with the <code>action</code> set to <code>MODIFY</code> , prevents creation of more than one instance of a header. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |

modifyOutgoingResponseHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Outgoing Response Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `modifyOutgoingResponseHeader` behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modify, add, remove, or pass along specific response headers going downstream towards the client.

Depending on the type of `action` you want to perform, specify the corresponding *standard* header name, or a `customHeaderName` if the standard name is set to `OTHER`. The `headerValue` serves as a match condition when the action is `DELETE` or `MODIFY`, and the `newHeaderValue` applies when the action is `ADD` or `MODIFY`. Whole-text replacements apply when the action is `MODIFY`, and substitutions apply when set to `REGEX`.

See also [modifyIncomingRequestHeader](#), [modifyIncomingResponseHeader](#), and [modifyOutgoingRequestHeader](#)

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|---------------------|
| action | enum | Either ADD or DELETE outgoing HTTP response headers, MODIFY their fixed values, or specify a REGEX pattern to transform them. | |
| | ADD | Add the header. | |
| | DELETE | Delete the header. | |
| | MODIFY | Modify the header. | |
| | REGEX | Specify another header to modify. | |
| standard Add Header Name | enum | If the value of action is ADD , this specifies the name of the field to add. | action is ADD |
| | CACHE_CONTROL | The Cache-Control header. | |
| | CONTENT_DISPOSITION | The Content-Disposition header. | |
| | CONTENT_TYPE | The Content-Type header. | |
| | EDGE_CONTROL | The Edge-Control header. | |
| | P3P | Specify another header to add. | |
| | PRAGMA | The Pragma header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_ORIGIN | The Access-Control-Allow-Origin header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_METHODS | The Access-Control-Allow-Methods header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Allow-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_EXPOSE_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Expose-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_CREDENTIALS | The Access-Control-Allow-Credentials header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_MAX_AGE | The Access-Control-Max-Age header. | |
| | OTHER | Specify another header to add. | |
| standard Delete Header Name | enum | If the value of action is DELETE , this specifies the name of the field to remove. | action is DELETE |
| | CACHE_CONTROL | The Cache-Control header. | |
| | CONTENT_DISPOSITION | The Content-Disposition header. | |
| | CONTENT_TYPE | The Content-Type header. | |
| | EXPIRES | The Expires header. | |
| | P3P | The P3P header. | |
| | PRAGMA | The Pragma header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_ORIGIN | The Access-Control-Allow-Origin header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_METHODS | The Access-Control-Allow-Methods header. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Allow-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_EXPOSE_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Expose-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_CREDENTIALS | The Access-Control-Allow-Credentials header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_MAX_AGE | The Access-Control-Max-Age header. | |
| | OTHER | Specify another header to remove. | |
| standard Modify Header Name | enum | If the value of <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> or <code>REGEX</code> , this specifies the name of the field to modify. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> OR <code>action</code> is <code>REGEX</code> |
| | CACHE_CONTROL | The Cache-Control header. | |
| | CONTENT_DISPOSITION | The Content-Disposition header. | |
| | CONTENT_TYPE | The Content-Type header. | |
| | P3P | The P3P header. | |
| | PRAGMA | The Pragma header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_ORIGIN | The Access-Control-Allow-Origin header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_METHODS | The Access-Control-Allow-Methods header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Allow-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_EXPOSE_HEADERS | The Access-Control-Expose-Headers header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_ALLOW_CREDENTIALS | The Access-Control-Allow-Credentials header. | |
| | ACCESS_CONTROL_MAX_AGE | The Access-Control-Max-Age header. | |
| | OTHER | Specify another header to modify. | |
| custom Header Name | string (allows variables) | Specifies a custom field name that applies when the relevant <i>standard</i> header name is set to <code>OTHER</code> . | <code>standardAddHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardDeleteHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> OR <code>standardModifyHeaderName</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| header Value | string (allows variables) | Specifies the existing value of the header to match. | <code>action</code> is <code>ADD</code> |
| new Header Value | string (allows variables) | Specifies the new HTTP header replacement value. | <code>action</code> is <code>MODIFY</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|---|--|---------------------|
| regex Header Match | string | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression to match within the header value. | action is REGEX |
| regex Header Replace | string (allows variables) | Specifies text that replaces the <code>regexHeaderMatch</code> pattern within the header value. | action is REGEX |
| match Multiple | boolean | When enabled with the <code>action</code> set to <code>REGEX</code> , replaces all occurrences of the matched regular expression, otherwise only the first match if disabled. | action is REGEX |
| avoid Duplicate Headers | boolean | When enabled with the <code>action</code> set to <code>MODIFY</code> , prevents creation of more than one instance of a header. The last header clobbers others with the same name. This option affects the entire set of outgoing headers, and is not confined to the subset of regular expression matches. | action is MODIFY |

modifyViaHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Via Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `modifyViaHeader` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Removes or renames the HTTP `Via` headers used to inform the server of proxies through which the request was sent to the origin.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|---------------|---|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables <code>Via</code> header modifications. | |
| modification Option | enum | Specify how you want to handle the header. | |
| | REMOVE_HEADER | Remove the header. | |
| | RENAME_HEADER | Rename the header. | |
| renameHeaderTo | string | Specifies a new name to replace the existing <code>Via</code> header. | modificationOption is RENAME_HEADER |

origin

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Server](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `origin` behavior v1.21.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specify the hostname and settings used to contact the origin once service begins. You can use your own origin, [Net Storage](#), an Edge Load Balancing origin, or a SaaS dynamic origin.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|--|--|---|
| <code>originType</code> | enum | Choose where your content is retrieved from. | |
| | CUSTOMER | From your own server. | |
| | NET_STORAGE | From your NetStorage account. This option is most appropriate for static content. | |
| | MEDIA_SERVICE_LIVE | From a Media Services Live origin. | |
| | EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP | From any available Edge Load Balancing origin. | |
| | SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN | From a SaaS dynamic origin if SaaS acceleration is available on your contract. | |
| <code>netStorage</code> | object | Specifies the details of the NetStorage server. | <code>originType</code> is NET_STORAGE |
| <code>netStorage.cpCodeList</code> | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| <code>netStorage.downloadDomainName</code> | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| <code>netStorage.id</code> | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| <code>netStorage.name</code> | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| <code>netStorage.uploadDomainName</code> | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| <code>originId</code> | string | Identifies the Edge Load Balancing origin. This needs to correspond to an edgeLoadBalancingOrigin behavior's <code>id</code> attribute within the same property. | <code>originType</code> is EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP |
| <code>hostname</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies the hostname or IPv4 address of your origin server, from which edge servers can retrieve your content. | <code>originType</code> is CUSTOMER |
| <code>secondHostnameEnabled</code> | boolean | Available only for certain products. This specifies whether you want to use an additional origin server address. | |
| <code>secondHostname</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies the origin server's hostname, IPv4 address, or IPv6 address. Edge servers retrieve your content from this origin server. | <code>secondHostnameEnabled</code> is true |
| <code>mslorigin</code> | string | This specifies the media's origin server. | <code>originType</code> is MEDIA_SERVICE_LIVE |
| <code>saasType</code> | enum | Specifies the part of the request that identifies this SaaS dynamic origin. | <code>originType</code> is SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|--|--|---|
| | | Supported values: <div>COOKIE</div> <div>HOSTNAME</div> | |
| saasCname Enabled | boolean | Enabling this allows you to use a <i>CNAME chain</i> to determine the hostname for this SaaS dynamic origin. | saasType is HOSTNAME |
| saasCname Level | number | Specifies the desired number of hostnames to use in the <i>CNAME chain</i> , starting backwards from the edge server. | saasCnameEnabled is true |
| saasCookie | string | Specifies the name of the cookie that identifies this SaaS dynamic origin. | saasType is COOKIE |
| saasQueryString | string | Specifies the name of the query parameter that identifies this SaaS dynamic origin. | saasType is QUERY_STRING |
| saasRegex | string | Specifies the Perl-compatible regular expression match that identifies this SaaS dynamic origin. | originType is SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| saasReplace | string | Specifies replacement text for what <code>saasRegex</code> matches. | originType is SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| saasSuffix | string | Specifies the static part of the SaaS dynamic origin. | originType is SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| forwardHost Header | enum | When the <code>originType</code> is set to either <code>CUSTOMER</code> or <code>SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN</code> , this specifies which <code>Host</code> header to pass to the origin. | originType is either: <code>CUSTOMER</code> , <code>SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN</code> |
| | REQUEST_HOST_HEADER | Passes the original request's header. | |
| | ORIGIN_HOSTNAME | Passes the current origin's <code>HOSTNAME</code> . | |
| | CUSTOM | Passes the value of <code>customForwardHostHeader</code> . Use this option if you want requests handled by different properties to converge on the same cached object. | |
| customForward HostHeader | string (allows variables) | This specifies the name of the custom host header the edge server should pass to the origin. | forwardHostHeader is CUSTOM |
| cacheKey Hostname | enum | Specifies the hostname to use when forming a cache key. | originType is either: <code>CUSTOMER</code> , <code>SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN</code> |
| | REQUEST_HOST_HEADER | Specify when using a virtual server. | |
| | ORIGIN_HOSTNAME | Specify if your origin server's responses do not depend on the hostname. | |
| ipVersion | enum | Specifies which IP version to use when getting content from the origin. | originType is either: <code>CUSTOMER</code> , <code>EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP</code> |
| | IPV4 | Use IPv4. | |
| | DUALSTACK | Use both versions. | |
| | IPV6 | Use IPv6. | |
| useUniqueCache Key | boolean | With a shared <code>hostname</code> such as provided by Amazon AWS, sets a unique cache key for your content. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| compress | boolean | Enables <i>gzip</i> compression for non-NetStorage origins. | originType is either: CUSTOMER , EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| enableTrueClientIp | boolean | When enabled on non-NetStorage origins, allows you to send a custom header (the trueClientIpHeader) identifying the IP address of the immediate client connecting to the edge server. This may provide more useful information than the standard X-Forward-For header, which proxies may modify. | originType is either: CUSTOMER , EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| trueClientIpHeader | string | This specifies the name of the field that identifies the end client's IP address, for example True-Client-IP . | enableTrueClientIp is true |
| trueClientIpClientSetting | boolean | If a client sets the True-Client-IP header, the edge server allows it and passes the value to the origin. Otherwise the edge server removes it and sets the value itself. | enableTrueClientIp is true |
| verificationMode | enum | For non-NetStorage origins, maximize security by controlling which certificates edge servers should trust. | originType is either: CUSTOMER , EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| | PLATFORM_SETTINGS | Trust platform settings. | |
| | CUSTOM | Only applies if the property is marked as secure. See Secure property requirements for guidance. Under some products, you may also need to enable the <i>Secure Delivery - Customer Cert</i> module. See the verification settings in the Origin Server behavior or contact your Akamai representative for details. | |
| | THIRD_PARTY | When your origin server references certain types of third-party hostname. | |
| originSni | boolean | For non-NetStorage origins, enabling this adds a Server Name Indication (SNI) header in the SSL request sent to the origin, with the origin hostname as the value. See the verification settings in the Origin Server behavior or contact your Akamai representative for more information. | originType is either: CUSTOMER , EDGE_LOAD_BALANCING_ORIGIN_GROUP , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN AND verification Mode is either: PLATFORM_SETTINGS , CUSTOM , THIRD_PARTY |
| customValidCnValues | string array | Specifies values to look for in the origin certificate's Subject Alternate Name or Common Name fields. Specify {{Origin Hostname}} and {{Forward Host Header}} within the text in the order you want them to be evaluated. (Note that these two template items are not the same as in-line variables , which use the same curly-brace syntax.) | verificationMode is CUSTOM |
| originCertsToHonor | enum | Specifies which certificate to trust. | verificationMode is CUSTOM |
| | COMBO | May rely on all three other inputs. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | STANDARD_CERTIFICATE_AUTHORITIES | Any certificate signed by an Akamai-managed authority set. | |
| | CUSTOM_CERTIFICATE_AUTHORITIES | Any certificate signed by a custom authority set you manage. | |
| | CUSTOM_CERTIFICATES | Pinned origin server certificates. | |
| custom Certificate Authorities | object array | Specifies an array of certification objects. See the verification settings in the Origin Server behavior or contact your Akamai representative for details on this object's requirements. | originCertsToHonor is either: CUSTOM_CERTIFICATE_AUTHORITIES , COMBO |
| custom Certificates | object array | Specifies an array of certification objects. See the verification settings in the Origin Server behavior or contact your Akamai representative for details on this object's requirements. | originCertsToHonor is either: CUSTOM_CERTIFICATES , COMBO |
| httpPort | number | Specifies the port on your origin server to which edge servers should connect for HTTP requests, customarily 80 . | originType is either: CUSTOMER , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |
| httpsPort | number | Specifies the port on your origin server to which edge servers should connect for secure HTTPS requests, customarily 443 . This option only applies if the property is marked as secure. See Secure property requirements for guidance. | originType is either: CUSTOMER , SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN |

originCharacteristics

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the originCharacteristics behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Specifies characteristics of the origin. Akamai uses this information to optimize your metadata configuration, which may result in better origin offload and end-user performance.

See also [clientCharacteristics](#) and various product-specific behaviors whose names are prefixed *content Characteristics*.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------|--------|---|----------|
| country | enum | Specifies the origin's geographic region. | |
| | EUROPE | Europe. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------|
| | NORTH_AMERICA | North America. | |
| | LATIN_AMERICA | Latin America. | |
| | SOUTH_AMERICA | South America. | |
| | NORDICS | Northern Europe. | |
| | ASIA_PACIFIC | Asia and Pacific Islands. | |
| | OTHER_AMERICAS | Other Americas. | |
| | OTHER_APJ | Asia, Pacific, Japan. | |
| | OTHER_EMEA | Europe, Middle East, Africa. | |
| | AUSTRALIA | Australia. | |
| | GERMANY | Germany. | |
| | INDIA | India. | |
| | ITALY | Italy. | |
| | JAPAN | Japan. | |
| | MEXICO | Mexico. | |
| | TAIWAN | Taiwan. | |
| | UNITED_KINGDOM | United Kingdom. | |
| | US_EAST | Eastern United States. | |
| | US_CENTRAL | Central United States. | |
| | US_WEST | Western United States. | |
| | GLOBAL_MULTI_GEO | Global. | |
| | OTHER | A fallback value. | |
| | UNKNOWN | Defer this optimization. | |
| | ADC | Akamai Direct Connection, available to Adaptive Media Delivery customers. | |
| directConnect Geo | string | Provides a region used by Akamai Direct Connection. | country is ADC |
| authentication Method | enum | Specifies the authentication method. | |
| | AUTOMATIC | Use default authentication. | |
| | SIGNATURE_HEADER_AUTHENTICATION | Available with the Adaptive Media Delivery product. | |
| | MSL_AUTHENTICATION | Available with the Adaptive Media Delivery product. | |
| | AWS | Amazon Web Services. | |
| | GCS_HMAC_AUTHENTICATION | Google Cloud Platform. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|---|
| encoding Version | enum | Specifies the version of the encryption algorithm, an integer from 1 to 5. | authentication Method is SIGNATURE_ HEADER_ AUTHENTICATION |
| useCustom SignString | boolean | Specifies whether to customize your signed string. | authentication Method is SIGNATURE_ HEADER_ AUTHENTICATION |
| customSign String | string array | Specifies the data to be encrypted as a series of enumerated variable names. See Built-in system variables for guidance on each. | authentication Method is SIGNATURE_ HEADER_ AUTHENTICATION AND useCustom SignString is true |
| | | Supported values: <div>AK_CLIENT_REAL_IP AK_DOMAIN AK_EXTENSION</div> | |
| secretKey | object array | Specifies the shared secret key. | authentication Method is SIGNATURE_ HEADER_ AUTHENTICATION |
| nonce | string | Specifies the nonce. | authentication Method is SIGNATURE_ HEADER_ AUTHENTICATION |
| mslkey | string | Specifies the access key provided by the hosting service. | authentication Method is MSL_ AUTHENTICATION |
| mslName | string | Specifies the origin name provided by the hosting service. | authentication Method is MSL_ AUTHENTICATION |
| accessKey Encrypted Storage | boolean | Enables secure use of access keys defined in Cloud Access Manager. Access keys store encrypted authentication details required to sign requests to cloud origins. If you disable this option, you'll need to store the authentication details unencrypted. | authentication Method is either: AWS , GCS_HMAC_ AUTHENTICATION |
| gcsAccessKey VersionGuid | string | Identifies the unique gcsAccessKeyVersionGuid access key created in Cloud Access Manager to sign your requests to Google Cloud Storage in interoperability mode. | authentication Method is GCS_ HMAC_ AUTHENTICATION AND accessKey EncryptedStorage is true |
| gcsHmacKey AccessId | string | Specifies the active access ID linked to your Google account. | authentication Method is GCS_ HMAC_ AUTHENTICATION AND accessKey EncryptedStorage is not true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|--------|---|---|
| <code>gcsHmacKeySecret</code> | string | Specifies the secret linked to the access ID that you want to use to sign requests to Google Cloud Storage. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>GCS_HMAC_AUTHENTICATION</code> AND <code>accessKeyEncryptedStorage</code> is not <code>true</code> |
| <code>awsAccessKeyVersionGuid</code> | string | Identifies the unique <code>awsAccessKeyVersionGuid</code> access key created in Cloud Access Manager to sign your requests to AWS S3. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> AND <code>accessKeyEncryptedStorage</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>awsAccessKeyId</code> | string | Specifies active access key ID linked to your AWS account. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> AND <code>accessKeyEncryptedStorage</code> is not <code>true</code> |
| <code>awsSecretAccessKey</code> | string | Specifies the secret linked to the access key identifier that you want to use to sign requests to AWS. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> AND <code>accessKeyEncryptedStorage</code> is not <code>true</code> |
| <code>awsRegion</code> | string | This specifies the AWS region code of the location where your bucket resides. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> |
| <code>awsHost</code> | string | This specifies the AWS hostname, without <code>http://</code> or <code>https://</code> prefixes. If you leave this option empty, it inherits the hostname from the origin behavior. | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> |
| <code>awsService</code> | string | This specifies the subdomain of your AWS service. It precedes <code>amazonaws.com</code> or the region code in the AWS hostname. For example, <code>s3.amazonaws.com</code> . | <code>authenticationMethod</code> is <code>AWS</code> |

originCharacteristicsWsd

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Characteristics](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `originCharacteristicsWsd` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies characteristics of the origin, for use in Akamai's Wholesale Delivery product.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| <code>origintype</code> | enum | Specifies an origin type. |
| | <code>AZURE</code> | An Azure origin type. |
| | <code>UNKNOWN</code> | An unknown origin type. |

originFailureRecoveryMethod

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Failure Recovery Method](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `originFailureRecoveryMethod` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Origin Failover requires that you set up a separate rule containing origin failure recovery methods. You also need to set up the Origin Failure Recovery Policy behavior in a separate rule with a desired match criteria, and select the desired failover method. You can do this using Property Manager. Learn more about this process in [Adaptive Media Delivery Implementation Guide](#). You can use the `originFailureRecoveryPolicy` member to edit existing instances of the Origin Failure Recover Policy behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| <code>recoveryMethod</code> | enum | Specifies the recovery method. | |
| | <code>RETRY_ALTERNATE_ORIGIN</code> | Retry with the alternate origin. | |
| | <code>RESPOND_CUSTOM_STATUS</code> | Customize the response. | |
| <code>customStatusCode</code> | string | Specifies the custom status code to be sent to the client. | <code>recoveryMethod</code> is <code>RESPOND_CUSTOM_STATUS</code> |

originFailureRecoveryPolicy

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Failure Recovery Policy](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `originFailureRecoveryPolicy` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Configures how to detect an origin failure, in which case the `originFailureRecoveryMethod` behavior applies. You can also define up to three sets of criteria to detect origin failure based on specific response codes. Use it to apply specific retry or recovery actions. You can do this using Property Manager. Learn more about this process in

[Adaptive Media Delivery Implementation Guide](#). You can use the [originFailureRecoveryMethod](#) member to edit existing instances of the Origin Failure Recover Method behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|----------------|--|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Activates and configures a recovery policy. | |
| <code>enableIPAvoidance</code> | boolean | Temporarily blocks an origin IP address that experienced a certain number of failures. When an IP address is blocked, the <code>configName</code> established for <code>originResponsivenessRecoveryConfigName</code> is applied. | |
| <code>ipAvoidanceErrorThreshold</code> | number | Defines the number of failures that need to occur to an origin address before it's blocked. | <code>enableIPAvoidance</code> is true |
| <code>ipAvoidanceRetryInterval</code> | number | Defines the number of seconds after which the IP address is removed from the blocklist. | <code>enableIPAvoidance</code> is true |
| <code>binaryEquivalentContent</code> | boolean | Synchronizes content between the primary and backup origins, byte for byte. | |
| <code>monitorOriginResponsiveness</code> | boolean | Enables continuous monitoring of connectivity to the origin. If necessary, applies retry or recovery actions. | |
| <code>originResponsivenessTimeout</code> | enum | The timeout threshold that triggers a retry or recovery action. | <code>monitorOriginResponsiveness</code> is true |
| | AGGRESSIVE | A 2 second threshold. | |
| | MODERATE | 3 seconds. | |
| | CONSERVATIVE | 4 seconds. | |
| | USER_SPECIFIED | Specify your own timeout. | |
| <code>originResponsivenessCustomTimeout</code> | number | Specify a custom timeout, from 1 to 10 seconds. | <code>originResponsivenessTimeout</code> is USER_SPECIFIED |
| <code>originResponsivenessEnableRetry</code> | boolean | If a specific failure condition applies, attempts a retry on the same origin before executing the recovery method. | <code>monitorOriginResponsiveness</code> is true |
| <code>originResponsivenessEnableRecovery</code> | boolean | Enables a recovery action for a specific failure condition. | <code>monitorOriginResponsiveness</code> is true |
| <code>originResponsivenessRecoveryConfigName</code> | string | Specifies a recovery configuration using the <code>configName</code> you defined in the recoveryConfig match criteria. Specify 3 to 20 alphanumeric characters or dashes. Ensure that you use the recoveryConfig match criteria to apply this option. | <code>originResponsivenessEnableRecovery</code> is true |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes1</code> | boolean | Enables continuous monitoring for the specific origin status codes that trigger retry or recovery actions. | |
| <code>monitorResponseCodes1</code> | string array | Defines the origin response codes that trigger a subsequent retry or recovery action. Specify a single code entry (501) or a range (501:504). If you configure other <code>monitorStatusCodes*</code> and <code>monitorResponseCodes*</code> options, you can't use the same codes here. | <code>monitorStatusCodes1</code> is true |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes1EnableRetry</code> | boolean | When the defined response codes apply, attempts a retry on the same origin before executing the recovery method. | <code>monitorStatusCodes1</code> is true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|--------------|---|--|
| <code>monitorStatusCodes1EnableRecovery</code> | boolean | Enables the recovery action for the response codes you define. | <code>monitorStatusCodes1 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes1RecoveryConfigName</code> | string | Specifies a recovery configuration using the <code>configName</code> you defined in the recoveryConfig match criteria. Specify 3 to 20 alphanumeric characters or dashes. Ensure that you use the recoveryConfig match criteria to apply this option. | <code>monitorStatusCodes1EnableRecovery is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes2</code> | boolean | Enables continuous monitoring for the specific origin status codes that trigger retry or recovery actions. | |
| <code>monitorResponseCodes2</code> | string array | Defines the origin response codes that trigger a subsequent retry or recovery action. Specify a single code entry (501) or a range (501:504). If you configure other <code>monitorStatusCodes*</code> and <code>monitorResponseCodes*</code> options, you can't use the same codes here. | <code>monitorStatusCodes2 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes2EnableRetry</code> | boolean | When the defined response codes apply, attempts a retry on the same origin before executing the recovery method. | <code>monitorStatusCodes2 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes2EnableRecovery</code> | boolean | Enables the recovery action for the response codes you define. | <code>monitorStatusCodes2 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes2RecoveryConfigName</code> | string | Specifies a recovery configuration using the <code>configName</code> you defined in the recoveryConfig match criteria. Specify 3 to 20 alphanumeric characters or dashes. Ensure that you use the recoveryConfig match criteria to apply this option. | <code>monitorStatusCodes2EnableRecovery is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes3</code> | boolean | Enables continuous monitoring for the specific origin status codes that trigger retry or recovery actions. | |
| <code>monitorResponseCodes3</code> | string array | Defines the origin response codes that trigger a subsequent retry or recovery action. Specify a single code entry (501) or a range (501:504). If you configure other <code>monitorStatusCodes*</code> and <code>monitorResponseCodes*</code> options, you can't use the same codes here.. | <code>monitorStatusCodes3 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes3EnableRetry</code> | boolean | When the defined response codes apply, attempts a retry on the same origin before executing the recovery method. | <code>monitorStatusCodes3 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes3EnableRecovery</code> | boolean | Enables the recovery action for the response codes you define. | <code>monitorStatusCodes3 is true</code> |
| <code>monitorStatusCodes3RecoveryConfigName</code> | string | Specifies a recovery configuration using the <code>configName</code> you defined in the recoveryConfig match criteria. Specify 3 to 20 alphanumeric characters or dashes. Ensure that you use the recoveryConfig match criteria to apply this option. | <code>monitorStatusCodes3EnableRecovery is true</code> |

originIpAcl

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin IP Access Control List](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `originIpAcl` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)

- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Origin IP Access Control List limits the traffic to your origin. It only allows requests from specific edge servers that are configured as part of a supernet defined by CIDR blocks.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|---------|---|
| enable | boolean | Enables the Origin IP Access Control List behavior. |

persistentClientConnection

- **Property Manager name:** [Persistent Connections: Client to Edge](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `persistentClientConnection` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior activates *persistent connections* between edge servers and clients, which allow for better performance and more efficient use of resources. Compare with the [persistentConnection](#) behavior, which configures persistent connections for the entire journey from origin to edge to client. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring either.

This behavior is only supported with the HTTP/1.1 networking protocol that's automatically enabled in all properties. If you include this behavior in the same rule with [http2](#) or [http3](#), edge servers honor requests using either of these protocols, but the settings specified in the `persistentClientConnection` behavior won't apply. Both `http2` and `http3` apply persistent connections automatically.

Warning. Disabling or removing this behavior may negatively affect performance.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the persistent connections behavior. |
| timeout | string (duration) | Specifies the timeout period after which edge server closes the persistent connection with the client, 500 seconds by default. |

persistentConnection

- **Property Manager name:** [Persistent Connections: Edge to Origin](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `persistentConnection` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior enables more efficient *persistent connections* from origin to edge server to client. Compare with the [persistentClientConnection](#) behavior, which customizes persistent connections from edge to client. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring either.

Warning. Disabling this behavior wastes valuable browser resources. Leaving connections open too long makes them vulnerable to attack. Avoid both of these scenarios.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|-------------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables persistent connections. |
| <code>timeout</code> | string (duration) | Specifies the timeout period after which edge server closes a persistent connection. |

personallyIdentifiableInformation

- **Property Manager name:** [Personally Identifiable Information \(PII\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `personallyIdentifiableInformation` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Marks content covered by the current rule as sensitive *personally identifiable information* that needs to be treated as secure and private. That includes anything involving personal information: name, social security number, date and place of birth, mother's maiden name, biometric data, or any other data linked to an individual. If you attempt to save a property with such a rule that also caches or logs sensitive content, the added behavior results in a validation error.

Warning. This feature only identifies some vulnerabilities. For example, it does not prevent you from including secure information in a query string or writing it to an origin folder. It also can't tell whether the SSL protocol is in effect.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, marks content as personally identifiable information (PII). |

phasedRelease

- **Property Manager name:** [Phased Release Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the phasedRelease behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The Phased Release Cloudlet provides gradual and granular traffic management to an alternate origin in near real time. Use the [Cloudlets API](#) or the Cloudlets Policy Manager application within [Control Center](#) to set up your Cloudlets policies.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Phased Release Cloudlet. | |
| cloudlet Policy | object | Specifies the Cloudlet policy as an object. | |
| cloudlet Policy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudlet Policy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| label | string | A label to distinguish this Phased Release policy from any others within the same property. | |
| population CookieType | enum | Select when to assign a cookie to the population of users the Cloudlet defines. If you select the Cloudlet's <i>random</i> membership option, it overrides this option's value so that it is effectively <code>NONE</code> . | |
| | NONE | Do not expire the cookie. | |
| | NEVER | Never assign a cookie. | |
| | ON_BROWSER_CLOSE | Once the browser session ends. | |
| | FIXED_DATE | Specify a time when the cookie expires. | |
| | DURATION | Specify a delay before the cookie expires. | |
| population Expiration Date | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies the date and time when membership expires, and the browser no longer sends the cookie. Subsequent requests re-evaluate based on current membership settings. | population CookieType is FIXED_DATE |
| population Duration | string (duration) | Sets the lifetime of the cookie from the initial request. Subsequent requests re-evaluate based on current membership settings. | population CookieType is DURATION |
| population Refresh | boolean | Enabling this option resets the original duration of the cookie if the browser refreshes before the cookie expires. | population CookieType is DURATION |
| failover Enabled | boolean | Allows failure responses at the origin defined by the Cloudlet to fail over to the prevailing origin defined by the property. | |
| failover Response Code | string array | Defines the set of failure codes that initiate the failover response. | failover Enabled is true |
| failover Duration | number (0-300) | Specifies the number of seconds to wait until the client tries to access the failover origin after the initial failure is detected. Set the value to 0 to immediately request the alternate origin upon failure. | failover Enabled is true |

preconnect

- **Property Manager name:** [Manual Preconnect](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the preconnect behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

With the [http2](#) behavior enabled, this requests a specified set of domains that relate to your property hostname, and keeps the connection open for faster loading of content from those domains.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------|--------------|---|
| preconnectlist | string array | Specifies the set of hostnames to which to preconnect over HTTP2. |

predictiveContentDelivery

- **Property Manager name:** [Predictive Content Delivery](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the predictiveContentDelivery behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Improves user experience and reduces the cost of downloads by enabling mobile devices to predictively fetch and cache content from catalogs managed by Akamai servers. You can't use this feature if in the [segmentedMedia Optimization](#) behavior, the value for behavior is set to LIVE.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the predictive content delivery behavior. |

predictivePrefetching

- **Property Manager name:** [Predictive Prefetching](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the predictivePrefetching behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior potentially reduces the client's page load time by pre-caching objects based on historical data for the page, not just its current set of referenced objects. It also detects second-level dependencies, such as objects retrieved by JavaScript.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the predictive prefetching behavior. |
| accuracy Target | enum | The level of prefetching. A higher level results in better client performance, but potentially greater load on the origin. |
| | LOW | Low. |
| | MEDIUM | Medium. |
| | HIGH | High. |

prefetch

- **Property Manager name:** [Prefetch Objects](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the prefetch behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Instructs edge servers to retrieve content linked from requested pages as they load, rather than waiting for separate requests for the linked content. This behavior applies depending on the rule's set of matching conditions. Use in conjunction with the [prefetchable](#) behavior, which specifies the set of objects to prefetch.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Applies prefetching behavior when enabled. |

prefetchable

- **Property Manager name:** [Prefetchable Objects](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the prefetchable behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allow matching objects to prefetch into the edge cache as the parent page that links to them loads, rather than waiting for a direct request. This behavior applies depending on the rule's set of matching conditions. Use `prefetch` to enable the overall behavior for parent pages that contain links to the object. To apply this behavior, you need to match on a `filename` or `fileExtension`.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|---|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows matching content to prefetch when referenced on a requested parent page. |

prefreshCache

- **Property Manager name:** [Cache Prefreshing](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the prefetchCache behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Refresh cached content before its time-to-live (TTL) expires, to keep end users from having to wait for the origin to provide fresh content.

Prefreshing starts asynchronously based on a percentage of remaining TTL. The edge serves the prefreshed content only after the TTL expires. If the percentage is set too high, and there is not enough time to retrieve the object, the end user waits for it to refresh from the origin, as is true by default without this prefetch behavior enabled. The edge does not serve stale content.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------|------------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the cache prefreshing behavior. |
| <code>prefreshval</code> | number (0-99) | Specifies when the prefetch occurs as a percentage of the TTL. For example, for an object whose cache has 10 minutes left to live, and an origin response that is routinely less than 30 seconds, a percentage of 95 prefreshes the content without unnecessarily increasing load on the origin. |

quicBeta

- **Property Manager name:** [QUIC Support \(Beta\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the quicBeta behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

For a share of responses, includes an Alt-Svc header for compatible clients to initiate subsequent sessions using the QUIC protocol.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables QUIC support. |
| quicOfferPercentage | number (1-50) | The percentage of responses for which to allow QUIC sessions. |

randomSeek

- **Property Manager name:** [Random Seek](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the randomSeek behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Optimizes .flv and .mp4 files to allow random jump-point navigation.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------|---------|---|-------------|
| flv | boolean | Enables random seek optimization in FLV files. | |
| mp4 | boolean | Enables random seek optimization in MP4 files. | |
| maximum Size | string | Sets the maximum size of the MP4 file to optimize, expressed as a number suffixed with a unit string such as MB or GB . | mp4 is true |

rapid

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamai API Gateway](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the rapid behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Akamai API Gateway](#) allows you to configure API traffic delivered over the Akamai network. Apply this behavior to a set of API assets, then use Akamai's [API Endpoints API](#) to configure how the traffic responds. Use the [API Keys and Traffic Management API](#) to control access to your APIs.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables API Gateway for the current set of content. |

readTimeout

- **Property Manager name:** [Read Timeout](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the readTimeout behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior specifies how long the edge server should wait for a response from the requesting forward server after a connection has already been established. Any failure to read aborts the request and sends a 504 Gateway Timeout error to the client. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring this behavior.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|-------------------|--|
| value | string (duration) | Specifies the read timeout necessary before failing with a 504 error. This value should never be zero. |

realTimeReporting

- **Property Manager name:** [Real-time Reporting](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `realTimeReporting` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This enables [Real-Time Reporting](#) for Akamai Cloud Embed customers. The behavior can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--|-------------------------------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables reports on delivery of cloud hosted content at near real-time latencies. | |
| <code>advanced</code> | boolean | Enables advanced options. | |
| <code>beaconSamplingPercentage</code> | number | Specifies the percentage for sampling. | <code>advanced</code> is true |

realUserMonitoring

- **Property Manager name:** [Real User Monitoring \(RUM\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `realUserMonitoring` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Real User Monitoring (RUM) injects JavaScript into HTML pages served to end-user clients that monitors page-load performance and reports on various data, such as browser type and geographic location. The [report](#) behavior allows you to configure logs.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, activates real-use monitoring. |

redirect

- **Property Manager name:** [Redirect](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `redirect` behavior v1.5.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Respond to the client request with a redirect without contacting the origin. Specify the redirect as a path expression starting with a `/` character relative to the current root, or as a fully qualified URL. This behavior relies primarily on `destinationHostname` and `destinationPath` to manipulate the hostname and path independently.

See also the [redirectplus](#) behavior, which allows you to use [variables](#) more flexibly to express the redirect's destination.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|--|---|--|
| <code>mobileDefaultChoice</code> | enum | Either specify a default response for mobile browsers, or customize your own. | |
| | <code>DEFAULT</code> | Allows all other <code>responseCode</code> values. | |
| | <code>MOBILE</code> | Allows only a 302 response code. | |
| <code>destinationProtocol</code> | enum | Choose the protocol for the redirect URL. | |
| | <code>SAME_AS_REQUEST</code> | Pass through the original protocol. | |
| | <code>HTTP</code> | Use <code>http</code> . | |
| | <code>HTTPS</code> | Use <code>https</code> . | |
| <code>destinationHostname</code> | enum | Specify how to change the requested hostname, independently from the <code>pathname</code> . | |
| | <code>SAME_AS_REQUEST</code> | Preserves the hostname unchanged. | |
| | <code>SUBDOMAIN</code> | Prepends a subdomain from the <code>destinationHostnameSubdomain</code> field. | |
| | <code>SIBLING</code> | Replaces the leftmost subdomain with the <code>destinationHostnameSibling</code> field. | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Specifies a static domain in the <code>destinationHostnameOther</code> field. | |
| <code>destinationHostnameSubdomain</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies a subdomain to prepend to the current hostname. For example, a value of <code>m</code> changes <code>www.example.com</code> to <code>m.www.example.com</code> . | <code>destinationHostname</code> is <code>SUBDOMAIN</code> |
| <code>destinationHostnameSibling</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies the subdomain with which to replace to the current hostname's leftmost subdomain. For example, a value of <code>m</code> changes <code>www.example.com</code> to <code>m.example.com</code> . | <code>destinationHostname</code> is <code>SIBLING</code> |
| <code>destinationHostnameOther</code> | string (allows variables) | Specifies the full hostname with which to replace the current hostname. | <code>destinationHostname</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| <code>destinationPath</code> | enum | Specify how to change the requested <code>pathname</code> , independently from the <code>hostname</code> . | |
| | <code>SAME_AS_REQUEST</code> | Preserves the current path unchanged. | |
| | <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> | Prepends a path with the <code>destinationPathPrefix</code> field. You also have the option to specify a suffix using <code>destinationPathSuffix</code> and <code>destinationPathSuffixStatus</code> . | |
| | <code>OTHER</code> | Replaces the current path with the <code>destinationPathOther</code> field. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|
| destination PathPrefix | string (allows variables) | When <code>destinationPath</code> is set to <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> , this prepends the current path. For example, a value of <code>/prefix/path</code> changes <code>/example/index.html</code> to <code>/prefix/path/example/index.html</code> . | <code>destinationPath</code> is <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> |
| destination PathSuffix Status | enum | When <code>destinationPath</code> is set to <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> , this gives you the option of adding a suffix. | <code>destinationPath</code> is <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> |
| | <code>NO_SUFFIX</code> | Specify if you want to preserve the end of the path unchanged. | |
| | <code>SUFFIX</code> | The <code>destinationPathSuffix</code> provides the value. | |
| destination PathSuffix | string (allows variables) | When <code>destinationPath</code> is set to <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> and <code>destinationPathSuffixStatus</code> is set to <code>SUFFIX</code> , this specifies the suffix to append to the path. | <code>destinationPath</code> is <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> |
| destination PathOther | string (allows variables) | When <code>destinationPath</code> is set to <code>PREFIX_REQUEST</code> , this replaces the current path. | <code>destinationPath</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| queryString | boolean | When set to <code>APPEND</code> , passes incoming query string parameters as part of the redirect URL. Otherwise set this to <code>IGNORE</code> . | |
| response Code | enum | Specify the redirect's response code. | |
| | | Supported values: <div>301 302 303 307</div> | |

redirectplus

- **Property Manager name:** [Redirect Plus](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `redirectplus` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Respond to the client request with a redirect without contacting the origin. This behavior fills the same need as [redirect](#), but allows you to use [variables](#) to express the redirect `destination`'s component values more concisely.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the redirect feature. |
| destination | string (allows variables) | Specifies the redirect as a path expression starting with a <code>/</code> character relative to the current root, or as a fully qualified URL. Optionally inject variables, as in this example that refers to the original request's filename: <code>/path/to/{{builtin.AK_FILENAME}}</code> . |
| response Code | enum | Assigns the status code for the redirect response. |
| | | Supported values: <div>301 302 303 307</div> |

referrerChecking

- **Property Manager name:** [Legacy Referrer Checking](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `referrerChecking` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Limits allowed requests to a set of domains you specify.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|--------------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the referer-checking behavior. |
| <code>strict</code> | boolean | When enabled, excludes requests whose <code>Referer</code> header include a relative path, or that are missing a <code>Referer</code> . When disabled, only excludes requests whose <code>Referer</code> hostname is not part of the <code>domains</code> set. |
| <code>domains</code> | string array | Specifies the set of allowed domains. With <code>allowChildren</code> disabled, prefixing values with <code>*</code> specifies domains for which subdomains are allowed. |
| <code>allowChildren</code> | boolean | Allows all subdomains for the <code>domains</code> set, just like adding a <code>*</code> prefix to each. |

removeQueryParam

- **Property Manager name:** [Remove Outgoing Request Parameters](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `removeQueryParam` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Remove named query parameters before forwarding the request to the origin.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|--|
| <code>parameters</code> | string array | Specifies parameters to remove from the request. |

removeVary

- **Property Manager name:** [Remove Vary Header](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the removeVary behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

By default, responses that feature a Vary header value of anything other than Accept-Encoding and a corresponding Content-Encoding: gzip header aren't cached on edge servers. Vary headers indicate when a URL's content varies depending on some variable, such as which User-Agent requests it. This behavior simply removes the Vary header to make responses cacheable.

Warning. If your site relies on Vary: User-Agent to customize content, removing the header may lead the edge to serve content inappropriate for specific devices.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | When enabled, removes the Vary header to ensure objects can be cached. |

report

- **Property Manager name:** [Log Request Details](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the report behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specify the HTTP request headers or cookie names to log in your Log Delivery Service reports.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| logHost | boolean | Log the Host header. | |
| logReferer | boolean | Log the Referer header. | |
| logUser Agent | boolean | Log the User-Agent header. | |
| logAccept Language | boolean | Log the Accept-Language header. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|--|---|----------------------------|
| log Cookies | enum | Specifies the set of cookies to log. | |
| | OFF | Do not log cookies. | |
| | ALL | Log all cookies. | |
| | SOME | A specific set of cookies . | |
| cookies | string array | This specifies the set of cookies names whose values you want to log. | log Cookies is SOME |
| logCustom LogField | boolean | Whether to append additional custom data to each log line. | |
| customLog Field | string (allows variables) | Specifies an additional data field to append to each log line, maximum 1000 bytes, typically based on a dynamically generated built-in system variable. For example, round-trip: {builtin.AK_CLIENT_TURNAROUND_TIME}}ms logs the total time to complete the response. See Support for variables for more information. If you enable the logCustom behavior, it overrides the customLogField option. | logCustom LogField is true |
| logEdgeIP | boolean | Whether to log the IP address of the Akamai edge server that served the response to the client. | |
| log XForwarded For | boolean | Log any X-Forwarded-For request header. | |

requestControl

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Control Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the requestControl behavior v3.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The Request Control Cloudlet allows you to control access to your web content based on the incoming request's IP or geographic location. With Cloudlets available on your contract, choose **Your services > Edge logic Cloudlets** to control how the feature works within [Control Center](#)^{*}, or use the [Cloudlets API](#) to configure it programmatically.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|---------|---|----------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Request Control Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | |
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| enableBranded403 | boolean | If enabled, serves a branded 403 page for this Cloudlet instance. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---|--|
| branded403Status Code | enum | Specifies the response status code for the branded deny action. | enableBranded403 is true |
| | | Supported values: <div>200 302 403 503</div> | |
| netStorage | object | Specifies the NetStorage domain that contains the branded 403 page. | enableBranded403 is true AND branded403Status Code is not 302 |
| netStorage.cpCode List | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| netStorage.download DomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| netStorage.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| netStorage.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| netStorage.upload DomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| branded403File | string | Specifies the full path of the branded 403 page, including the filename, but excluding the NetStorage CP code path component. | enableBranded403 is true AND branded403Status Code is not 302 |
| branded403Url | string | Specifies the redirect URL for the branded deny action. | enableBranded403 is true AND branded403Status Code is 302 |
| brandedDenyCache Ttl | number (5-30) | Specifies the branded response page's time to live in the cache, 5 minutes by default. | enableBranded403 is true AND branded403Status Code is not 302 |

requestTypeMarker

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Type Marker](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the requestTypeMarker behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The [Internet of Things: OTA Updates](#) product allows customers to securely distribute firmware to devices over cellular networks. When using the [downloadCompleteMarker](#) behavior to log successful downloads, this related behavior identifies download or campaign server types in aggregated and individual reports.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|
| requestType | enum | Specifies the type of request. |
| | DOWNLOAD | Download. |
| | CAMPAIGN_SERVER | Campaign server. |

resourceOptimizer

- **Property Manager name:** [Resource Optimizer](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the resourceOptimizer behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Use this along with [adaptiveAcceleration](#) to compress and cache resources such as JavaScript, CSS, and font files.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Resource Optimizer feature. |

resourceOptimizerExtendedCompatibility

- **Property Manager name:** [Resource Optimizer Extended Compatibility](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the resourceOptimizerExtendedCompatibility behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This enhances the standard version of the [resourceOptimizer](#) behavior to support the compression of additional file formats and address some compatibility issues.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Resource Optimizer feature. |
| enableAllFeatures | boolean | Enables additional support and error handling. |

responseCode

- **Property Manager name:** [Set Response Code](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the responseCode behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Change the existing response code. For example, if your origin sends a 301 permanent redirect, this behavior can change it on the edge to a temporary 302 redirect.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------|---------|--|--------------------|
| statusCode | enum | The HTTP status code to replace the existing one. | |
| | | Supported values: <div> 100 102 122 201 203 205 207 300 302 304 306 308 401 403 405 407 409 101 103 200 202 204 206 226 301 303 305 307 400 402 404 406 408 410 </div> | |
| override206 | boolean | Allows any specified 200 success code to override a 206 partial-content code, in which case the response's content length matches the requested range length. | status Code is 200 |

responseCookie

- **Property Manager name:** [Set Response Cookie](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the responseCookie behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Set a cookie to send downstream to the client with either a fixed value or a unique stamp.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| cookie Name | string (allows variables) | Specifies the name of the cookie, which serves as a key to determine if the cookie is set. | |
| enabled | boolean | Allows you to set a response cookie. | |
| type | enum | What type of value to assign. | |
| | FIXED | Assign a FIXED value based on the value field. | |
| | UNIQUE | Assign a unique value. | |
| value | string (allows variables) | If the cookie type is FIXED , this specifies the cookie value. | type is FIXED |
| format | enum | When the type of cookie is set to UNIQUE , this sets the date format. | type is UNIQUE |
| | AKAMAI | Akamai format, which adds milliseconds to the date stamp. | |
| | APACHE | Apache format. | |
| default Domain | boolean | When enabled, uses the default domain value, otherwise the set specified in the domain field. | |
| default Path | boolean | When enabled, uses the default path value, otherwise the set specified in the path field. | |
| domain | string (allows variables) | If the defaultDomain is disabled, this sets the domain for which the cookie is valid. For example, example.com makes the cookie valid for that hostname and all subdomains. | default Domain is false |
| path | string (allows variables) | If the defaultPath is disabled, sets the path component for which the cookie is valid. | default Path is false |
| expires | enum | Sets various ways to specify when the cookie expires. | |
| | ON_BROWSER_CLOSE | Limit the cookie to the duration of the session. | |
| | FIXED_DATE | Requires a corresponding expirationDate field value. | |
| | DURATION | Requires a corresponding duration field value. | |
| | NEVER | Let the cookie persist indefinitely. | |
| expiration Date | string (epoch timestamp) | If expires is set to FIXED_DATE , this sets when the cookie expires as a UTC date and time. | expires is FIXED_DATE |
| duration | string (duration) | If expires is set to DURATION , this sets the cookie's lifetime. | expires is DURATION |
| sameSite | enum | This option controls the SameSite cookie attribute that reduces the risk of cross-site request forgery attacks. | |
| | DEFAULT | Send the SameSite cookie attribute. | |
| | NONE | Send the cookie in all contexts if the secure option is enabled. | |
| | LAX | Send the cookie also when the user navigates to a URL from an external site. | |
| | STRICT | Send the cookie only to the same site that originated it. | |
| secure | boolean | When enabled, sets the cookie's Secure flag to transmit it with HTTPS . | |
| httpOnly | boolean | When enabled, includes the HttpOnly attribute in the Set-Cookie response header to mitigate the risk of client-side scripts accessing the protected cookie, if the browser supports it. | |

restrictObjectCaching

- **Property Manager name:** [Object Caching](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the restrictObjectCaching behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

You need this behavior to deploy the Object Caching product. It disables serving HTML content and limits the maximum object size to 100MB. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

returnCacheStatus

- **Property Manager name:** [Return Cache Status](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the returnCacheStatus behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Generates a response header with information about cache status. Among other things, this can tell you whether the response came from the Akamai cache, or from the origin. Status values report with either of these forms of syntax, depending for example on whether you're deploying traffic using [sureRoute](#) or [tieredDistribution](#) :

```
{status} from child  
{status} from child, {status} from parent
```

The `status` value can be any of the following:

- `Hit` - the object was retrieved from Akamai's cache.
- `Miss` - the object was not found in the Akamai cache.
- `RefreshHit` - the object was found in Akamai's cache, but was stale, so an `If-Modified-Since` request was made to the customer origin, with 304 as the response code, indicating unmodified content.
- `HitStale` - the object was found in Akamai's cache and was stale, but a more recent object was not available from the customer origin, so the cache served the stale object to the client.
- `Constructed` - the [constructResponse](#) behavior directly specified the response to the client.

- **Redirect** - the Akamai edge configuration specified a redirect, typically by executing the [redirect](#) , [redirectplus](#) , or [edgeRedirector](#) behaviors.
- **Error** - an error occurred, typically when authorization is denied or the request is rejected by WAF.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>responseHeaderName</code> | string | Specifies the name of the HTTP header in which to report the cache status value. |

rewriteUrl

- **Property Manager name:** [Modify Outgoing Request Path](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `rewriteUrl` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modifies the path of incoming requests to forward to the origin. This helps you offload URL-rewriting tasks to the edge to increase the origin server's performance, allows you to redirect links to different targets without changing markup, and hides your original directory structure.

Except for regular expression replacements, this behavior manipulates *path expressions* that start and end with a `/` character.

This behavior's rewrite operations can't override any the [baseDirectory](#) behavior specifies.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| <code>behavior</code> | enum | The action to perform on the path. | |
| | <code>REPLACE</code> | Specify the <code>match</code> and <code>targetPath</code> . For example, a <code>match</code> of <code>/path1/</code> and a <code>targetPath</code> of <code>/path1/path2/</code> changes <code>/path1/page.html</code> to <code>/path1/path2/page.html</code> . | |
| | <code>REMOVE</code> | Specify the <code>match</code> . For example, a <code>match</code> of <code>/path2/</code> changes <code>/path1/path2/page.html</code> to <code>/path1/page.html</code> . | |
| | <code>REWRITE</code> | Specify the <code>targetUrl</code> . For example, you can direct traffic to <code>/error/restricted.html</code> . | |
| | <code>PREPEND</code> | Specify the <code>targetPathPrepend</code> . For example, if set to <code>/prefix/</code> , <code>/path1/page.html</code> changes to <code>/prefix/path1/page.html</code> . | |
| | <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> | Specify the <code>matchRegex</code> and <code>targetRegex</code> . For example, specifying <code>logo\.(png gif jpe?g)</code> and <code>brand\\${1}</code> changes <code>logo.png</code> to <code>brand.png</code> . | |
| <code>match</code> | string | When <code>behavior</code> is <code>REMOVE</code> or <code>REPLACE</code> , specifies the part of the incoming path you'd like to remove or modify. | <code>behavior</code> is either: <code>REMOVE</code> , <code>REPLACE</code> |
| <code>matchRegex</code> | string | When <code>behavior</code> is set to <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> , specifies the Perl-compatible regular expression to replace with <code>targetRegex</code> . | <code>behavior</code> is <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> |
| <code>targetRegex</code> | string (allows variables) | When <code>behavior</code> is set to <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> , this replaces whatever the <code>matchRegex</code> field matches, along with any captured sequences from <code>\\$1</code> through <code>\\$9</code> . | <code>behavior</code> is <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| target Path | string (allows variables) | When <code>behavior</code> is set to <code>REPLACE</code> , this path replaces whatever the <code>match</code> field matches in the incoming request's path. | <code>behavior</code> is <code>REPLACE</code> |
| target Path Prepend | string (allows variables) | When <code>behavior</code> is set to <code>PREPEND</code> , specifies a path to prepend to the incoming request's URL. | <code>behavior</code> is <code>PREPEND</code> |
| target Url | string (allows variables) | When <code>behavior</code> is set to <code>REWRITE</code> , specifies the full path to request from the origin. | <code>behavior</code> is <code>REWRITE</code> |
| match Multiple | boolean | When enabled, replaces all potential matches rather than only the first. | <code>behavior</code> is either: <code>REMOVE</code> , <code>REPLACE</code> , <code>REGEX_REPLACE</code> |
| keep Query String | boolean | When enabled, retains the original path's query parameters. | <code>behavior</code> is not <code>REWRITE</code> |

rumCustom

- **Property Manager name:** [RUM SampleRate](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `rumCustom` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

With [realUserMonitoring](#) enabled, this configures the sample of data to include in your RUM report. The [realUserMonitoring](#) behavior is deprecated as well.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|----------------|--|
| rumSample Rate | number (0-100) | Specifies the percentage of web traffic to include in your RUM report. |
| rumGroup Name | string | A deprecated option to specify an alternate name under which to batch this set of web traffic in your report. Do not use it. |

saasDefinitions

- **Property Manager name:** SaaS Definitions
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `saasDefinitions` behavior v3.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Configures how the Software as a Service feature identifies *customers*, *applications*, and *users*. A different set of options is available for each type of targeted request, each enabled with the `action`-suffixed option. In each case, you can use `PATH`, `COOKIE`, `QUERY_STRING`, or `HOSTNAME` components as identifiers, or `disable` the SaaS behavior for certain targets. If you rely on a `HOSTNAME`, you also have the option of specifying a *CNAME chain* rather than an individual hostname. The various options suffixed `regex` and `replace` subsequently remove the identifier from the request. This behavior requires a sibling `origin` behavior whose `originType` option is set to `SAAS_DYNAMIC_ORIGIN`.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| <code>customerAction</code> | enum | Specifies the request component that identifies a SaaS customer. | |
| | <code>DISABLED</code> | This effectively ignores customers. | |
| | <code>HOSTNAME</code> | In a hostname. | |
| | <code>PATH</code> | In the URL path. | |
| | <code>QUERY_STRING</code> | In a query parameter. | |
| | <code>COOKIE</code> | In a cookie. | |
| <code>customerCnameEnabled</code> | boolean | Enabling this allows you to identify customers using a <i>CNAME chain</i> rather than a single hostname. | <code>customerAction</code> is <code>HOSTNAME</code> |
| <code>customerCnameLevel</code> | number | Specifies the number of CNAMEs to use in the chain. | <code>customerCnameEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>customerCookie</code> | string | This specifies the name of the cookie that identifies the customer. | <code>customerAction</code> is <code>COOKIE</code> |
| <code>customerQueryString</code> | string | This names the query parameter that identifies the customer. | <code>customerAction</code> is <code>QUERY_STRING</code> |
| <code>customerRegex</code> | string | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression with which to substitute the request's customer ID. | <code>customerAction</code> is either: <code>HOSTNAME</code> , <code>PATH</code> , <code>COOKIE</code> , <code>QUERY_STRING</code> |
| <code>customerReplace</code> | string | Specifies a string to replace the request's customer ID matched by <code>customerRegex</code> . | <code>customerAction</code> is either: <code>HOSTNAME</code> , <code>PATH</code> , <code>COOKIE</code> , <code>QUERY_STRING</code> |
| <code>applicationAction</code> | enum | Specifies the request component that identifies a SaaS application. | |
| | <code>DISABLED</code> | This effectively ignores applications. | |
| | <code>HOSTNAME</code> | In the hostname. | |
| | <code>PATH</code> | In the URL path. | |
| | <code>QUERY_STRING</code> | In a query parameter. | |
| | <code>COOKIE</code> | In a cookie. | |
| <code>applicationCnameEnabled</code> | boolean | Enabling this allows you to identify applications using a <i>CNAME chain</i> rather than a single hostname. | <code>applicationAction</code> is <code>HOSTNAME</code> |
| <code>applicationCnameLevel</code> | number | Specifies the number of CNAMEs to use in the chain. | <code>applicationCnameEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>applicationCookie</code> | string | This specifies the name of the cookie that identifies the application. | <code>applicationAction</code> is <code>COOKIE</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|--------------|---|--|
| applicationQueryString | string | This names the query parameter that identifies the application. | applicationAction is QUERY_STRING |
| applicationRegex | string | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression with which to substitute the request's application ID. | applicationAction is either: HOSTNAME , PATH , COOKIE , QUERY_STRING |
| applicationReplace | string | Specifies a string to replace the request's application ID matched by applicationRegex . | applicationAction is either: HOSTNAME , PATH , COOKIE , QUERY_STRING |
| usersAction | enum | Specifies the request component that identifies a SaaS user. | |
| | DISABLED | This effectively ignores users. | |
| | HOSTNAME | In a hostname. | |
| | PATH | In the URL path. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | In a query parameter. | |
| | COOKIE | In a cookie. | |
| usersCNameEnabled | boolean | Enabling this allows you to identify users using a <i>CNAME chain</i> rather than a single hostname. | usersAction is HOSTNAME |
| usersCNameLevel | number | Specifies the number of CNAMEs to use in the chain. | usersCNameEnabled is true |
| usersCookie | string | This specifies the name of the cookie that identifies the user. | usersAction is COOKIE |
| usersQueryString | string | This names the query parameter that identifies the user. | usersAction is QUERY_STRING |
| usersRegex | string | Specifies a Perl-compatible regular expression with which to substitute the request's user ID. | usersAction is either: HOSTNAME , PATH , COOKIE , QUERY_STRING |
| usersReplace | string | Specifies a string to replace the request's user ID matched by usersRegex . | usersAction is either: HOSTNAME , PATH , COOKIE , QUERY_STRING |

salesForceCommerceCloudClient

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamai Connector for Salesforce Commerce Cloud](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the salesForceCommerceCloudClient behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

If you use the Salesforce Commerce Cloud platform for your origin content, this behavior allows your edge content managed by Akamai to contact directly to origin.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------|---------|---|----------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Akamai Connector for Salesforce Commerce Cloud. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| connector Id | string (allows variables) | An ID value that helps distinguish different types of traffic sent from Akamai to the Salesforce Commerce Cloud. Form the value as <i>instance-realm-customer</i> , where <i>instance</i> is either <code>production</code> or <code>development</code> , <i>realm</i> is your Salesforce Commerce Cloud service <code>\$REALM</code> value, and <i>customer</i> is the name for your organization in Salesforce Commerce Cloud. You can use alphanumeric characters, underscores, or dot characters within dash-delimited segment values. | |
| origin Type | enum | Specifies where the origin is. | |
| | DEFAULT | Use a default Salesforce origin. | |
| | CUSTOMER | Customize the origin. | |
| sf3cOrigin Host | string (allows variables) | This specifies the hostname or IP address of the custom Salesforce origin. | originType is CUSTOMER |
| origin Host Header | enum | Specifies where the <code>Host</code> header is defined. | |
| | DEFAULT | Use the default Salesforce header. | |
| | CUSTOMER | Customize the header. | |
| sf3cOrigin Host Header | string (allows variables) | This specifies the hostname or IP address of the custom Salesforce host header. | originHost Header is CUSTOMER |
| allow Override Origin CacheKey | boolean | When enabled, overrides the forwarding origin's cache key. | |

salesForceCommerceCloudProvider

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamai Provider for Salesforce Commerce Cloud](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `salesForceCommerceCloudProvider` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This manages traffic between mutual customers and the Salesforce Commerce Cloud platform.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables Akamai Provider for Salesforce Commerce Cloud. |

salesForceCommerceCloudProviderHostHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Akamai Provider for Salesforce Commerce Cloud Host Header Control](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the salesForceCommerceCloudProviderHostHeader behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Manages host header values sent to the Salesforce Commerce Cloud platform.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------|----------|---|
| hostHeaderSource | enum | Specify where the host header derives from. |
| | PROPERTY | From this property. |
| | CUSTOMER | From the customer's property. |

savePostDcaProcessing

- **Property Manager name:** [Save POST DCA processing result](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the savePostDcaProcessing behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Used in conjunction with the [cachePost](#) behavior, this behavior allows the body of POST requests to be processed through Dynamic Content Assembly. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|--------------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables processing of POST requests. |

scheduleInvalidation

- **Property Manager name:** [Scheduled Invalidation](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `scheduleInvalidation` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies when cached content that satisfies a rule's criteria expires, optionally at repeating intervals. In addition to periodic cache flushes, you can use this behavior to minimize potential conflicts when related objects expire at different times.

Warning. scheduled invalidations can significantly increase origin servers' load when matching content expires simultaneously across all edge servers. As best practice, schedule expirations during periods of lowest traffic.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| <code>start</code> | string (timestamp) | The UTC date and time when matching cached content is to expire. | |
| <code>repeat</code> | boolean | When enabled, invalidation recurs periodically from the <code>start</code> time based on the <code>repeatInterval</code> time. | |
| <code>repeatInterval</code> | string (duration) | Specifies how often to invalidate content from the <code>start</code> time, expressed in seconds. For example, an expiration set to midnight and an interval of <code>86400</code> seconds invalidates content once a day. Repeating intervals of less than 5 minutes are not allowed for NetStorage origins. | <code>repeat</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>refreshMethod</code> | enum | Specifies how to invalidate the content. | |
| | <code>INVALIDATE</code> | Sends an <code>If-Modified-Since</code> request to the origin, re-caching the content only if it is fresher. | |
| | <code>PURGE</code> | Re-caches content regardless of its freshness, potentially creating more traffic at the origin. | |

scriptManagement

- **Property Manager name:** [Script Management](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `scriptManagement` behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

Ensures unresponsive linked JavaScript files do not prevent HTML pages from loading.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------|---------|--|----------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the Script Management feature. | |
| <code>serviceworker</code> | enum | Script Management uses a JavaScript service worker called <code>akam-sw.js</code> . It applies a policy that helps you manage scripts. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | YES_SERVICE_WORKER | Review insights about script usage, and create a policy to list scripts you want to defer or block. This also installs the <code>akam-sw.js</code> service worker for you. | |
| | NO_SERVICE_WORKER | Review insights about script usage. The <code>akam-sw.js</code> service worker isn't installed. | |
| timestamp | number | A read-only epoch timestamp that represents the last time a Script Management policy was synchronized with its <code>Ion</code> property. | enabled is never visible |

segmentedContentProtection

- **Property Manager name:** [Segmented Media Protection](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `segmentedContentProtection` behavior v2.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Validates authorization tokens at the edge server to prevent unauthorized link sharing.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------|--------------|---|----------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the segmented content protection behavior. | |
| key | object array | Specifies the encryption key to use as a shared secret to validate tokens. | |
| use Advanced | boolean | Allows you to specify advanced <code>transitionKey</code> and <code>salt</code> options. | |
| transition Key | object array | An alternate encryption key to match along with the <code>key</code> field, allowing you to rotate keys with no down time. | use Advanced is true |
| salt | object array | Specifies a salt as input into the token for added security. This value needs to match the salt used in the token generation code. | use Advanced is true |
| headerFor Salt | string array | This allows you to include additional salt properties specific to each end user to strengthen the relationship between the session token and playback session. This specifies the set of request headers whose values generate the salt value, typically <code>User-Agent</code> , <code>X-Playback-Session-Id</code> , and <code>Origin</code> . Any specified header needs to appear in the player's request. | use Advanced is true |
| sessionId | boolean | Enabling this option carries the <code>session_id</code> value from the access token over to the session token, for use in tracking and counting unique playback sessions. | use Advanced is true |
| data Payload | boolean | Enabling this option carries the <code>data/payload</code> field from the access token over to the session token, allowing access to opaque data for log analysis for a URL protected by a session token. | use Advanced is true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|-----------------|---|--------------------------------|
| ip | boolean | Enabling this restricts content access to a specific IP address, only appropriate if it does not change during the playback session. | use Advanced is true |
| acl | boolean | Enabling this option carries the <code>ACL</code> field from the access token over to the session token, to limit the requesting client's access to the specific URL or path set in the <code>ACL</code> field. Playback may fail if the base path of the master playlist (and variant playlist, plus segments) varies from that of the <code>ACL</code> field. | use Advanced is true |
| enableTokenInURI | boolean | When enabled, passes tokens in HLS variant manifest URLs and HLS segment URLs, as an alternative to cookies. | |
| hlsMasterManifestFiles | string array | Specifies the set of filenames that form HLS master manifest URLs. You can use <code>*</code> wildcard character that matches zero or more characters. Make sure to specify master manifest filenames uniquely, to distinguish them from variant manifest files. | enableTokenInURI is true |
| tokenRevocationEnabled | boolean | Enable this to deny requests from playback URLs that contain a <code>TokenAuth</code> token that uses specific token identifiers. | |
| revokedListId | string | Identifies the <code>TokenAuth</code> tokens to block from accessing your content. | tokenRevocationEnabled is true |
| hlsMediaEncryption | boolean | Enables HLS Segment Encryption. | |
| dashMediaEncryption | boolean | Whether to enable DASH Media Encryption. | |

segmentedMediaOptimization

- **Property Manager name:** [Segmented Media Delivery Mode](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `segmentedMediaOptimization` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Optimizes segmented media for live or streaming delivery contexts.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------|-----------|---|----------|
| behavior | enum | Sets the type of media content to optimize. | |
| | ON_DEMAND | Media is available on demand. This is the only option allowed for NetStorage origins. | |
| | LIVE | Media is streaming live. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|---|
| enableUllStreaming | boolean | Enables ultra low latency (ULL) streaming. ULL reduces latency and decreases overall transfer time of live streams. | behavior is LIVE |
| showAdvanced | boolean | Allows you to configure advanced media options. | behavior is LIVE |
| liveType | enum | The type of live media. | showAdvanced is true |
| | CONTINUOUS | Not confined to a range of time. | |
| | EVENT | An event for a range of time. | |
| startTime | string (epoch timestamp) | This specifies when the live media event begins. | showAdvanced is true AND liveType is EVENT |
| endTime | string (epoch timestamp) | This specifies when the live media event ends. | showAdvanced is true AND liveType is EVENT |
| dvrType | enum | The type of DVR. | showAdvanced is true |
| | CONFIGURABLE | A configurable DVR. | |
| | UNKNOWN | An unknown DVR. | |
| dvrWindow | string (duration) | Set the duration for your media, or 0m if a DVR is not required. | showAdvanced is true AND dvrType is CONFIGURABLE |

segmentedMediaStreamingPrefetch

- **Property Manager name:** [Segmented Media Streaming - Prefetch](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the segmentedMediaStreamingPrefetch behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Prefetches HLS and DASH media stream manifest and segment files, accelerating delivery to end users. For prefetching to work, your origin media's response needs to specify `CDN-Origin-Assist-Prefetch-Path` headers with each URL to prefetch, expressed as either a relative or absolute path.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables media stream prefetching. |

setVariable

- **Property Manager name:** [Set Variable](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `setVariable` behavior v1.5.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Modify a variable to insert into subsequent fields within the rule tree. Use this behavior to specify the predeclared `variableName` and determine from where to derive its new value. Based on this `valueSource`, you can either generate the value, extract it from some part of the incoming request, assign it from another variable (including a set of built-in system variables), or directly specify its text. Optionally choose a `transform` function to modify the value once. See [Support for variables](#) for more information.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|
| <code>variableName</code> | string (variable name) | Specifies the predeclared root name of the variable to modify. When you declare a variable name such as <code>VAR</code> , its name is prepended with <code>PMUSER_</code> and accessible in a <code>user</code> namespace, so that you invoke it in subsequent text fields within the rule tree as <code>{{user.PMUSER_VAR}}</code> . In deployed XML metadata , it appears as <code>% (PMUSER_VAR)</code> . | |
| <code>valueSource</code> | enum | Determines how you want to set the value. | |
| | <code>EXPRESSION</code> | Specify your own string expression. | |
| | <code>EXTRACT</code> | Extract it from another value. | |
| | <code>GENERATE</code> | Generate the value. | |
| <code>variableValue</code> | string (allows variables) | This directly specifies the value to assign to the variable. The expression may include a mix of static text and other variables, such as <code>new_filename. {{builtin.AK_EXTENSION}}</code> to embed a system variable. | <code>valueSource</code> is <code>EXPRESSION</code> |
| <code>extractLocation</code> | enum | This specifies from where to get the value. | <code>valueSource</code> is <code>EXTRACT</code> |
| | <code>CLIENT_CERTIFICATE</code> | Client certificate. | |
| | <code>CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER</code> | Client request header. | |
| | <code>COOKIE</code> | Cookie. | |
| | <code>EDGESCAPE</code> | For location or network data. | |
| | <code>PATH_COMPONENT_OFFSET</code> | Substring within the URL path. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| | QUERY_STRING | A query parameter. | |
| | DEVICE_PROFILE | For client device attributes. | |
| | RESPONSE_HEADER | A response header. | |
| | SET_COOKIE | Cookie. | |
| certificateFieldName | enum | Specifies the certificate's content. | extractLocation is CLIENT_CERTIFICATE |
| | VERSION | The certificate's X509 version number. | |
| | SERIAL | The serial number, expressed in hex. | |
| | FINGERPRINT_MD5 | The hex-encoded MD5 fingerprint. | |
| | FINGERPRINT_SHA1 | The hex-encoded SHA1 fingerprint. | |
| | FINGERPRINT_DYN | The hex-encoded fingerprint generated based on the SIGNATURE_ALGORITHM . | |
| | ISSUER_DN | The <i>distinguished name</i> field for the certificate's issuer. | |
| | SUBJECT_DN | The <i>distinguished name</i> field for the user. | |
| | NOT_BEFORE | The start of the time range, expressed in YYYY/MM/DD HH:MI:SS ZONE format, where the zone is optional. | |
| | NOT_AFTER | The end of the time range, expressed in YYYY/MM/DD HH:MI:SS ZONE format, where the zone is optional. | |
| | SIGNATURE_ALGORITHM | The algorithm used to generate the certificate's signature. | |
| | SIGNATURE | The certificate's signature, expressed in hex. | |
| | CONTENTS_DER | The entire DER-encoded certificate, expressed in hex. | |
| | CONTENTS_PEM | The PEM-formatted certificate encoded as a single line of base64 characters. | |
| | CONTENTS_PEM_NO_LABELS | Same as CONTENTS_PEM , but not including the certificate's header and footer. | |
| | COUNT | The number of client certificates received. | |
| | STATUS_MSG | A short message indicating the status of a certificate's validation, such as ok or missing . | |
| | KEY_LENGTH | The size of the key in bits. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|--------------|---|--|
| headerName | string | Specifies the case-insensitive name of the HTTP header to extract. | extractLocation is CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER |
| responseHeaderName | string | Specifies the case-insensitive name of the HTTP header to extract. | extractLocation is RESPONSE_HEADER |
| setCookieName | string | Specifies the name of the origin's Set-Cookie response header. | extractLocation is SET_COOKIE |
| cookieName | string | Specifies the name of the cookie to extract. | extractLocation is COOKIE |
| locationId | enum | Specifies the X-Akamai-Edgescape header's field name. Possible values specify basic geolocation, various geographic standards, and information about the client's network. For details on EdgeScape header fields, see the EdgeScape User Guide . | extractLocation is EDGESCAPE |
| | GEOREGION | Region. | |
| | COUNTRY_CODE | ISO-3166 country code. | |
| | REGION_CODE | ISO-3166 region code. | |
| | CITY | City. | |
| | DMA | Designated Market Area. | |
| | PMSA | Primary Metropolitan Statistical Area. | |
| | MSA | Metropolitan Statistical Area. | |
| | AREACODE | Area code. | |
| | COUNTY | County. | |
| | FIPS | Federal Information Processing System code. | |
| | LAT | Latitude. | |
| | LONG | Longitude. | |
| | TIMEZONE | Time zone. | |
| | ZIP | Zip code. | |
| | CONTINENT | Two-letter continent code. | |
| | NETWORK | Network name. | |
| | NETWORK_TYPE | Network type. | |
| | ASNUM | Autonomous System Number. | |
| | THROUGHPUT | Tiered throughput level. | |
| | BW | Tiered bandwidth level. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| pathComponentOffset | string | This specifies a portion of the path. The indexing starts from 1, so a value of /path/to/nested/filename.❖❖html and an offset of 1 yields path, and 3 yields nested. Negative indexes offset from the right, so -2 also yields nested. | extractLocation is PATH_COMPONENT_OFFSET |
| queryParameterName | string | Specifies the name of the query parameter from which to extract the value. | extractLocation is QUERY_STRING |
| generator | enum | This specifies the type of value to generate. | valueSource is GENERATE |
| | HEXRAND | A random hex sequence. | |
| | RAND | A random number. | |
| numberOfBytes | number (1-16) | Specifies the number of random hex bytes to generate. | generator is HEXRAND |
| minRandomNumber | string (allows variables) | Specifies the lower bound of the random number. | generator is RAND |
| maxRandomNumber | string (allows variables) | Specifies the upper bound of the random number. | generator is RAND |
| transform | enum | Specifies a function to transform the value. For more details on each transform function, see Set Variable: Operations . | |
| | NONE | No transformation. | |
| | ADD | Arithmetic function. | |
| | BASE_64_DECODE | String encoding. | |
| | BASE_64_ENCODE | String encoding. | |
| | BITWISE_AND | Bitwise operation. | |
| | BITWISE_NOT | Bitwise operation. | |
| | BITWISE_OR | Bitwise operation. | |
| | BITWISE_XOR | Bitwise operation. | |
| | DECIMAL_TO_HEX | Numeric conversion. | |
| | DECRYPT | String encoding. | |
| | DIVIDE | Arithmetic function. | |
| | ENCRYPT | String encoding. | |
| | EPOCH_TO_STRING | Time format. | |
| | EXTRACT_PARAM | String format. | |
| | HASH | Integer data digest. | |
| | HEX_TO_DECIMAL | Numeric conversion. | |
| | HEX_DECODE | String conversion. | |
| | HEX_ENCODE | String conversion. | |
| | HMAC | Data digest. | |
| | LOWER | String function. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------|--|---|---|
| | MD5 | Data digest. | |
| | MINUS | Arithmetic function, reverse sign. | |
| | MODULO | Arithmetic function, get remainder. | |
| | MULTIPLY | Arithmetic function. | |
| | NORMALIZE_PATH_WIN | Convert Windows paths to Unix format and remove relative path syntax. | |
| | REMOVE_WHITESPACE | String conversion. | |
| | SHA_1 | Data digest. | |
| | SHA_256 | Data digest. | |
| | STRING_INDEX | String function: locate substring. | |
| | STRING_LENGTH | String function. | |
| | STRING_TO_EPOCH | Time format. | |
| | SUBSTITUTE | String function. | |
| | SUBSTRING | String function: locate index. | |
| | SUBTRACT | Arithmetic function. | |
| | TRIM | Trim surrounding whitespace in string. | |
| | UPPER | String function. | |
| | URL_DECODE | String conversion. | |
| | URL_ENCODE | Unicode string conversion. | |
| | URL_DECODE_UNI | String conversion. | |
| | UTC_SECONDS | Time format. | |
| | XML_DECODE | String conversion. | |
| | XML_ENCODE | String conversion. | |
| operandOne | string (allows variables) | Specifies an additional operand when the transform function is set to various arithmetic functions (ADD , SUBTRACT , MULTIPLY , DIVIDE , or MODULO) or bitwise functions (BITWISE_AND , BITWISE_OR , or BITWISE_XOR). | transform is either: ADD , BITWISE_AND , BITWISE_OR , BITWISE_XOR , DIVIDE , MODULO , MULTIPLY , SUBTRACT |
| algorithm | enum | Specifies the algorithm to apply. | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| | ALG_3DES | Triple DES. | |
| | ALG_AES128 | Advanced Encryption Standard, 128 bits. | |
| | ALG_AES256 | Advanced Encryption Standard, 256 bits. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|--|--|--|
| encryptionKey | string (allows variables) | Specifies the encryption hex key. For ALG_3DES it needs to be 48 characters long, 32 characters for ALG_AES128 , and 64 characters for ALG_AES256 . | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| initializationVector | string | Specifies a one-time number as an initialization vector. It needs to be 15 characters long for ALG_3DES , and 32 characters for both ALG_AES128 and ALG_AES256 . | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| encryptionMode | enum | Specifies the encryption mode. | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| | CBC | Cipher Block Chaining. | |
| | ECB | Electronic Codebook. | |
| nonce | string (allows variables) | Specifies the one-time number used for encryption. | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| prependBytes | boolean | Specifies a number of random bytes to prepend to the key. | transform is either: ENCRYPT , DECRYPT |
| formatString | string | Specifies an optional format string for the conversion, using format codes such as %m/%d/%y as specified by strftime [↗] . A blank value defaults to RFC-2616 format. | transform is either: EPOCH_TO_STRING , STRING_TO_EPOCH |
| paramName | string (allows variables) | Extracts the value for the specified parameter name from a string that contains key/value pairs. (Use separator below to parse them.) | transform is EXTRACT_PARAM |
| separator | string | Specifies the character that separates pairs of values within the string. | transform is EXTRACT_PARAM |
| min | number | Specifies a minimum value for the generated integer. | transform is HASH |
| max | number | Specifies a maximum value for the generated integer. | transform is HASH |
| hmacKey | string (allows variables) | Specifies the secret to use in generating the base64-encoded digest. | transform is HMAC |
| hmacAlgorithm | enum | Specifies the algorithm to use to generate the base64-encoded digest. | transform is HMAC |
| | SHA1 | SHA-1. | |
| | SHA256 | SHA-256. | |
| | MD5 | MD5. | |
| ipVersion | enum | Specifies the IP version under which a subnet mask generates. | transform is NETMASK |
| | IPV4 | Use IPv4. | |
| | IPV6 | Use IPv6. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------|--|---|---|
| ipv6Prefix | number (0-128) | Specifies the prefix of the IPV6 address, a value between 0 and 128. | ipVersion is IPV6 |
| ipv4Prefix | number (0-32) | Specifies the prefix of the IPV4 address, a value between 0 and 32. | ipVersion is IPV4 |
| subString | string (allows variables) | Specifies a substring for which the returned value represents a zero-based offset of where it appears in the original string, or -1 if there's no match. | transform is STRING_INDEX |
| regex | string | Specifies the regular expression pattern (PCRE) to match the value. | transform is SUBSTITUTE |
| replacement | string (allows variables) | Specifies the replacement string. Reinsert grouped items from the match into the replacement using \$1 , \$2 ... \$n . | transform is SUBSTITUTE |
| caseSensitive | boolean | Enabling this makes all matches case sensitive. | transform is either: EXTRACT_PARAM , SUBSTITUTE |
| globalSubstitution | boolean | Replaces all matches in the string, not just the first. | transform is SUBSTITUTE |
| startIndex | string | <p>Specifies the zero-based character offset at the start of the substring. Negative indexes specify the offset from the end of the string.</p> <p>Consider this example for a string of abcdefghij :</p> <pre> startIndex = 0, endIndex = 1, result = a startIndex = 0, endIndex = 2, Result = ab startIndex = 1, endIndex = 1, Result = <null> startIndex = 1, endIndex = 2, Result = b startIndex = 3, endIndex = -1, Result = defghij startIndex = -2, endIndex = -1, Result = j </pre> | transform is SUBSTRING |
| endIndex | string | <p>Specifies the zero-based character offset at the end of the substring, without including the character at that index position. Negative indexes specify the offset from the end of the string.</p> <p>Consider this example for a string of abcdefghij :</p> <pre> startIndex = 0, endIndex = 1, result = a startIndex = 0, endIndex = 2, Result = ab startIndex = 1, endIndex = 1, Result = <null> startIndex = 1, endIndex = 2, Result = b startIndex = 3, endIndex = -1, Result = defghij startIndex = -2, endIndex = -1, Result = j </pre> | transform is SUBSTRING |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| exceptChars | string | Specifies characters <i>not</i> to encode, possibly overriding the default set. | transform is URL_ENCODE |
| forceChars | string | Specifies characters to encode, possibly overriding the default set. | transform is URL_ENCODE |
| deviceProfile | enum | Specifies the client device attribute. Possible values specify information about the client device, including device type, size and browser. For details on fields, see Device Characterization . | extractLocation is DEVICE_PROFILE |
| | IS_MOBILE | Basic device attributes, boolean. | |
| | IS_TABLET | Basic device attributes, boolean. | |
| | IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE | Basic device attributes, boolean. | |
| | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT | Device screen size in millimeters. | |
| | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH | Device screen size in millimeters. | |
| | RESOLUTION_HEIGHT | Device screen size in pixels. | |
| | RESOLUTION_WIDTH | Device screen size in pixels. | |
| | VIEWPORT_WIDTH | Device viewport size in millimeters. | |
| | BRAND_NAME | Basic device attributes, string values. | |
| | DEVICE_OS | Basic device attributes, string values. | |
| | DEVICE_OS_VERSION | Basic device attributes, string values. | |
| | DUAL_ORIENTATION | Whether the display adapts to portrait/landscape orientation. | |
| | MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT | Maximum image size that can be displayed, in pixels. | |
| | MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH | Maximum image size that can be displayed, in pixels. | |
| | MOBILE_BROWSER | Basic device attributes, string values. | |
| | MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION | Basic device attributes, string values. | |
| | PDF_SUPPORT | Device support capabilities, boolean. | |
| | COOKIE_SUPPORT | Device support capabilities, boolean. | |

shutr

- **Property Manager name:** [SHUTR](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `shutr` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

The SHUTR protocol extends HTTP to reduce the amount of header data necessary for web transactions with mobile devices.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

simulateErrorCode

- **Property Manager name:** [Simulate Error Response Code](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `simulateErrorCode` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior simulates various error response codes. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|-------------------|---|---|
| <code>errorType</code> | enum | Specifies the type of error. | |
| | | Supported values: <div>ERR_CONNECT_FAILERR_CONNECT_TIMEOUTERR_DNS_FAILERR_DNS_IN_REGIONERR_DNS_TIMEOUTERR_NO_GOOD_FWD_IP</div> | |
| <code>timeout</code> | string (duration) | When the <code>errorType</code> is <code>ERR_CONNECT_TIMEOUT</code> , <code>ERR_DNS_TIMEOUT</code> , <code>ERR_SUREROUTE_DNS_FAIL</code> , or <code>ERR_READ_TIMEOUT</code> , generates an error after the specified amount of time from the initial request. | <code>errorType</code> is either: <code>ERR_DNS_TIMEOUT</code> , <code>ERR_SUREROUTE_DNS_FAIL</code> , <code>ERR_READ_TIMEOUT</code> , <code>ERR_CONNECT_TIMEOUT</code> |

siteShield

- **Property Manager name:** [SiteShield](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `siteShield` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior implements the [Site Shield](#) feature, which helps prevent non-Akamai machines from contacting your origin. You get an email with a list of Akamai servers allowed to contact your origin, with which you establish an Access Control List on your firewall to prevent any other requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------|--------|--|
| <code>ssmap</code> | object | Identifies the hostname for the Site Shield map. See Create a Site Shield map for more details. Form an object with a <code>value</code> key that references the hostname, for example: <code>"ssmap":{"value":"ss.akamai.net"}</code> . |

standardTLSMigration

- **Property Manager name:** [Standard TLS Migration](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `standardTLSMigration` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Migrates traffic to Standard TLS. Apply this behavior within the default rule or any `hostname` match. In some cases you may need to apply this along with the [standardTLSMigrationOverride](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|---|----------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows migration to Standard TLS. | |
| <code>migrationFrom</code> | enum | What kind of traffic you're migrating from. | |
| | <code>SHARED_CERT</code> | A shared certificate. | |
| | <code>NON_SECURE</code> | Non-secure traffic. | |
| | <code>ENHANCED_SECURE</code> | Enhanced Secure TLS. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| allow HTTPSUpgrade | boolean | Allows temporary upgrade of HTTP traffic to HTTPS. | migrationFrom is NON_SECURE |
| allow HTTPSDowngrade | boolean | Allow temporary downgrade of HTTPS traffic to HTTP. This removes various Origin , Referer , Cookie , Cookie2 , sec-* and proxy-* headers from the request to origin. | migrationFrom is NON_SECURE |
| migrationStart Time | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies when to start migrating the cache. | allow HTTPSUpgrade is true OR allow HTTPSDowngrade is true |
| migration Duration | number | Specifies the number of days to migrate the cache. | allow HTTPSUpgrade is true OR allow HTTPSDowngrade is true |
| cacheSharing StartTime | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies when to start cache sharing. | migrationFrom is ENHANCED_ SECURE |
| cacheSharing Duration | number | Specifies the number cache sharing days. | migrationFrom is ENHANCED_ SECURE |
| isCertificate SNIOnly | boolean | Sets whether your new certificate is SNI-only. | migrationFrom is ENHANCED_ SECURE |
| isTiered DistributionUsed | boolean | Allows you to align traffic to various tieredDistribution areas. | migrationFrom is NON_SECURE |
| tdLocation | enum | Specifies the tieredDistribution location. | isTiered DistributionUsed is true |
| | GLOBAL | Global. | |
| | APAC | Asia and Pacific. | |
| | EUROPE | Europe. | |
| | US_EAST | Eastern United States. | |
| | US_CENTRAL | Central United States. | |
| | US_WEST | Western United States. | |
| | AUSTRALIA | Australia. | |
| | GLOBAL_LEGACY | Global. | |

standardTLSMigrationOverride

- **Property Manager name:** [Standard TLS Migration Override](#)

- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `standardTLSMigrationOverride` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

When applying `standardTLSMigration`, add this behavior if your new certificate is SNI-only, if your property includes any [advanced features](#), any Edge IP Binding enabled hosts, or if any foreground downloads are configured.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

strictHeaderParsing

- **Property Manager name:** [Strict Header Parsing](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `strictHeaderParsing` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior specifies how the edge servers should handle requests containing improperly formatted or invalid headers that don't comply with [RFC 9110](#).

Some clients may send invalid or incorrectly-formatted, non-RFC-compliant request headers. If such requests reach the origin server, this vulnerability can be exploited by a “bad actor”, for example to poison your cache and cause invalid content to be returned to your end users. Use Strict Header Parsing to tell the edge servers what requests to reject, independently of the Akamai platform's default behavior. Therefore, you may either get the protection earlier than the global customer base or defer changes to a later time, though not recommended. Note that the two modes are independent – each of them concerns different issues with the request headers. For both options, a warning is written to the edge server logs whether the option is enabled or disabled.

As Akamai strives to be fully RFC-compliant, you should enable both options as best practice.

Enabling both options ensures that Akamai edge servers reject requests with invalid headers and don't forward them to your origin. In such cases, the end user receives a 400 Bad Request HTTP response code.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------|---------|---|
| <code>valid Mode</code> | boolean | Rejects requests made with non-RFC-compliant headers that contain invalid characters in the header name or value or which contain invalidly-folded header lines. When disabled, the edge servers allow such requests, passing the invalid headers to the origin server unchanged. |
| <code>strict Mode</code> | boolean | Rejects requests made with non-RFC-compliant, improperly formatted headers, where the header line starts with a colon, misses a colon or doesn't end with CR LF. When disabled, the edge servers allow such requests, but correct the violation by removing or rewriting the header line before passing the headers to the origin server. |

subCustomer

- **Property Manager name:** [Subcustomer Enablement](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `subCustomer` behavior v1.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

When positioned in a property's top-level default rule, enables various [Cloud Embed](#) features that allow you to leverage Akamai's CDN architecture for your own subcustomers. This behavior's options allow you to use Cloud Embed to configure your subcustomers' content. Once enabled, you can use the [Akamai Cloud Embed API](#) (ACE) to assign subcustomers to this base configuration, and to customize policies for them. See also the [dynamicWebContent](#) behavior to configure subcustomers' dynamic web content.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------------|---------|---|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Allows Cloud Embed to dynamically modify your subcustomers' content. | |
| <code>origin</code> | boolean | Allows you to assign origin hostnames for customers. | |
| <code>partnerDomainSuffix</code> | string | This specifies the appropriate domain suffix, which you should typically match with your property hostname. It identifies the domain as trustworthy on the Akamai network, despite being defined within Cloud Embed, outside of your base property configuration. Include this domain suffix if you want to purge subcustomer URLs. For example, if you provide a value of <code>suffix.example.com</code> , then to purge <code>subcustomer.com/some/path</code> , specify <code>subcustomer.com.suffix.example.com/some/path</code> as the purge request's URL. | <code>origin</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>caching</code> | boolean | Modifies content caching rules. | |
| <code>referrer</code> | boolean | Sets subcustomers' referrer whitelists or blacklist. | |
| <code>ip</code> | boolean | Sets subcustomers' IP whitelists or blacklists. | |
| <code>geoLocation</code> | boolean | Sets subcustomers' location-based whitelists or blacklists. | |
| <code>refreshContent</code> | boolean | Allows you to reschedule when content validates for subcustomers. | |
| <code>modifyPath</code> | boolean | Modifies a subcustomer's request path. | |
| <code>cacheKey</code> | boolean | Allows you to set which query parameters are included in the cache key. | |
| <code>tokenAuthorization</code> | boolean | When enabled, this allows you to configure edge servers to use tokens to control access to subcustomer content. Use Cloud Embed to configure the token to appear in a cookie, header, or query parameter. | |
| <code>siteFailover</code> | boolean | Allows you to configure unique failover sites for each subcustomer's policy. | |
| <code>contentCompressor</code> | boolean | Allows compression of subcustomer content. | |
| <code>accessControl</code> | boolean | When enabled, this allows you to deny requests to a subcustomer's content based on specific match conditions, which you use Cloud Embed to configure in each subcustomer's policy. | |
| <code>dynamicWebContent</code> | boolean | Allows you to apply the dynamicWebContent behavior to further modify how dynamic content behaves for subcustomers. | |
| <code>onDemandVideoDelivery</code> | boolean | Enables delivery of media assets to subcustomers. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|---------|---|----------|
| largeFile Delivery | boolean | Enables large file delivery for subcustomers. | |
| web Application Firewall | boolean | Web application firewall (WAF) filters, monitors, and blocks certain HTTP traffic. Use Akamai Cloud Embed to add a specific behavior to a subcustomer policy and configure how WAF protection is applied. | |

sureRoute

- **Property Manager name:** [SureRoute](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `sureRoute` behavior v1.5.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

The [SureRoute](#) feature continually tests different routes between origin and edge servers to identify the optimal path. By default, it conducts *rac*es to identify alternative paths to use in case of a transmission failure. These races increase origin traffic slightly.

This behavior allows you to configure SureRoute along with a test object to improve delivery of non-cacheable `no-store` or `bypass-cache` content. Since edge servers are already positioned as close as possible to requesting clients, the behavior does not apply to cacheable content.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|--|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the SureRoute behavior, to optimize delivery of non-cached content. | |
| type | enum | Specifies the set of edge servers used to test routes. | |
| | PERFORMANCE | Use the default set of edge servers. | |
| | CUSTOM_MAP | A custom map that you need to get from Akamai Professional Services. | |
| custom Map | string | If <code>type</code> is <code>CUSTOM_MAP</code> , this specifies the map string provided to you by Akamai Professional Services, or included as part of the Site Shield product. | <code>type</code> is <code>CUSTOM_MAP</code> |
| test Object Url | string | Specifies the path and filename for your origin's test object to use in races to test routes. Akamai provides sample test objects for the Dynamic Site Accelerator and Web Application Accelerator products. If you want to use your own test object, it needs to be on the same origin server as the traffic being served through SureRoute. Make sure it returns a <code>200</code> HTTP response and does not require authentication. The file should be an average-sized static HTML file (<code>Content-Type: text/html</code>) that is no smaller than 8KB, with no back-end processing. If you have more than one origin server deployed behind a load balancer, you can configure it to serve the test object directly on behalf of the origin, or route requests to the same origin server to avoid deploying the test object on each origin server. | |
| toHost Status | enum | Specifies which hostname to use. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| | INCOMING_HH | Use the incoming <code>Host</code> header when requesting the SureRoute test object. | |
| | OTHER | Use <code>toHost</code> to specify a custom <code>Host</code> header. | |
| <code>toHost</code> | string | If <code>toHostStatus</code> is <code>OTHER</code> , this specifies the custom <code>Host</code> header to use when requesting the SureRoute test object. | <code>toHostStatus</code> is <code>OTHER</code> |
| <code>raceStatTtl</code> | string (duration) | Specifies the time-to-live to preserve SureRoute race results, typically <code>30m</code> . If traffic exceeds a certain threshold after TTL expires, the overflow is routed directly to the origin, not necessarily optimally. If traffic remains under the threshold, the route is determined by the winner of the most recent race. | |
| <code>forceSslForward</code> | boolean | Forces SureRoute to use SSL when requesting the origin's test object, appropriate if your origin does not respond to HTTP requests, or responds with a redirect to HTTPS. | |
| <code>enableCustomKey</code> | boolean | When disabled, caches race results under the race destination's hostname. If enabled, use <code>customStatKey</code> to specify a custom hostname. | |
| <code>customStatKey</code> | string | This specifies a hostname under which to cache race results. This may be useful when a property corresponds to many origin hostnames. By default, SureRoute would launch races for each origin, but consolidating under a single hostname runs only one race. | <code>enableCustomKey</code> is <code>true</code> |

tcpOptimization

- **Property Manager name:** [TCP Optimizations](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `tcpOptimization` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

Enables a suite of optimizations targeting buffers, time-outs, and packet loss that improve transmission performance. This behavior is deprecated, but you should not disable or remove it if present.

This behavior object does not support any options. Specifying the behavior enables it.

teaLeaf

- **Property Manager name:** [IBM Tealeaf Connector](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `teaLeaf` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

Allows IBM Tealeaf Customer Experience on Cloud to record HTTPS requests and responses for Akamai-enabled properties. Recorded data becomes available in your IBM Tealeaf account.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, capture HTTPS requests and responses, and send the data to your IBM Tealeaf account. |
| <code>limitToDynamic</code> | boolean | Limit traffic to dynamic, uncached (No-Store) content. |
| <code>ibmCustomerId</code> | number | The integer identifier for the IBM Tealeaf Connector account. |

tieredDistribution

- **Property Manager name:** [Tiered Distribution](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `tieredDistribution` behavior v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior allows Akamai edge servers to retrieve cached content from other Akamai servers, rather than directly from the origin. These interim *parent* servers in the *cache hierarchy* (`CH`) are positioned close to the origin, and fall along the path from the origin to the edge server. Tiered Distribution typically reduces the origin server's load, and reduces the time it takes for edge servers to refresh content.

See also the [tieredDistributionAdvanced](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, activates tiered distribution. | |
| <code>tiered Distribution Map</code> | enum | Optionally map the tiered parent server's location close to your origin. A narrower local map minimizes the origin server's load, and increases the likelihood the requested object is cached. A wider global map reduces end-user latency, but decreases the likelihood the requested object is in any given parent server's cache. This option cannot apply if the property is marked as secure. See Secure property requirements for guidance. | <code>is_secure</code> is <code>false</code> in top-level rule |
| | <code>CH2</code> | A global map. | |
| | <code>CHAPAC</code> | China and the Asian Pacific area. | |
| | <code>CHEU2</code> | Europe. | |
| | <code>CHEUS2</code> | Eastern United States. | |
| | <code>CHCUS2</code> | Central United States. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------|--------|------------------------|----------|
| | CHWUS2 | Western United States. | |
| | CH AUS | Australia. | |
| | CH | A global map. | |

tieredDistributionAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Tiered Distribution \(Advanced\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `tieredDistributionAdvanced` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior allows Akamai edge servers to retrieve cached content from other Akamai servers, rather than directly from the origin. These interim *parent* servers in the *cache hierarchy* (`CH`) are positioned close to the origin, and fall along the path from the origin to the edge server. Tiered Distribution typically reduces the origin server's load, and reduces the time it takes for edge servers to refresh content. This advanced behavior provides a wider set of options than [tieredDistribution](#) .

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------------------|---------|--|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | When enabled, activates tiered distribution. |
| <code>tiered Distribution Map</code> | string | Optionally map the tiered parent server's location close to your origin: <code>CHEU2</code> for Europe; <code>CH AUS</code> for Australia; <code>CHAPAC</code> for China and the Asian Pacific area; <code>CHWUS2</code> , <code>CHCUS2</code> , and <code>CH EUS2</code> for different parts of the United States. Choose <code>CH</code> or <code>CH2</code> for a more global map. A narrower local map minimizes the origin server's load, and increases the likelihood the requested object is cached. A wider global map reduces end-user latency, but decreases the likelihood the requested object is in any given parent server's cache. This option cannot apply if the property is marked as secure. See Secure property requirements for guidance. |

tieredDistributionCustomization

- **Property Manager name:** [Tiered Distribution Customization](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `tieredDistributionCustomization` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)

- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

With Tiered Distribution, Akamai edge servers retrieve cached content from other Akamai servers, rather than directly from the origin. This behavior sets custom Tiered Distribution maps (TD0) and migrates TD1 maps configured with [advanced features](#) to Cloud Wrapper. You need to enable [cloudWrapper](#) within the same rule.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------|---|---|---|
| custom Map Enabled | boolean | Enables custom maps. | |
| custom Map Name | string (allows variables) | Specifies the custom map name. | custom Map Enabled is true |
| serial Start | string | Specifies a numeric serial start value. | custom Map Enabled is true |
| serial End | string | Specifies a numeric serial end value. Akamai uses serial numbers to group machines and share objects in their cache with other machines in the same region. | custom Map Enabled is true |
| hash Algorithm | enum | Specifies the hash algorithm. | custom Map Enabled is true |
| | GCC | A GCC hash. | |
| | JENKINS | A Jenkins hash. | |
| map Migration Enabled | boolean | Enables migration of the custom map to Cloud Wrapper. | |
| migration WithinCw Maps Enabled | boolean | Enables migration within Cloud Wrapper maps. | map Migration Enabled is true |
| location | string | Location from which Cloud Wrapper migration is performed. User should choose the existing Cloud Wrapper location. The new Cloud Wrapper location (to which migration has to happen) is expected to be updated as part of the main "Cloud Wrapper" behavior. | migration WithinCw Maps Enabled is true |
| migration StartDate | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies when to start migrating the map. | map Migration Enabled is true |
| migration EndDate | string (epoch timestamp) | Specifies when the map migration should end. | map Migration Enabled is true |

timeout

- **Property Manager name:** [Connect Timeout](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `timeout` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Sets the HTTP connect timeout.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|-------------------|---|
| value | string (duration) | Specifies the timeout, for example <code>10s</code> . |

uidConfiguration

- **Property Manager name:** [UID Configuration](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `uidConfiguration` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior allows you to extract unique identifier (UID) values from live traffic, for use in OTA applications. Note that you are responsible for maintaining the security of any data that may identify individual users.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| enabled | boolean | Allows you to extract UIDs from client requests. | |
| extract Location | enum | Where to extract the UID value from. | |
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | From a client request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | From the request query string. | |
| | VARIABLE | From a rule tree <code>VARIABLE</code> . You should mark these variables as sensitive . See also Support for variables . | |
| headerName | string | This specifies the name of the HTTP header from which to extract the UID value. | <code>extractLocation</code> is <code>CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER</code> |
| query Parameter Name | string | This specifies the name of the query parameter from which to extract the UID value. | <code>extractLocation</code> is <code>QUERY_STRING</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| variable Name | string (variable name) | This specifies the name of the rule tree variable from which to extract the UID value. | <code>extractLocation</code> is VARIABLE |

validateEntityTag

- **Property Manager name:** [Validate Entity Tag \(ETag\)](#).
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `validateEntityTag` behavior v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Instructs edge servers to compare the request's `ETag` header with that of the cached object. If they differ, the edge server sends a new copy of the object. This validation occurs in addition to the default validation of `Last-Modified` and `If-Modified-Since` headers.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables the ETag validation behavior. |

verifyJsonWebToken

- **Property Manager name:** [JWT verification](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `verifyJsonWebToken` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior allows you to use JSON Web Tokens (JWT) to verify requests.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------------|------|--|----------|
| <code>extractLocation</code> | enum | Specify from where to extract the JWT value. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | The value is in a client request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | The value is in the request's query string. | |
| header Name | string | This specifies the name of the header from which to extract the JWT value. | extractLocation is CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER |
| query Parameter Name | string | This specifies the name of the query parameter from which to extract the JWT value. | extractLocation is QUERY_STRING |
| jwt | string | An identifier for the JWT keys collection. | |
| enable RS256 | boolean | Verifies JWTs signed with the RS256 algorithm. This signature helps ensure that the token hasn't been tampered with. | |
| enable ES256 | boolean | Verifies JWTs signed with the ES256 algorithm. This signature helps ensure that the token hasn't been tampered with. | |

verifyJsonWebTokenForDcp

- **Property Manager name:** [JWT](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `verifyJsonWebTokenForDcp` behavior v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This behavior allows you to use JSON web tokens (JWT) to verify requests for use in implementing [IoT Edge Connect](#), which you use the `dcp` behavior to configure. You can specify the location in a request to pass a JSON web token (JWT), collections of public keys to verify the integrity of this token, and specific claims to extract from it. Use the [verifyJsonWebToken](#) behavior for other JWT validation.

When authenticating to edge servers with both JWT and mutual authentication (using the `dcpAuthVariableExtractor` behavior), the JWT method is ignored, and you need to authenticate with a client authentication certificate.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------|-----------------------|--|----------|
| extract Location | enum | Specifies where to get the JWT value from. | |
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | From the client request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | From the query string. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|------------------------|--|---|--|
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER_AND_QUERY_STRING | From both. | |
| primary Location | enum | Specifies the primary location to extract the JWT value from. If the specified option doesn't include the JWTs, the system checks the secondary one. | extractLocation is CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER_AND_QUERY_STRING |
| | CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER | Get the JWT value from the request header. | |
| | QUERY_STRING | Get the JWT value from the query string. | |
| custom Header | boolean | The JWT value comes from the X-Akamai-DCP-Token header by default. Enabling this option allows you to extract it from another header name that you specify. | extractLocation is either: CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER, CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER_AND_QUERY_STRING |
| headerName | string | This specifies the name of the header to extract the JWT value from. | customHeader is true |
| query Parameter Name | string | Specifies the name of the query parameter from which to extract the JWT value. | extractLocation is either: QUERY_STRING, CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER_AND_QUERY_STRING |
| jwt | string | An identifier for the JWT keys collection. | |
| extractClient Id | boolean | Allows you to extract the client ID claim name stored in JWT. | |
| clientId | string | This specifies the claim name. | extractClientId is true |
| extract Authorizations | boolean | Allows you to extract the authorization groups stored in the JWT. | |
| authorizations | string | This specifies the authorization group name. | extractAuthorizations is true |
| extractUser Name | boolean | Allows you to extract the user name stored in the JWT. | |
| userName | string | This specifies the user name. | extractUserName is true |
| enableRS256 | boolean | Verifies JWTs signed with the RS256 algorithm. This signature helps to ensure that the token hasn't been tampered with. | |
| enableES256 | boolean | Verifies JWTs signed with the ES256 algorithm. This signature helps to ensure that the token hasn't been tampered with. | |

verifyTokenAuthorization

- **Property Manager name:** [Auth Token 2.0 Verification](#)
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the verifyTokenAuthorization behavior v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Verifies Auth 2.0 tokens.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|--------------|---|---------------------|
| use Advanced | boolean | If enabled, allows you to specify advanced options such as <code>algorithm</code> , <code>escapeHmacInputs</code> , <code>ignoreQueryString</code> , <code>transitionKey</code> , and <code>salt</code> . | |
| location | enum | Specifies where to find the token in the incoming request. | |
| | | Supported values: <code>CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER</code> | |
| locationId | string | When <code>location</code> is <code>CLIENT_REQUEST_HEADER</code> , specifies the name of the incoming request's header where to find the token. | |
| algorithm | enum | Specifies the algorithm that generates the token. It needs to match the method chosen in the token generation code. | useAdvanced is true |
| | | Supported values: <code>MD5</code> <code>SHA1</code> <code>SHA256</code> | |
| escapeHmac Inputs | boolean | URL-escapes HMAC inputs passed in as query parameters. | useAdvanced is true |
| ignoreQueryString | boolean | Enabling this removes the query string from the URL used to form an encryption key. | useAdvanced is true |
| key | object array | The shared secret used to validate tokens, which needs to match the key used in the token generation code. | |
| transition Key | object array | Specifies a transition key as a hex value. | useAdvanced is true |
| salt | object array | Specifies a salt string for input when generating the token, which needs to match the salt value used in the token generation code. | useAdvanced is true |
| failure Response | boolean | When enabled, sends an HTTP error when an authentication test fails. | |

visitorPrioritization

- **Property Manager name:** [Visitor Prioritization Cloudlet](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `visitorPrioritization` behavior v3.6.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#)

The [Visitor Prioritization Cloudlet](#) decreases abandonment by providing a user-friendly waiting room experience. With Cloudlets available on your contract, choose **Your services > Edge logic Cloudlets** to control Visitor Prioritization within [Control Center](#)[®]. Otherwise use the [Cloudlets API](#) to configure it programmatically. To serve non-HTML API content such as JSON blocks, see the [apiPrioritization](#) behavior.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------|------|-------------|----------|
|--------|------|-------------|----------|

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------|----------------|---|---|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the Visitor Prioritization behavior. | |
| cloudletPolicy | object | Identifies the Cloudlet policy. | |
| cloudletPolicy.id | number | Identifies the Cloudlet. | |
| cloudletPolicy.name | string | The Cloudlet's descriptive name. | |
| userIdentificationByCookie | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by the value of a cookie. | |
| userIdentificationKeyCookie | string | Specifies the name of the cookie whose value identifies users. To match a user, the value of the cookie needs to remain constant across all requests. | userIdentificationByCookie is true |
| userIdentificationByHeaders | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by the values of GET or POST request headers. | |
| userIdentificationKeyHeaders | string array | Specifies names of request headers whose values identify users. To match a user, values for all the specified headers need to remain constant across all requests. | userIdentificationByHeaders is true |
| userIdentificationByIp | boolean | Allows IP addresses to identify users. | |
| userIdentificationByParams | boolean | When enabled, identifies users by the values of GET or POST request parameters. | |
| userIdentificationKeyParams | string array | Specifies names of request parameters whose values identify users. To match a user, values for all the specified parameters need to remain constant across all requests. Parameters that are absent or blank may also identify users. | userIdentificationByParams is true |
| allowedUserCookieEnabled | boolean | Sets a cookie for users who have been allowed through to the site. | |
| allowedUserCookieLabel | string | Specifies a label to distinguish this cookie for an allowed user from others. The value appends to the cookie's name, and helps you to maintain the same user assignment across behaviors within a property, and across properties. | allowedUserCookieEnabled is true |
| allowedUserCookieDuration | number (0-600) | Sets the number of seconds for the allowed user's session once allowed through to the site. | allowedUserCookieEnabled is true |
| allowedUserCookieRefresh | boolean | Resets the duration of an allowed cookie with each request, so that it only expires if the user doesn't make any requests for the specified duration. Do not enable this option if you want to set a fixed time for all users. | allowedUserCookieEnabled is true |
| allowedUserCookieAdvanced | boolean | Sets advanced configuration options for the allowed user's cookie. | allowedUserCookieEnabled is true |
| allowedUserCookieAutomaticSalt | boolean | Sets an automatic <i>salt</i> value to verify the integrity of the cookie for an allowed user. Disable this if you want to share the cookie across properties. | allowedUserCookieEnabled is true AND allowedUserCookieAdvanced is true |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|----------------|--|--|
| <code>allowedUserCookieSalt</code> | string | Specifies a fixed <code>salt</code> value, which is incorporated into the cookie's value to prevent users from manipulating it. You can use the same salt string across different behaviors or properties to apply a single cookie to all allowed users. | <code>allowedUserCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieAdvanced</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieAutomaticSalt</code> is <code>false</code> |
| <code>allowedUserCookieDomainType</code> | enum | Specify with <code>allowedUserCookieAdvanced</code> enabled. | <code>allowedUserCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieAdvanced</code> is <code>true</code> |
| | DYNAMIC | Use the dynamic incoming host header. | |
| | CUSTOMER | Use a customer-defined cookie domain. | |
| <code>allowedUserCookieDomain</code> | string | Specifies a domain for an allowed user cookie. | <code>allowedUserCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieAdvanced</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieDomainType</code> is CUSTOMER |
| <code>allowedUserCookieHttpOnly</code> | boolean | Applies the <code>HttpOnly</code> flag to the allowed user's cookie to ensure it's accessed over HTTP and not manipulated by the client. | <code>allowedUserCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieAdvanced</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> | boolean | Enables a cookie to track a waiting room assignment. | |
| <code>waitingRoomCookieShareLabel</code> | boolean | Enabling this option shares the same <code>allowedUserCookieLabel</code> string. If disabled, specify a different <code>waitingRoomCookieLabel</code> . | <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> AND <code>allowedUserCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>waitingRoomCookieLabel</code> | string | Specifies a label to distinguish this waiting room cookie from others. The value appends to the cookie's name, and helps you to maintain the same waiting room assignment across behaviors within a property, and across properties. | <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>waitingRoomCookieDuration</code> | number (0-120) | Sets the number of seconds for which users remain in the waiting room. During this time, users who refresh the waiting room page remain there. | <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |
| <code>waitingRoomCookieAdvanced</code> | boolean | When enabled along with <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> , sets advanced configuration options for the waiting room cookie. | <code>waitingRoomCookieEnabled</code> is <code>true</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|----------|--|---|
| waitingRoom CookieAutomatic Salt | boolean | Sets an automatic <i>salt</i> value to verify the integrity of the waiting room cookie. Disable this if you want to share the cookie across properties. | waitingRoom CookieEnabled is true AND waiting RoomCookie Advanced is true |
| waitingRoom CookieSalt | string | Specifies a fixed <i>salt</i> value, which is incorporated into the cookie's value to prevent users from manipulating it. You can use the same salt string across different behaviors or properties to apply a single cookie for the waiting room session. | waitingRoom CookieEnabled is true AND waiting RoomCookie Advanced is true AND waiting RoomCookie AutomaticSalt is false |
| waitingRoom CookieDomain Type | enum | Specify with <code>waitingRoomCookieAdvanced</code> enabled, selects whether to use the <code>DYNAMIC</code> incoming host header, or a <code>CUSTOMER</code> -defined cookie domain. | waitingRoom CookieEnabled is true AND waiting RoomCookie Advanced is true |
| | DYNAMIC | Use the dynamic incoming host header. | |
| | CUSTOMER | Use a customer-defined cookie domain. | |
| waitingRoom CookieDomain | string | Specifies a domain for the waiting room cookie. | waitingRoom CookieEnabled is true AND waiting RoomCookie Advanced is true AND waiting RoomCookie DomainType is CUSTOMER |
| waitingRoom CookieHttpOnly | boolean | Applies the <code>HttpOnly</code> flag to the waiting room cookie to ensure it's accessed over HTTP and not manipulated by the client. | waitingRoom CookieEnabled is true AND waiting RoomCookie Advanced is true |
| waitingRoom StatusCode | number | Specifies the response code for requests sent to the waiting room. | |
| waitingRoomUse CpCode | boolean | Allows you to assign a different CP code that tracks any requests that are sent to the waiting room. | |
| waitingRoomCp Code | object | Specifies a <code>cpcode</code> object for requests sent to the waiting room, including a numeric <code>id</code> key and a descriptive <code>name</code> . | waitingRoom UseCpCode is true |
| waitingRoomCp Code.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. | |
| waitingRoomCp Code.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--|---|--|----------|
| waitingRoomCpCode.name | string | The name of the CP code. | |
| waitingRoomCpCode.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage | object | Specifies the NetStorage domain for the waiting room page. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage.cpCodeList | array | A set of CP codes that apply to this storage group. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage.downloadDomainName | string | Domain name from which content can be downloaded. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage.id | number | Unique identifier for the storage group. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage.name | string | Name of the storage group. | |
| waitingRoomNetStorage.uploadDomainName | string | Domain name used to upload content. | |
| waitingRoomDirectory | string (allows variables) | Specifies the NetStorage directory that contains the static waiting room page, with no trailing slash character. | |
| waitingRoomCacheTtl | number (5-30) | Specifies the waiting room page's time to live in the cache, 5 minutes by default. | |

watermarking

- **Property Manager name:** [Watermarking](#).
- **Behavior version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the watermarking behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Adds watermarking for each valid user's content. Content segments are delivered from different sources using a pattern unique to each user, based on a watermarking token included in each request. If your content is pirated or redistributed, you can forensically analyze the segments to extract the pattern, and identify the user who leaked the content.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|---------|--|----------|
| enable | boolean | Enables the watermarking behavior. | |
| signatureVerificationEnable | boolean | When enabled, you can verify the signature in your watermarking token. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| verification KeyId1 | string | Specifies a unique identifier for the first public key. | signature Verification Enable is true |
| verification PublicKey1 | string | Specifies the first public key in its entirety. | signature Verification Enable is true |
| verification KeyId2 | string | Specifies a unique identifier for the optional second public key. | signature Verification Enable is true |
| verification PublicKey2 | string | Specifies the optional second public key in its entirety. Specify a second key to enable rotation. | signature Verification Enable is true |
| pattern Decryption Enable | boolean | If patterns in your watermarking tokens have been encrypted, enabling this allows you to provide values to decrypt them. | |
| decryption Password Id1 | string | Specifies a label that corresponds to the primary password. | pattern Decryption Enable is true |
| decryption Password1 | string | Provides the primary password used to encrypt patterns in your watermarking tokens. | pattern Decryption Enable is true |
| decryption Password Id2 | string | Specifies a label for the secondary password, used in rotation scenarios to identify which password to use for decryption. | pattern Decryption Enable is true |
| decryption Password2 | string | Provides the secondary password you can use to rotate passwords. | pattern Decryption Enable is true |
| useOriginal AsA | boolean | When you work with your watermarking vendor, you can apply several preprocessing methods to your content. See the AMD help for more information. With the standard <i>filename-prefix AB naming</i> preprocessing method, the watermarking vendor creates two variants of the original segment content and labels them as an <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> segment in the filename. If you selected the <i>unlabeled A variant</i> preprocessing method, enabling this option tells your configuration to use the original filename segment content as your <i>A</i> variant. | |
| abVariant Location | enum | When you work with your watermarking vendor, you can apply several preprocessing methods to your content. See the AMD help for more information. Use this option to specify the location of the <i>A</i> and <i>B</i> variant segments. | |
| | FILENAME_ PREFIX | Set for the standard, <i>filename-prefix AB naming</i> preprocessing method, where the variant letter is included in the filename. | |
| | PARENT_ DIRECTORY_ PREFIX | Set for the <i>directory-prefix AB naming</i> preprocessing method, where variants are located in a subdirectory named after the variants, such as <i>/B/segment1.ts</i> . | |

webApplicationFirewall

- **Property Manager name:** [Web Application Firewall \(WAF\)](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `webApplicationFirewall` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [No \(temporarily\)](#).

This behavior implements a suite of security features that blocks threatening HTTP and HTTPS requests. Use it as your primary firewall, or in addition to existing security measures. Only one referenced configuration is allowed per property, so this behavior typically belongs as part of its default rule.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>firewallConfiguration</code> | object | An object featuring details about your firewall configuration. |

webSockets

- **Property Manager name:** [WebSockets](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `webSockets` behavior v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The WebSocket protocol allows web applications real-time bidirectional communication between clients and servers.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------|---------|----------------------------|
| <code>enabled</code> | boolean | Enables WebSocket traffic. |

webdav

- **Property Manager name:** [WebDAV](#)
- **Behavior version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `webdav` behavior v1.1.

- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Web-based Distributed Authoring and Versioning (WebDAV) is a set of extensions to the HTTP protocol that allows users to collaboratively edit and manage files on remote web servers. This behavior enables WebDAV, and provides support for the following additional request methods: PROPFIND, PROPPATCH, MKCOL, COPY, MOVE, LOCK, and UNLOCK. To apply this behavior, you need to match on a [requestMethod](#) .

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------|---------|------------------------------|
| enabled | boolean | Enables the WebDAV behavior. |

v2023-01-05 criteria

v2023-01-05 criteria

This section provides details for all criteria the Property Manager API supports for the `v2023-01-05` rule format version. The set available to you is determined by the product and modules assigned to the property. You can get it by running the [List available criteria](#) operation.

This `v2023-01-05` rule format provides an older deprecated set of PAPI features. You should use the most recent dated rule format available. See [API versioning](#) for details.

Option requirements

PAPI's behaviors and match criteria often include cross-dependent options, for which this reference documentation provides details in a *Requires* table column. For example, suppose documentation for a `cloudletSharedPolicy` option specifies this as *Requires*:

```
isSharedPolicy is true
```

That means for the `cloudletSharedPolicy` to appear in the object, you need to also have `isSharedPolicy` set to `true` :

```
{
  "isSharedPolicy": true,
  "cloudletSharedPolicy": 1000
}
```

Often you include options in behavior or criteria objects based on the match of a string value. Documentation also indicates any set of high-level logical *AND* and *OR* validation requirements.

advancedImMatch

- **Property Manager name:** [Image and Video Manager](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `advancedImMatch` criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches whether the [imageManager](#) behavior already applies to the current set of requests.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|----------|--|
| matchOperator | enum | Specifies the match's logic. |
| | IS | Matches the selected requests. |
| | IS_NOT | Does not match the selected requests. |
| matchOn | enum | Specifies the match's scope. |
| | ANY_IM | Whether to match any requests that also include generated derivatives. |
| | PRISTINE | Whether to match only pristine requests on original images or videos from Image and Video Manager. |

bucket

- **Property Manager name:** [Percentage of Clients](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the bucket criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This matches a specified percentage of requests when used with the accompanying behavior. Contact Akamai Professional Services for help configuring it.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------|----------------|--|
| percentage | number (0-100) | Specifies the percentage of requests to match. |

cacheability

- **Property Manager name:** [Response Cacheability](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the cacheability criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the current cache state. Note that any NO_STORE or BYPASS_CACHE HTTP headers set on the origin's content overrides properties' [caching](#) instructions, in which case this criteria does not apply.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|--------------|--|
| matchOperator | enum | Specifies the match's logic. |
| | IS | Cache state matches the value . |
| | IS_NOT | Cache state does not match the value . |
| value | enum | Content's cache is enabled (CACHEABLE) or not (NO_STORE), or else is ignored (BYPASS_CACHE). |
| | NO_STORE | Content cache is disabled. |
| | BYPASS_CACHE | Content cache is ignored. |
| | CACHEABLE | Content cache is enabled. |

chinaCdnRegion

- **Property Manager name:** [ChinaCDN Region](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the chinaCdnRegion criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Identifies traffic deployed over Akamai's regional ChinaCDN infrastructure.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|--------|--|
| matchOperator | enum | Specify whether the request IS or IS_NOT deployed over ChinaCDN. |
| | IS | The request is deployed over ChinaCDN. |
| | IS_NOT | The request is not deployed over ChinaCDN. |

clientCertificate

- **Property Manager name:** [Client certificate](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the clientCertificate criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches whether you have configured a client certificate to authenticate requests to edge servers.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| isCertificatePresent | boolean | Executes rule behaviors only if a client certificate authenticates requests. | |
| isCertificateValid | enum | Matches whether the certificate is <code>VALID</code> or <code>INVALID</code> . You can also <code>IGNORE</code> the certificate's validity. | isCertificatePresent is true |
| | <code>VALID</code> | Match when the certificate is valid. | |
| | <code>INVALID</code> | Match when the certificate is invalid. | |
| | <code>IGNORE</code> | Ignores the certificate's is valid. | |

clientIp

- **Property Manager name:** [Client IP](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `clientIp` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the IP number of the requesting client. To use this condition to match end-user IP addresses, apply it together with the `requestType` matching on the `CLIENT_REQ` value.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|----------------------------|---|
| matchOperator | enum | Matches the contents of <code>values</code> if set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> reverses the match. |
| | <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> | Matches any of the specified <code>values</code> . |
| | <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> | Does not match any of the specified <code>values</code> . |
| values | string array | IP or CIDR block, for example: <code>71.92.0.0/14</code> . |
| useHeaders | boolean | When connecting via a proxy server as determined by the <code>X-Forwarded-For</code> header, enabling this option matches the connecting client's IP address rather than the original end client specified in the header. |

clientIpVersion

- **Property Manager name:** [Client IP Version](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the clientIpVersion criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the version of the IP protocol used by the requesting client.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------|---------|--|
| value | enum | The IP version of the client request, either IPV4 or IPV6 . |
| | IPV4 | Matches the IPv4 protocol. |
| | IPV6 | Matches the IPv6 protocol. |
| use XForwarded For | boolean | When connecting via a proxy server as determined by the X-Forwarded-For header, enabling this option matches the connecting client's IP address rather than the original end client specified in the header. |

cloudletsOrigin

- **Property Manager name:** [Conditional Origin ID](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the cloudletsOrigin criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Allows Cloudlets Origins, referenced by label, to define their own criteria to assign custom origin definitions. The criteria may match, for example, for a specified percentage of requests defined by the cloudlet to use an alternative version of a website.

You need to pair this criteria with a sibling [origin](#) definition. It should not appear with any other criteria, and an [allowCloudletsOrigins](#) behavior needs to appear within a parent rule.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------|--------|--|
| originId | string | The Cloudlets Origins identifier, limited to alphanumeric and underscore characters. |

contentDeliveryNetwork

- **Property Manager name:** [CDN Network](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `contentDeliveryNetwork` criteria v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies the type of Akamai network handling the request.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| <code>matchOperator</code> | enum | Matches the specified <code>network</code> if set to <code>IS</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT</code> reverses the match. |
| | <code>IS</code> | Matches the specified <code>network</code> . |
| | <code>IS_NOT</code> | Does not match the specified <code>network</code> . |
| <code>network</code> | enum | Match the network. |
| | <code>STAGING</code> | Match the staging network. |
| | <code>PRODUCTION</code> | Match the production network. |

contentType

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Type](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `contentType` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the HTTP response header's `Content-Type` .

Warning. The Content Type match was updated in April 2023 and the change affects configurations that implement it together with the `gzipResponse` behavior. With the new change, if the origin server sends out the content in an uncompressed format, the Akamai edge servers cache it and deliver it to the requesting client in the compressed .gzip format. Clients using the Content-Length response header to determine the file size will now see the compressed size of the object returned from Akamai, rather than the uncompressed size of the object returned from the origin. If you updated your property configuration after April 3rd 2023, your `content Type` match is affected by this change.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|---|
| <code>match Operator</code> | enum | Matches any <code>Content-Type</code> among specified <code>values</code> when set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> reverses the match. |
| | <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> | Matches any <code>Content-Type</code> among the specified <code>values</code> . |

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------------|--|
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Matches none of the specified values . |
| values | string array | Content-Type response header value, for example text/html . |
| match Wildcard | boolean | Allows wildcards in the value field, where ? matches a single character and * matches zero or more characters. Specifying text/* matches both text/html and text/css . |
| matchCase Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for all values . |

deviceCharacteristic

- **Property Manager name:** [Device Characteristics](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the deviceCharacteristic criteria v1.3.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match various aspects of the device or browser making the request. Based on the value of the characteristic option, the expected value is either a boolean, a number, or a string, possibly representing a version number. Each type of value requires a different field.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| characteristic | enum | Aspect of the device or browser to match. | |
| | BRAND_NAME | String value such as Samsung or Apple . | |
| | MODEL_NAME | String value such as SCH-I110 . | |
| | MARKETING_NAME | String value such as Samsung Illusion . | |
| | IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE | Boolean value. | |
| | IS_TABLET | Boolean value, subset of IS_MOBILE . | |
| | DEVICE_OS | String value. | |
| | DEVICE_OS_VERSION | Version string value. | |
| | MOBILE_BROWSER | String value. | |
| | MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION | Version string value. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| | RESOLUTION_WIDTH | Number of pixels wide. | |
| | RESOLUTION_HEIGHT | Number of pixels high. | |
| | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT | Number of millimeters high. | |
| | PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH | Number of millimeters wide. | |
| | COOKIE_SUPPORT | Boolean value. | |
| | AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT | Boolean value. | |
| | FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT | Boolean value. | |
| | ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE | Boolean value. | |
| | XHTML_SUPPORT_LEVEL | Numeric value. | |
| | IS_MOBILE | Boolean value. | |
| stringMatch Operator | enum | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a string value, set this to <code>MATCHES_ONE_OF</code> to match against the <code>stringValue</code> set, otherwise set to <code>DOES_NOT_MATCH_ONE_OF</code> to exclude that set of values. | <code>characteristic</code> is either: <code>BRAND_NAME</code> , <code>MODEL_NAME</code> , <code>MARKETING_NAME</code> , <code>DEVICE_OS</code> , <code>MOBILE_BROWSER</code> , <code>PREFERRED_MARKUP</code> , <code>HTML_PREFERRED_DTD</code> , <code>XHTML_PREFERRED_CHARSET</code> , <code>VIEWPORT_WIDTH</code> , <code>XHTMLMP_PREFERRED_MIME_TYPE</code> , <code>AJAX_PREFERRED_GEOLOC_API</code> , <code>XHTML_FILE_UPLOAD</code> , <code>XHTML_SUPPORTS_IFRAME</code> , <code>FLASH_LITE_VERSION</code> |
| | MATCHES_ONE_OF | The value is included as a <code>stringValue</code> . | |
| | DOES_NOT_MATCH_ONE_OF | The value is not included as a <code>stringValue</code> . | |
| numericMatch Operator | enum | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a numeric value, compares the specified <code>numericValue</code> against the matched client. | <code>characteristic</code> is either: <code>RESOLUTION_WIDTH</code> , <code>RESOLUTION_HEIGHT</code> , <code>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_HEIGHT</code> , <code>PHYSICAL_SCREEN_WIDTH</code> , <code>XHTML_SUPPORT_LEVEL</code> , <code>MAX_IMAGE_WIDTH</code> , <code>MAX_IMAGE_HEIGHT</code> , <code>VIEWPORT_INITIAL_SCALE</code> |
| | IS | Values are equal. | |
| | IS_NOT | Values are not equal. | |
| | IS_LESS_THAN | The <code>numericValue</code> is less than the matched client. | |
| | IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL | The <code>numericValue</code> is less than or equal to the matched client. | |
| | IS_MORE_THAN | The <code>numericValue</code> is more than the matched client. | |
| | IS_MORE_THAN_OR_EQUAL | The <code>numericValue</code> is more than or equal to the matched client. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| versionMatch Operator | enum | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a version string value, compares the specified <code>versionValue</code> against the matched client, using the following operators: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> . | <code>characteristic</code> is either: <code>DEVICE_OS_VERSION</code> , <code>MOBILE_BROWSER_VERSION</code> |
| | <code>IS</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> equals the matched client. | |
| | <code>IS_NOT</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> does not equal the matched client. | |
| | <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> is less than the matched client. | |
| | <code>IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> is less than or equal to the matched client. | |
| | <code>IS_MORE_THAN</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> is more than the matched client. | |
| | <code>IS_MORE_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> | The <code>versionValue</code> is more than or equal to the matched client. | |
| booleanValue | boolean | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a boolean value, this specifies the value. | <code>characteristic</code> is either: <code>IS_WIRELESS_DEVICE</code> , <code>IS_TABLET</code> , <code>COOKIE_SUPPORT</code> , <code>AJAX_SUPPORT_JAVASCRIPT</code> , <code>FULL_FLASH_SUPPORT</code> , <code>DUAL_ORIENTATION</code> , <code>ACCEPT_THIRD_PARTY_COOKIE</code> , <code>GIF_ANIMATED</code> , <code>JPG</code> , <code>PNG</code> , <code>XHTML_SUPPORTS_TABLE_FOR_LAYOUT</code> , <code>XHTML_TABLE_SUPPORT</code> , <code>PDF_SUPPORT</code> , <code>IS_MOBILE</code> |
| stringValue | string array | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a string, this specifies the set of values. | <code>stringMatchOperator</code> is either: <code>MATCHES_ONE_OF</code> , <code>DOES_NOT_MATCH_ONE_OF</code> |
| numericValue | number | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a numeric value, this specifies the number. | <code>numericMatchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> |
| versionValue | string | When the <code>characteristic</code> expects a version number, this specifies it as a string. | <code>versionMatchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN</code> , <code>IS_MORE_THAN_OR_EQUAL</code> |
| matchCase Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>stringValue</code> field. | <code>stringMatchOperator</code> is either: <code>MATCHES_ONE_OF</code> , <code>DOES_NOT_MATCH_ONE_OF</code> |
| match Wildcard | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>stringValue</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | <code>stringMatchOperator</code> is either: <code>MATCHES_ONE_OF</code> , <code>DOES_NOT_MATCH_ONE_OF</code> |

edgeWorkersFailure

- **Property Manager name:** [EdgeWorkers Execution Status](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `edgeWorkersFailure` criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)

- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Checks the EdgeWorkers execution status and detects whether a customer's JavaScript failed on edge servers.

| Option | Type | Description |
|------------|---------|---------------------------|
| execStatus | enum | Specify execution status. |
| | FAILURE | Execution failed. |
| | SUCCESS | Execution succeeded. |

fileExtension

- **Property Manager name:** [File Extension](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the fileExtension criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the requested filename's extension, if present.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------------|--|
| matchOperator | enum | Matches the contents of values if set to IS_ONE_OF , otherwise IS_NOT_ONE_OF reverses the match. |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches any of the specified values . |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Does not match any of the specified values . |
| values | string array | An array of file extension strings, with no leading dot characters, for example png , jpg , jpeg , and gif . |
| matchCase Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match. |

filename

- **Property Manager name:** [Filename](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the filename criteria v1.1.

- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the requested filename, or test whether it is present.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|----------------------|----------------------------|---|---|
| match Operator | enum | If set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> or <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> , matches whether the filename matches one of the <code>values</code> . If set to <code>IS_EMPTY</code> or <code>IS_NOT_EMPTY</code> , matches whether the specified filename is part of the path. | |
| | <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> | The filename matches one of the <code>values</code> . | |
| | <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> | The filename does not match one of the <code>values</code> . | |
| | <code>IS_EMPTY</code> | The filename is not part of the path. | |
| | <code>IS_NOT_EMPTY</code> | The filename is part of the path. | |
| values | string array | Matches the filename component of the request URL. Allows wildcards, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. For example, specify <code>filename.*</code> to accept any extension. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| match Case Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>values</code> field. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |

hostname

- **Property Manager name:** [Hostname](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `hostname` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the requested hostname.

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------|------------------------|---|
| match Operator | enum | Matches the contents of <code>values</code> when set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> reverses the match. |
| | <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> | Matches the contents of <code>values</code> . |

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|---------------------------|---|
| | IS_ NOT_ ONE_ OF | Does not match the contents of <code>values</code> . |
| <code>values</code> | string array | A list of hostnames. Allows wildcards, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. Specifying <code>*.example.com</code> matches both <code>m.example.com</code> and <code>www.example.com</code> . |

matchAdvanced

- **Property Manager name:** [Advanced Match](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `matchAdvanced` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-only](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

This specifies match criteria using Akamai XML metadata. It can only be configured on your behalf by Akamai Professional Services.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>description</code> | string | A human-readable description of what the XML block does. |
| <code>openXml</code> | string | An XML string that opens the relevant block. |
| <code>closeXml</code> | string | An XML string that closes the relevant block. |

matchCpCode

- **Property Manager name:** [Content Provider Code](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `matchCpCode` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match the assigned content provider code.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|---------|---|
| value | object | Specifies an object that encodes the matching <code>value</code> , including an <code>id</code> key and a descriptive <code>name</code> . |
| value.description | string | Additional description for the CP code. |
| value.id | integer | Unique identifier for each CP code. |
| value.name | string | The name of the CP code. |
| value.products | array | The set of products the CP code is assigned to. |

matchResponseCode

- **Property Manager name:** [Response Status Code](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `matchResponseCode` criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match a set or range of HTTP response codes.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|---|
| match Operator | enum | Matches numeric range or a specified set of <code>values</code> . | |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches the contents of <code>values</code> . | |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Does not match the contents of <code>values</code> . | |
| | IS_BETWEEN | Matches the numeric range between <code>lowerBound</code> and <code>upperBound</code> . | |
| | IS_NOT_BETWEEN | Does not match the numeric range between <code>lowerBound</code> and <code>upperBound</code> . | |
| values | string array | A set of response codes to match, for example <code>["404","500"]</code> . | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| lower Bound | number | Specifies the start of a range of responses. For example, <code>400</code> to match anything from <code>400</code> to <code>500</code> . | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> , <code>IS_NOT_BETWEEN</code> |
| upper Bound | number | Specifies the end of a range of responses. For example, <code>500</code> to match anything from <code>400</code> to <code>500</code> . | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> , <code>IS_NOT_BETWEEN</code> |

matchVariable

- **Property Manager name:** [Variable](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `matchVariable` criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches a built-in variable, or a custom variable pre-declared within the rule tree by the `setVariable` behavior. See [Support for variables](#) for more information on this feature.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|--|---|---|
| variable Name | string (variable name) | The name of the variable to match. | |
| match Operator | enum | The type of match, based on which you use different options to specify the match criteria. | |
| | IS | Matches the <code>variableExpression</code> string. | |
| | IS_NOT | Does not match the <code>variableExpression</code> string. | |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches any of an array of string <code>variableValues</code> . | |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Does not match any of an array of string <code>variableValues</code> . | |
| | IS_EMPTY | Matches if a defined variable does not contain a value. You can't activate a rule that matches an undefined variable. | |
| | IS_NOT_EMPTY | Matches if a defined variable contains a value. You can't activate a rule that matches an undefined variable. | |
| | IS_BETWEEN | Is between the numeric <code>lowerBound</code> and <code>upperBound</code> values. | |
| | IS_NOT_BETWEEN | Is outside the numeric <code>lowerBound</code> and <code>upperBound</code> range. | |
| | IS_GREATER_THAN | Is greater than the <code>variableExpression</code> string-formatted number. | |
| | IS_GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO | Is greater than or equal to the <code>variableExpression</code> string-formatted number. | |
| | IS_LESS_THAN | Is less than the <code>variableExpression</code> string-formatted number. | |
| | IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO | Is less than or equal to the <code>variableExpression</code> string-formatted number. | |
| variable Values | string array | Specifies an array of matching strings. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| variable Expression | string (allows variables) | Specifies a single matching string. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> , <code>IS_GREATER_THAN</code> , <code>IS_GREATER_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> , <code>IS_LESS_THAN_OR_EQUAL_TO</code> |
| lower Bound | string | Specifies the range's numeric minimum value. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> , <code>IS_NOT_BETWEEN</code> |
| upper Bound | string | Specifies the range's numeric maximum value. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> , <code>IS_NOT_BETWEEN</code> |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------|---------|---|---|
| match Wildcard | boolean | When matching string expressions, enabling this allows wildcards, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> , <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| match Case Sensitive | boolean | When matching string expressions, enabling this performs a case-sensitive match. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS</code> , <code>IS_NOT</code> , <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |

metadataStage

- **Property Manager name:** [Metadata Stage](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `metadataStage` criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches how the current rule corresponds to low-level syntax elements in translated XML metadata, indicating progressive stages as each edge server handles the request and response. To use this match, you need to be thoroughly familiar with how Akamai edge servers process requests. Contact your Akamai Technical representative if you need help, and test thoroughly on staging before activating on production.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| match Operator | enum | Compares the current rule with the specified metadata stage. |
| | <code>IS</code> | The current rule is at the specified metadata stage. |
| | <code>IS_NOT</code> | The current rule is not at the specified metadata stage. |
| value | enum | Specifies the metadata stage. |
| | <code>cache-hit</code> | Content is cacheable and is already cached, but not yet tested for freshness. |
| | <code>client-done</code> | Occurs after the response completes and the response has been sent to the requesting client Only used for receipt requests and products like Cloud Monitor and Datastream. |
| | <code>client-request</code> | When the Akamai server receives the request. Most processing happens in this stage, including determining the object's cacheability and cache key. |
| | <code>client-request-body</code> | Runs when the Akamai server inspects the contents of a request POST body, typically as a security check. |
| | <code>client-response</code> | Occurs after the full response has been returned from the forward server or retrieved from Akamai's cache, prior to constructing a response. |
| | <code>content-policy</code> | This stage determines whether any Cloudlets or security products are associated with the request. It gets ignored in requests for other products. |
| | <code>forward-request</code> | Immediately before the Akamai server tries to connect to a forward server (either an Akamai parent server or a customer origin). Doesn't run for the content retrieved from Akamai's cache. |

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------------------|---|
| | forward-response | After the forward server responds and all response headers have been read. Doesn't run for the content retrieved from Akamai's cache. |
| | forward-start | Immediately before the forward-request stage, while the Akamai server selects a forward server or persistent connection. Doesn't run for the content retrieved from Akamai's cache. |
| | ipa-response | Runs when a response is received from an intermediate processing agent (IPA) server, called at the end of the client-request stage. |

originTimeout

- **Property Manager name:** [Origin Timeout](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the originTimeout criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches when the origin responds with a timeout error.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|------------------|---|
| matchOperator | enum | Specifies a single required ORIGIN_TIMED_OUT value. |
| | ORIGIN_TIMED_OUT | This is currently the only supported value. |

path

- **Property Manager name:** [Path](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the path criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the URL's non-hostname path component.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| match Operator | enum | Matches the contents of the <code>values</code> array. |
| | <code>MATCHES_</code> <code>ONE_OF</code> | Matches any of the <code>values</code> array. |
| | <code>DOES_</code> <code>NOT_</code> <code>MATCH_</code> <code>ONE_OF</code> | Matches none of the <code>values</code> array. |
| <code>values</code> | string array | Matches the URL path, excluding leading hostname and trailing query parameters. The path is relative to the server root, for example <code>/blog</code> . This field allows wildcards, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. For example, <code>/blog/*/2014</code> matches paths with two fixed segments and other varying segments between them. |
| match Case Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match. |
| <code>normalize</code> | boolean | Transforms URLs before comparing them with the provided value. URLs are decoded, and any directory syntax such as <code>../..</code> or <code>//</code> is stripped as a security measure. This protects URL paths from being accessed by unauthorized users. |

queryStringParameter

- **Property Manager name:** [Query String Parameter](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `queryStringParameter` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches query string field names or values.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|---|---|--------------------------|
| parameter Name | string | The name of the query field, for example, <code>q</code> in <code>?q=string</code> . | |
| match Operator | enum | Narrows the match criteria. | |
| | <code>IS_ONE_</code> <code>OF</code> | Tests whether the field's <code>value</code> string matches. | |
| | <code>IS_NOT_</code> <code>ONE_OF</code> | Tests whether the field's <code>value</code> string does not match. | |
| | <code>EXISTS</code> | Whether the query field's <code>parameterName</code> is present in the requesting URL. | |
| | <code>DOES_</code> <code>NOT_</code> <code>EXIST</code> | Whether the query field's <code>parameterName</code> is absent from the requesting URL. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|---|---|
| | IS_LESS_THAN | Matches a range when the <code>value</code> is numeric. | |
| | IS_MORE_THAN | Matches a range when the <code>value</code> is numeric. | |
| | IS_BETWEEN | Is between the numeric <code>lowerBound</code> and <code>upperBound</code> values. | |
| <code>values</code> | string array | The value of the query field, for example, <code>string</code> in <code>?q=string</code> . | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| <code>lowerBound</code> | number | Specifies the match's minimum value. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_MORE_THAN</code> , <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> |
| <code>upperBound</code> | number | When the <code>value</code> is numeric, this field specifies the match's maximum value. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_LESS_THAN</code> , <code>IS_BETWEEN</code> |
| <code>matchWildcardName</code> | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>parameterName</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | |
| <code>matchCaseSensitiveName</code> | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>parameterName</code> field. | |
| <code>matchWildcardValue</code> | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>value</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| <code>matchCaseSensitiveValue</code> | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>value</code> field. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| <code>escapeValue</code> | boolean | Matches when the <code>value</code> is URL-escaped. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |

random

- **Property Manager name:** [Sample Percentage](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `random` criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches a specified percentage of requests. Use this match to apply behaviors to a percentage of your incoming requests that differ from the remainder, useful for A/b testing, or to offload traffic onto different servers.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------------|----------------|--|
| <code>bucket</code> | number (0-100) | Specify a percentage of random requests to which to apply a behavior. Any remainders do not match. |

recoveryConfig

- **Property Manager name:** [Recovery Configuration Name](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `recoveryConfig` criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches on specified origin recovery scenarios. The [originFailureRecoveryPolicy](#) behavior defines the scenarios that trigger the recovery or retry methods you set in the [originFailureRecoveryMethod](#) rule. If the origin fails, the system checks the name of the recovery method applied to your policy. It then either redirects the requesting client to a backup origin or returns predefined HTTP response codes.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------------------------|--------|--|
| <code>config Name</code> | string | A unique identifier used for origin failure recovery configurations. This is the recovery method configuration name you apply when setting origin failure recovery methods and scenarios in originFailureRecoveryMethod and originFailureRecoveryPolicy behaviors. The value can contain alphanumeric characters and dashes. |

regularExpression

- **Property Manager name:** [Regex](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `regularExpression` criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches a regular expression against a string, especially to apply behaviors flexibly based on the contents of dynamic [variables](#).

| Option | Type | Description |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| <code>matchString</code> | string (allows variables) | The string to match, typically the contents of a dynamic variable. |
| <code>regex</code> | string | The regular expression (PCRE) to match against the string. |
| <code>caseSensitive</code> | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive regular expression match. |

requestCookie

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Cookie](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the requestCookie criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match the cookie name or value passed with the request.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| cookieName | string | The name of the cookie, for example, visitor in visitor:anon . | |
| matchOperator | enum | Narrows the match criteria. | |
| | IS | If the field's value string matches. | |
| | IS_NOT | If the field's value string does not match. | |
| | EXISTS | Matches if the cookieName cookie exists. | |
| | DOES_NOT_EXIST | Matches if the cookieName cookie does not exist. | |
| | IS_BETWEEN | Is between the numeric lowerBound and upperBound values. | |
| value | string | The cookie's value, for example, anon in visitor:anon . | matchOperator is either: IS , IS_NOT |
| lowerBound | number | When the value is numeric, this field specifies the match's minimum value. | matchOperator is IS_BETWEEN |
| upperBound | number | When the value is numeric, this field specifies the match's maximum value. | matchOperator is IS_BETWEEN |
| matchWildcardName | boolean | Allows wildcards in the cookieName field, where ? matches a single character and * matches zero or more characters. | |
| matchCaseSensitiveName | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the cookieName field. | |
| matchWildcardValue | boolean | Allows wildcards in the value field, where ? matches a single character and * matches zero or more characters. | matchOperator is either: IS , IS_NOT |
| matchCaseSensitiveValue | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the value field. | matchOperator is either: IS , IS_NOT |

requestHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Header](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `requestHeader` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match HTTP header names or values.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---|
| <code>headerName</code> | string | The name of the request header, for example <code>Accept-Language</code> . | |
| <code>matchOperator</code> | enum | Narrows the match criteria. | |
| | <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> | Tests whether the field's <code>value</code> string matches. | |
| | <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> | Tests whether the field's <code>value</code> string does not match. | |
| | <code>EXISTS</code> | Tests if the <code>headerName</code> field exists. | |
| | <code>DOES_NOT_EXIST</code> | Tests if the <code>headerName</code> field is absent. | |
| <code>values</code> | string array | The request header's value, for example <code>en-US</code> when the header <code>headerName</code> is <code>Accept-Language</code> . | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| <code>matchWildcardName</code> | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>headerName</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | |
| <code>matchWildcardValue</code> | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>value</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |
| <code>matchCaseSensitiveValue</code> | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>value</code> field. | <code>matchOperator</code> is either: <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> |

requestMethod

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Method](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the `requestMethod` criteria v1.4.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specify the request's HTTP verb. Also supports WebDAV methods and common Akamai operations.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|-------------|
|--------|------|-------------|

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| matchOperator | enum | Matches the <code>value</code> when set to <code>IS</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT</code> reverses the match. |
| | <code>IS</code> | Matches the <code>value</code> . |
| | <code>IS_NOT</code> | Does not match the <code>value</code> . |
| value | enum | Any of these HTTP methods, WebDAV methods, or Akamai operations. |
| | <code>GET</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>POST</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>HEAD</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>PUT</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>PATCH</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>HTTP_DELETE</code> | Standard HTTP method. Note the additional prefix. |
| | <code>AKAMAI_TRANSLATE</code> | Akamai operation. |
| | <code>AKAMAI_PURGE</code> | Akamai operation. |
| | <code>OPTIONS</code> | Standard HTTP method. |
| | <code>DAV_ACL</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_CHECKOUT</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_COPY</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMCREATE</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMINDEX</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMMKPATH</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMMKPATHS</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMOVERLAY</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_DMPATCHPATHS</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_LOCK</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_MKCALENDAR</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_MKCOL</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_MOVE</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_PROPFIND</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_PROPPATCH</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_REPORT</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_SETPROCESS</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_SETREDIRECT</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_TRUTHGET</code> | WebDAV method. |
| | <code>DAV_UNLOCK</code> | WebDAV method. |

requestProtocol

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Protocol](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the requestProtocol criteria v1.0.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches whether the request uses the HTTP or HTTPS protocol.

| Option | Type | Description |
|--------|------|---|
| value | enum | Specifies the protocol. |
| | | Supported values: <div>HTTPHTTPS</div> |

requestType

- **Property Manager name:** [Request Type](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the requestType criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the basic type of request. To use this match, you need to be thoroughly familiar with how Akamai edge servers process requests. Contact your Akamai Technical representative if you need help, and test thoroughly on staging before activating on production.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|---------------|---|
| match Operator | enum | Specifies whether the request IS or IS_NOT the type of specified value . |
| | IS | The request is the type of specified value . |
| | IS_NOT | The request is not the type of specified value . |
| value | enum | Specifies the type of request, either a standard CLIENT_REQ , an ESI_FRAGMENT , or an EW_SUBREQUEST . |
| | CLIENT_REQ | A client request. |
| | ESI_FRAGMENT | An Edge Side Include fragment. |
| | EW_SUBREQUEST | An EdgeWorkers sub-request. |

responseHeader

- **Property Manager name:** [Response Header](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the responseHeader criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match HTTP header names or values.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------------|----------------|---|--|
| headerName | string | The name of the response header, for example Content-Type . | |
| match Operator | enum | Narrows the match according to various criteria. | |
| | IS_ONE_OF | The field's value string matches. | |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | The field's value string does not match. | |
| | EXISTS | The HTTP field headerName is present. | |
| | DOES_NOT_EXIST | The HTTP field headerName is absent. | |
| | IS_LESS_THAN | Matches ranges when the value is numeric. | |
| | IS_MORE_THAN | Matches ranges when the value is numeric. | |
| | IS_BETWEEN | Is between the numeric lowerBound and upperBound values. | |
| values | string array | The response header's value, for example application/x-www-form-urlencoded when the header headerName is Content-Type . | matchOperator is either: IS_ONE_OF , IS_NOT_ONE_OF |
| lowerBound | number | When the value is numeric, this field specifies the match's minimum value. | matchOperator is either: IS_MORE_THAN , IS_BETWEEN |
| upperBound | number | When the value is numeric, this field specifies the match's maximum value. | matchOperator is either: IS_LESS_THAN , IS_BETWEEN |
| match Wildcard Name | boolean | Allows wildcards in the headerName field, where ? matches a single character and * matches zero or more characters. | |
| match WildcardValue | boolean | Allows wildcards in the value field, where ? matches a single character and * matches zero or more characters. | matchOperator is either: IS_ONE_OF , IS_NOT_ONE_OF |
| matchCase Sensitive Value | boolean | When enabled, the match is case-sensitive for the value field. | matchOperator is either: IS_ONE_OF , IS_NOT_ONE_OF |

time

- **Property Manager name:** [Time Interval](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the time criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Specifies ranges of times during which the request occurred.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|---|--|
| match Operator | enum | Specifies how to define the range of time. | |
| | BEGINNING | The duration is indefinite, using the value of beginDate . | |
| | BETWEEN | Sets a single range between two dates, using the values of beginDate and endDate . | |
| | LASTING | Sets a single range, but based on duration relative to the starting time. It relies on the values of lastingDate and lastingDuration . | |
| | REPEATING | Allows a LASTING -style range to repeat at regular intervals. It relies on the values of repeat BeginDate , repeatDuration , and repeatInterval . | |
| repeat Interval | string (duration) | Sets the time between each repeating time period's starting points. | match Operator is REPEATING |
| repeat Duration | string (duration) | Sets the duration of each repeating time period. | match Operator is REPEATING |
| lasting Duration | string (duration) | Specifies the end of a time period as a duration relative to the lastingDate . | match Operator is LASTING |
| lasting Date | string (timestamp) | Sets the start of a fixed time period. | match Operator is LASTING |
| repeat Begin Date | string (timestamp) | Sets the start of the initial time period. | match Operator is REPEATING |
| apply Daylight Savings Time | boolean | Adjusts the start time plus repeat interval to account for daylight saving time. Applies when the current time and the start time use different systems, daylight and standard, and the two values are in conflict. | match Operator is REPEATING |
| begin Date | string (timestamp) | Sets the start of a time period. | match Operator is BEGINNING OR match Operator is BETWEEN |
| endDate | string (timestamp) | Sets the end of a fixed time period. | match Operator is BETWEEN |

tokenAuthorization

- **Property Manager name:** [Token Verification Result](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the tokenAuthorization criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Match on Auth Token 2.0 verification results.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|----------|
| matchOperator | enum | Error match scope. | |
| | IS_SUCCESS | No errors occurred. | |
| | IS_CUSTOM_FAILURE | Match any error in statusList . | |
| | IS_ANY_FAILURE | Any error occurred. | |

userAgent

- **Property Manager name:** [User Agent](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the userAgent criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches the user agent string that helps identify the client browser and device.

| Option | Type | Description |
|---------------|---------------|---|
| matchOperator | enum | Matches the specified set of values when set to IS_ONE_OF , otherwise IS_NOT_ONE_OF reverses the match. |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches any of the specified values . |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Does not match any of the specified values . |

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------------|--------------|---|
| values | string array | The <code>User-Agent</code> header's value. For example, <code>Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1)</code> . |
| match Wildcard | boolean | Allows wildcards in the <code>value</code> field, where <code>?</code> matches a single character and <code>*</code> matches zero or more characters. For example, <code>*Android*</code> , <code>*iPhone5*</code> , <code>*Firefox*</code> , or <code>*Chrome*</code> allow substring matches. |
| match Case Sensitive | boolean | Sets a case-sensitive match for the <code>value</code> field. |

userLocation

- **Property Manager name:** [User Location Data](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `userLocation` criteria v1.2.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

The client browser's approximate geographic location, determined by looking up the IP address in a database.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---------------------|---------------|---|--------------------|
| field | enum | Indicates the geographic scope. | |
| | COUNTRY | Country. | |
| | CONTINENT | Continent. | |
| | REGION | States or provinces within a country. | |
| match Operator | enum | Matches the specified set of values when set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> reverses the match. | |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches any of the specified <code>values</code> . | |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_OF | Does not match any of the specified <code>values</code> . | |
| country Values | string array | ISO 3166-1 country codes, such as <code>US</code> or <code>CN</code> . | field is COUNTRY |
| continent Values | string array | Continent codes. | field is CONTINENT |
| | AF | Africa. | |
| | AS | Asia. | |
| | EU | Europe. | |
| | NA | North America. | |
| | OC | Oceania. | |
| | OT | Antarctica. | |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|---|--------------|--|---|
| | SA | South America. | |
| region Values | string array | ISO 3166 country and region codes, for example <code>US:MA</code> for Massachusetts or <code>JP:13</code> for Tokyo. | field is REGION |
| checkIps | enum | Specifies which IP addresses determine the user's location. | |
| | BOTH | Behaves like <code>HEADERS</code> , but also considers the connecting client's IP address. | |
| | CONNECTING | Considers the connecting client's IP address. | |
| | HEADERS | Considers IP addresses specified in the <code>X-Forwarded-For</code> header, succeeding if any of them match. | |
| useOnly First XForwarded ForIp | boolean | When connecting via a proxy server as determined by the <code>X-Forwarded-For</code> header, enabling this option matches the end client specified in the header. Disabling it matches the connecting client's IP address. | checkIps is either: BOTH , HEADERS |

userNetwork

- **Property Manager name:** [User Network Data](#)
- **Criteria version:** The `v2023-01-05` rule format supports the `userNetwork` criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches details of the network over which the request was made, determined by looking up the IP address in a database.

| Option | Type | Description | Requires |
|-------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|
| field | enum | The type of information to match. | |
| | NETWORK | A specific network. | |
| | NETWORK_ TYPE | A more general <code>NETWORK_TYPE</code> . | |
| | BANDWIDTH | Bandwidth. | |
| match Operator | enum | Matches the specified set of values when set to <code>IS_ONE_OF</code> , otherwise <code>IS_NOT_ONE_OF</code> reverses the match. | |
| | IS_ONE_OF | Matches any of the specified <code>values</code> . | |
| | IS_NOT_ONE_ OF | Does not match any of the specified <code>values</code> . | |
| network Values | string array | Any set of specific networks. | field is NETWORK |

| Option | Type | Description | Requires | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| | | Supported values: <table> <tr><td>@NIFTY</td><td>COLT</td><td>INFOSPHERE</td><td>ROGERS</td></tr> <tr><td>AIRTEL</td><td>COMCAST</td><td>JANET</td><td>SASKTEL</td></tr> <tr><td>ALPHA_INTERNET</td><td>COMPLETEL</td><td>JAZZTELL</td><td>SEEDNET</td></tr> <tr><td>ALTITUDE_TELECOM</td><td>COMPUSERVE</td><td>JUSTNET</td><td>SEIKYO_INTERNET</td></tr> <tr><td>AOL</td><td>COVAD</td><td>LIVEDOOR</td><td>SFR</td></tr> <tr><td>ARNET</td><td>DION</td><td>MCI</td><td>SHAW</td></tr> <tr><td>ASAHI</td><td>DIRECTV</td><td>MEDIACOM</td><td>SOFTLAYER</td></tr> <tr><td>ATT</td><td>DREAMNET</td><td>MEDIA_ONE</td><td>SO_NET</td></tr> <tr><td>AWS</td><td>DTAG</td><td>MICROSOFT</td><td>SPRINT</td></tr> <tr><td>BELLALIAN</td><td>DTI</td><td>MIL</td><td>SUDDENLINK</td></tr> <tr><td>BELL_CANADA</td><td>EARTHLINK</td><td>NERIM</td><td>TALKTALK</td></tr> <tr><td>BIGLOBE</td><td>EASYNET</td><td>NEWNET</td><td>TEKSAAVY</td></tr> <tr><td>BITMAILER</td><td>EITC</td><td>NUMERICABLE</td><td>TELEFONICA</td></tr> <tr><td>BOUYGUES</td><td>ETISALAT</td><td>OCN</td><td>TELSTRA</td></tr> <tr><td>BRIGHT_HOUSE</td><td>EUROCIBER</td><td>ODN</td><td>TERRA_MEXICO</td></tr> <tr><td>BSKYB</td><td>FASTWEB</td><td>ONO</td><td>TI</td></tr> <tr><td>BT</td><td>FIBERTEL</td><td>PANASONIC_HI_HO</td><td>TIKITIKI</td></tr> <tr><td>CABLEONE</td><td>FRANCE_TELECOM</td><td>PLALA</td><td>TIME_WARNER</td></tr> <tr><td>CABLEVISION</td><td>FREE</td><td>PLUSNET</td><td>TISCALI</td></tr> <tr><td>CERNET</td><td>FREECOM</td><td>PRODIGY</td><td>TURK_TELEKOM</td></tr> <tr><td>CHARTER</td><td>FRONTIER</td><td>QWEST</td><td>T_MOBILE</td></tr> <tr><td>CHINANET</td><td>GOOGLECLOUD</td><td>RCN</td><td>UNI2</td></tr> <tr><td>CHINA_MOBILE</td><td>H3G</td><td>REDIRIS</td><td>UNINET</td></tr> <tr><td>CHINA_UNICOM</td><td>HINET</td><td>RENATER</td><td>UPC</td></tr> <tr><td>CLEARWIRE</td><td>IBM</td><td>RESERVED</td><td>USEMB</td></tr> <tr><td>COGECO</td><td>IDECNET</td><td>RETEVISION</td><td>UUNET</td></tr> <tr><td>COLOCROSSING</td><td>IJ4U</td><td>ROAD_RUNNER</td><td>VERIZON</td></tr> </table> | @NIFTY | COLT | INFOSPHERE | ROGERS | AIRTEL | COMCAST | JANET | SASKTEL | ALPHA_INTERNET | COMPLETEL | JAZZTELL | SEEDNET | ALTITUDE_TELECOM | COMPUSERVE | JUSTNET | SEIKYO_INTERNET | AOL | COVAD | LIVEDOOR | SFR | ARNET | DION | MCI | SHAW | ASAHI | DIRECTV | MEDIACOM | SOFTLAYER | ATT | DREAMNET | MEDIA_ONE | SO_NET | AWS | DTAG | MICROSOFT | SPRINT | BELLALIAN | DTI | MIL | SUDDENLINK | BELL_CANADA | EARTHLINK | NERIM | TALKTALK | BIGLOBE | EASYNET | NEWNET | TEKSAAVY | BITMAILER | EITC | NUMERICABLE | TELEFONICA | BOUYGUES | ETISALAT | OCN | TELSTRA | BRIGHT_HOUSE | EUROCIBER | ODN | TERRA_MEXICO | BSKYB | FASTWEB | ONO | TI | BT | FIBERTEL | PANASONIC_HI_HO | TIKITIKI | CABLEONE | FRANCE_TELECOM | PLALA | TIME_WARNER | CABLEVISION | FREE | PLUSNET | TISCALI | CERNET | FREECOM | PRODIGY | TURK_TELEKOM | CHARTER | FRONTIER | QWEST | T_MOBILE | CHINANET | GOOGLECLOUD | RCN | UNI2 | CHINA_MOBILE | H3G | REDIRIS | UNINET | CHINA_UNICOM | HINET | RENATER | UPC | CLEARWIRE | IBM | RESERVED | USEMB | COGECO | IDECNET | RETEVISION | UUNET | COLOCROSSING | IJ4U | ROAD_RUNNER | VERIZON | |
| @NIFTY | COLT | INFOSPHERE | ROGERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AIRTEL | COMCAST | JANET | SASKTEL | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ALPHA_INTERNET | COMPLETEL | JAZZTELL | SEEDNET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ALTITUDE_TELECOM | COMPUSERVE | JUSTNET | SEIKYO_INTERNET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AOL | COVAD | LIVEDOOR | SFR | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ARNET | DION | MCI | SHAW | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAHI | DIRECTV | MEDIACOM | SOFTLAYER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ATT | DREAMNET | MEDIA_ONE | SO_NET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| AWS | DTAG | MICROSOFT | SPRINT | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BELLALIAN | DTI | MIL | SUDDENLINK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BELL_CANADA | EARTHLINK | NERIM | TALKTALK | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BIGLOBE | EASYNET | NEWNET | TEKSAAVY | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BITMAILER | EITC | NUMERICABLE | TELEFONICA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BOUYGUES | ETISALAT | OCN | TELSTRA | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BRIGHT_HOUSE | EUROCIBER | ODN | TERRA_MEXICO | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BSKYB | FASTWEB | ONO | TI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| BT | FIBERTEL | PANASONIC_HI_HO | TIKITIKI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CABLEONE | FRANCE_TELECOM | PLALA | TIME_WARNER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CABLEVISION | FREE | PLUSNET | TISCALI | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CERNET | FREECOM | PRODIGY | TURK_TELEKOM | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHARTER | FRONTIER | QWEST | T_MOBILE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHINANET | GOOGLECLOUD | RCN | UNI2 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHINA_MOBILE | H3G | REDIRIS | UNINET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CHINA_UNICOM | HINET | RENATER | UPC | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| CLEARWIRE | IBM | RESERVED | USEMB | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COGECO | IDECNET | RETEVISION | UUNET | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| COLOCROSSING | IJ4U | ROAD_RUNNER | VERIZON | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| bandwidth Values | string array | Bandwidth range in bits per second, either 1 , 57 , 257 , 1000 , 2000 , or 5000 . | field is BANDWIDTH | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| checklps | enum | Specifies which IP addresses determine the user's network. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | BOTH | Behaves like HEADERS , but also considers the connecting client's IP address. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | CONNECTING | Considers the connecting client's IP address. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | HEADERS | Considers IP addresses specified in the X-Forwarded-For header, succeeding if any of them match. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| useOnly First XForwarded ForIp | boolean | When connecting via a proxy server as determined by the X-Forwarded-For header, enabling this option matches the end client specified in the header. Disabling it matches the connecting client's IP address. | checklps is either: BOTH , HEADERS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

variableError

- **Property Manager name:** [Variable Error](#)
- **Criteria version:** The v2023-01-05 rule format supports the variableError criteria v1.1.
- **Rule format status:** [Deprecated, outdated rule format](#)
- **Access:** [Read-write](#)
- **Allowed in includes:** [Yes](#)

Matches any runtime errors that occur on edge servers based on the configuration of a `setVariable` behavior. See [Support for variables](#) section for more information on this feature.

| Option | Type | Description |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| result | boolean | Matches errors for the specified set of <code>variableNames</code> , otherwise matches errors from variables outside that set. |
| variable Names | string array | The name of the variable whose error triggers the match, or a space- or comma-delimited list of more than one variable name. Note that if you define a variable named <code>VAR</code> , the name in this field needs to appear with its added prefix as <code>PMUSER_VAR</code> . When such a variable is inserted into other fields, it appears with an additional namespace as <code>{{user.PMUSER_VAR}}</code> . See the setVariable behavior for details on variable names. |

Notice

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